Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, January 9, 1869.

STATEMENT CORRECTED.

The statement telegraphed to some newspapers that Chauncey H. Snow, of the *National Intelligencer*, had been appointed Commissioner to examine the Union Pacific Railroad, in place of Cornelius Wendell, resigned, is not true. He has been appointed Director of that road, vice J. S. Rollins, of Missouri, resigned.

FINANCIAL MATTERS.

The fractional currency printed during the week amounted to $716,500; shipments, $442,315. National Bank currency issued, $121,010; amount in circulation, $29,982,679; fractional currency destroyed, $624,400. Receipts from December 21st to 31st, inclusive, $3,111,407.

JUDGE BUSTEED.

WASHINGTON, January 10.—The statement that about $50,000 stands to the credit of Judge Busteed, in the Bank of Mobile, is untrue. Judge Busteed expresses his conviction that the Committee on Judiciary will dismiss all charges against him as unfounded and frivolous.

DR. MUDD, THE CONSPIRATOR.

The petition for the pardon of Dr. Samuel Mudd, addressed to the President and signed by Democratic Senators and Representatives, has been placed in the proper channel for consideration.

TENNESSEE.

The Recent Tragedy in Memphis—Aid to Mississippi River Railroad—The Legislature—The Franchise Law.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, January 9.—The Grand Jury to-day found a true bill against S. A. Doran for murder in the first degree for killing Edwin Whitfield yesterday. Doran was removed from the station house to the jail and a heavy guard placed around it last night. But for this doubtless he would have been lynched.

The Board of County Commissioners yesterday subscribed $300,000 to aid in the construction of the Mississippi River Railroad hence to Paducah. Active measures are being taken by the friends of the Road to secure its completion, with good prospects of success.

NASHVILLE, January 9.—Mr. Richards, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and delegate to the Chicago Convention for the State at large, introduced a bill in the House, to be submitted to a vote of the people, authorizing the Convention to be composed of members of the present Legislature, to convene on the 22d of February, to enfranchise the disfranchised people of the State. The bill came up in the House to-day. Mr. Richards made an able speech in support of it. The bill, after debate, was indefinitely postponed. Mr. Richards is a thorough National Republican, advocated in 1866 the bill allowing colored people to testify in Court, and voted for their enfranchisement; but the majority in the House differ with him on the suffrage question. Admitting his ability and trustworthiness, they do not think the time for general enfranchisement has arrived. The subject will hereafter come up in another shape. The Ku-Klux have much to do with the state of feeling on the franchise question.

BALTIMORE.

Peddling Without State License—Important Decision of the Maryland Supreme Court.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, January 9.—Chief Justice Scott of the Supreme bench of this city, assigned to the Baltimore City Court, to-day delivered an opinion in the *habeas corpus* case of Henry Drescher, non-resident trader. Drescher is a resident of Newark, N. J., and was arrested and committed to jail December 11th, charged with violating the act of General Assembly of Maryland which forbids any person, not a resident of the State, offering or exposing for sale goods, wares, &c., without first obtaining a license to do so.

The petition alleges that he is a citizen of the State of New Jersey, and claims that he is not liable under said act,

First, Because the act in question is in violation of the 8th and 10th sections of the first article of the Constitution, and

Second, Because said act is in violation of the 2d section of article 4 of the Constitution of the United States.

Judge Scott decides that the Constitution of the United States does not give any control to Congress over the domestic trade of the States, and concludes as follows: "I am of the opinion that our State act in question is not in violation of the Constitution of the United States, and that the petitioner has no cause of complaint. It is therefore adjudged and ordered that the petition be dismissed and that the petitioner be remanded to the custody of the Warden until discharged in due course of law. The prisoner can be admitted to bail any time." Dorscher was accordingly recommitted.

MEXICO.

Earthquake at Colima—Hills Leveled and Trees Uprooted—Loss of Life by Falling Buildings.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 9.—A letter from Colima, Mexico, gives an account of a terrible earthquake experienced in that city on the morning of December 20th. For several days previous the volcano of Colima, thirty miles from the city, exhibited symptoms of internal commotion, sending forth smoke and steam, accompanied by rumblings and shakings of the earth, and on the morning of the 20th by a gentle rocking of the earth, which gradually increased in violence until the walls cracked and everything breakable in the houses was demolished. The vibration, from the northeast to the southwest, lasted nearly forty seconds. The cathedral, warehouses and brick buildings cracked from top to bottom. People started from their sleep and and rushed frantically for the Plaza.

It is reported that several persons were killed by the falling of the National Hotel. The shock was felt for a long distance in the interior. In several places the ground opened, trees were uprooted, hills leveled, water courses changed, and a general upheaving of the earth took place. At the city of Manzanillo, the Cathedral building, which had stood the shocks of earthquakes and storms for over a century, was riven from top to bottom. Even the tiles on the roof were broken. Some eighteen or twenty persons were crushed by the falling walls. At the American Hotel three others were buried in the ruins.

NEW YORK CITY.

The United States Senatorship—Naturalization Frauds Investigation—An Alleged Murderer Surrenders Himself—Breaking Up of the Ice in the Hudson Anticipated.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, January 9, 1869.

The *Tribune* to-day supports Marshall O. Roberts for United States Senator. The *Sun* understands there is a movement on foot to bring forward Hon. Ransom Balcom, Judge of the Supreme Court in the Sixth district, as a fourth or fifth competitor.

Henry R. Pierson, President of the Brooklyn City Railroad, has accepted the office of Financial Manager of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad, and will make the city of Chicago his future home.

Dr. Howe, on behalf of the Cretan Relief Committee, appeals to the public not to be misled by lying Turkish reports, but to give the Crotans sympathy and abundant succor.

The *Evening Telegram* asserts that three or four of the witnesses taken before the Congressional Committee of Investigation in this city are notorious English thieves, counterfeiters and burglars; that they were the parties arrested by the Sheriff at the order of the District Attorney, and that they were subsequently recognized by the police. One of them, rumor has it, says the *Telegram*, volunteered information that they received fifty dollars apiece for their information concerning election frauds.

Hon. A. J. Rogers has been appointed public administrator of the city of New York, and has taken the oath of office.

Eight Missionaries, bound to China and Japan, sailed in the California steamer to-day.

The dry goods firm which failed in Boston yesterday is stated to be Lowrie, Blood & Hammond.

Jas. Logan, who is charged with having murdered Chas. M. Rogers, in 12th street, on Thursday, December 31st, this morning walked into the 20th police precinct, and surrendered himself to the officer in charge. The police claim the evidence in their possession is sufficient to insure the conviction of the prisoner.

An extensive thaw has prevailed at all points along the Hudson for the last week and all the streams leading into the river are greatly swollen. All along the river crossing is very dangerous. From Rhinebeck to this city there are many large cracks, extending from shore to shore. Boatmen and other experienced river men fear a sudden movement of the ice, unless the weather should soon change. To-night the weather is growing colder and there are indications that the thaw is about over.

Arrived, steamers Etna and China, from Liverpool.

Among the witnesses said to have been examined before the Congressional Committee to investigate the alleged election frauds in this city were Gov. Hoffman, Judge McCunn, Hon. Wm. M. Tweed, Hon. Chas. E. Loew and others. Mr. Loew testified that naturalization papers were issued by him only to such persons as had appeared before a Judge authorized to confer naturalization upon them. The action of Sheriff O'Brien has created some feeling among members of the Committee, and it is said they will present it to Congress next week. The Committee a short time ago held a session in the County Clerk's office, where they examined the naturalization papers on file.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—The *World* publishes a statement of Sheriff O'Brien relative to his arrest of witnesses in attendance upon the Congressional Committee to investigate the alleged election frauds in this State. The Sheriff states that the Committee sent for him on Friday afternoon to come over, that a man was swearing to things reflecting upon his character. He told the Committee some of the men outside waiting to testify were thieves, and that Col. Wood sent them over to testify against him. He asked the Committee for permission to take them to the Sixth ward station house, before Capt. Jourdan, who would identify them. After some hesitation they consented. He took three men down to the station house and Capt. Jourdan told him privately that they hung about with thieves, but did not like to say anything about it. He accuses Marshal Murray of hiring thieves to swear away respectable men's character.

James Logan, charged with the murder of Mr. Chas. M. Rogers, and who last evening surrendered himself to the police, continues to manifest apparent unconcern and professes the utmost confidence of being able to prove his innocence. From statements made by the detectives to-day it would seem that they begin to entertain doubts as to the guilt of Logan, and think the circumstances pointing to him as the guilty party are susceptible of an explanation compatible with his innocence. It is said that Logan's sister and other reputable witnesses will prove that he was at the house of his brother-in-law when the crime was committed. Another person charged with the murder was arrested to-day, but subsequently, after an examination, was discharged.

The steamship Allemania, from Hamburg via Southampton, has arrived.

ST. LOUIS.

Excitement Among the "Fancy" Concerning the Forthcoming Prize Fight—Suit for Damages.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, January 10.—There is a good deal of excitement among the fancy here in relation to the prize fight to come off next Tuesday between Wm. M. Davis and Tom Allen. The battle field has not been determined upon, but it is understood that it will take place on an island in the Mississippi river, above Alton, Illinois, the place where Davis fought McCoole. A steamer for the convevance of the principals and spectators will leave the levee at seven o'clock Tuesday morning. It is reported that a fight between Charley Gallagher and Jim Elliott will be fought in the same ring, and a light weight contest will also take place between George Looney and Jimmy Adams; but nothing seems to be definitely known in regard to the matter. Quite a large number of sports are here from abroad, among them several renowned fightists.

James A. Boyd has brought suit against the city for ten thousand dollars for injuries received from falling in a hole in one of the street pavements.

Florida Affairs.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TALLAHASSE, January 10.—In the Senate yesterday Lieutenant Governor Gleason, in vacating the Presidential chair called on Mr. Meacham, colored member, to fill it. Mr. Gleason then retired and sent in his resignation as President of the Senate, which was accepted. The Lieutenant Governor being a State officer, and by a provision of the Constitution the President of the Senate, the proceeding is deemed irregular and of no value, as the resignation should have gone through the Executive Department to the Senate, and the question arises whether he can resign the functions of the office alone.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

The Paris Conference on the Eastern Question—Peaceful Result Looked For—The Chinese Embassy in France—Preference for Espartero as the Head of the Spanish Government.

FRANCE.

PARIS, January 18.—The Conference for the settlement of the dispnte between Greece and Turkey met in this city yesterday. Their first session was a long one, commencing at four o'clock in the afternoon and terminating at eleven o'clock at night. The Greek and Turkish representatives both manifested a very conciliatory disposition and a peaceful result to the deliberations of the Conference is looked forward to with confidence. The next session will take place on Tuesday, January 12th.

The official journal says the Embassadors of China, now in this city, are receiving every honor and attention, and declares that Mr. Burlingame's position on the Embassy is entirely satisfactory to the Emperor. The Embassadors will have a formal audience with the Emperor at an early day.

SPAIN.

MADRID, January 9.—A grand banquet was given at Seville last evening. All the municipal officers of that city and many other notables were present. One of the features of the banquet was a complimentary telegram, which was sent to Espartero, wherein the guests expressed their preference for him at the head of State, whatever the decision of the Cortes may be relative to the future form of government.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 9.—The Greek Blue Book, copies of which have been received here, contains a statement that Gen. Ignatez, the Russian Embassador to the Sultan's Court, had assured Mr. De Lyannis, the Greek Minister here, that the Sublime Porte would not repress any action of Greece in reference to Crete.

MARINE NEWS.

QUEENSTOWN, Jan. 9.—The steamer Australasian, from New York, arrived this morning.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

ANTWERP, January 9.—Petroleum firmer at 54a55 francs.

FRANKFORT, January 9.—Five-twenties closed at 79¼.

PARIS, January 9.—Bourse quiet. Rentes 70fr. 40c.

LONDON, January 9.—Consols money 92¾a92⅞; account, 92⅞; five-twenties, 75; Erie, 20¾; Illinois, 96. Stocks steady.

LIVERPOOL, January 9.—Cotton active; Middling uplands, 11⅛a11¼; Orleans, 11¼a11⅜; sales 2,000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet, California white wheat 11s. 12da12s.; Red West, 10s.a10s. 2d.; Flour 28s. Corn 27s. for old, and 35s. for new. Pork, 92s. 6d. Beef, 105s. Lard, 73s. Cheese, 71s. Bacon, 56s. 6d. Petroleum unchanged. Tallow, 46s. 9d.

FRANKFORT, January 10.—U. S. bonds quoted to-day at 79⅛.

HAVRE, January 9—*Evening*.—Cotton closed buoyant at 128f. 50c. for *tres ordinaire* on the spot, and 129f. for low middling to arrive.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Cov. Claflin, of Massachusetts, was inaugurated on Saturday.

—Mail advices confirm previous reports of the submission of the Cretans to Turkish authority.

—Sweeney's grain elevator, at Bloomington, Illinois, was burned on Friday night of last week.

—W. H. Carswell, who murdered Abby Sanders, a little girl, was executed at Rome, N. Y., on the 8th inst.

Patrick Doody, lately confined in the jail at Ottawa, Canada, on suspicion of Fenianism, died on Saturday.

—Charles Westmoreland, bearer of the electoral vote of California, died of smallpox at Panama, December 31st.

—Rogers & Owens' foundry, in Philadelphia, was damaged by fire on the evening of the 7th, to the amount of $8,000.

—Advices from Sandwich Islands state that the slave trade is openly carried on between the Islands and the coast of South America.

—At a meeting of the merchants of Montreal, Canada, respecting the so-called silver nuisance, Mr. Wer's plan to export two millions of silver was unanimously adopted.

—Jabob Beekt, proprietor of the barber shop and bath rooms in the Sherman House block, Chicago, died so suddenly on Sunday morning, that foul play is suspected.

—The N. Y., *Post* publishes a letter from Dr. Samuel G. Howe, saying the latest reliable news from the interior of Crete indicates that the insurrection was in full blast, with no talk or thought of submission.

—Munketrick, the Magistrate who was arrested in Canada charged with conspiracy to release Bogart, who was arrested under the Extradition act, has been liberated on bail. A large portion of the money stolen by Bogart has been recovered.

—McDivitt, of Chicago, declines Dion's challenge to play three push shot American billiard games of 1,500 or 2,000 points, for two thousand dollars a side each game—the first in Chicago, second in Montreal, and the third in New York. He will only play the push shot game, for five thousand dollars a side, in Chicago.

—In the Kentucky House of Representatives, on Saturday, a joint resolution was introduced, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Federal Relations, respectfully requesting Congress to remove all political disabilities that may have attached to any citizen of Kentucky by virtue of the Fourteenth Constitutional Amendment.

—General Sherman having received information that four hundred lodges of Camanche Indians had arrived at Fort Bascom, New Mexico, and desired to surrender, he notified them that no surrender would be accepted except at Fort Cobb, the object being to have all the tribes on the plains within watching distance of General Sheridan.

—Late Alaska advices state that a portion of the garrison buildings, at the mouth of Stickeen river, were destroyed by fire. Captain Kenhey, of the United States army, committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart. News from Queen Charlotte coal mine is encouraging. Sitka is nearly depopulated. Some three hundred people left for St. Petersburg in December.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

The Erie combinations are said to include, by lease or other arrangements with more than fifteen hundred miles of affiliated roads, an aggregate already provided for of two thousand one hundred and seventeen miles of broad-gauge railway, to be operated substantially, if not actually, under one single management. This combination now connects New York with Chicago, and if reports be true, is soon to grasp with a firm hold upon Omaha, the terminus of the Pacific Railway. The world looks upon the expanding bubble with admiration for its brilliant hues, and patiently waits for the inevitable burst.

A scrip dividend of fifteen per cent. in Cleveland and Pittsburgh stock, soon to be declared, is talked of on Wall street. The new Board is said to stand nine for Erie and three for the old management.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* states that "the Pennsylvania Railroad Company have obtained possession of the Cincinnati, Wilmington and Zanesville Railroad, and after the completion of some additional work will give an uninterrupted through line." The announcement does not surprise us. We have long wondered why that road, with its splendid alignment, and really immense resources, has not been sooner picked up by one or the other of the great competing Trunk-line corporations. The through line spoken of will be completed by supplying one link of sixteen miles between Dresden and Zanesville, and another, of thirty-five miles, from Morrow to the western part of Cincinnati. The Fort Wayne might have secured, in the one hundred and thirty miles of the Wilmington road already in operation, a Cincinnati connection of its own, by completing its Millersburg branch, fifty-two miles, to Zanesville—and the Wilmington bargain has been at its command for years. It has now lost that opportunity.

It is reported, both from New York and Cincinnati, that the Erie managers, failing to secure the control of the C. H. & D. road, are about to contract for the construction of another road, to be an air-line from Cincinnati to Dayton, thus supplying the last gap in the broad-gauge connection between New York and St. Louis. Such a fact would explain the decisive movement of the Pennsylvania Company in now grasping the Wilmington line, which may be consolidated with the Pan-Handle road at any moment, and thus secure the connection of Cincinnati with Pittsburgh, for the first time, in an unbroken line, under one management and one proprietorship. This makes the Pennsylvania Company, with its affiliated interests, for the first time entirely independent of the Baltimore & Ohio (Central Ohio division) from Newark to Columbus, of the C. C. & C. from Crestline to Columbus, and of the L. M. and C. & X. from Columbus to Cincinnati. The connection with the latter point has hitherto been entirely at the mercy of the three corporations named, one of which is notoriously unfriendly to the Pennsylvania interest, and the two others are quite too wealthy, powerful and self confident to be always profitable and reliable allies.

As things now look, the Great Central Trunk line from Pittsburgh south westward is soon to abandon the Columbus route. Following the Pan Handle to Dresden, and thence to Zanesville, it will penetrate a rich mineral district and then pass through Fairfield, Pickaway, Clinton, Fayette and Warren counties, the wealthiest agricultural and stock-raising counties of Ohio, deriving large returns from its local traffic, lending a powerful impetus to the development of the material resources of a region which has suffered from the lack of facilities for its through business to the sea-board, turning to account unrivalled advantages of alignment which have been so long and strangely neglected, and vindicating, at last, the sagacity which, eighteen years since, anticipated the result now about to be accomplished.

That the new line will defy competition is evident when we consider that it will bring Pittsburgh and Cincinnati within a ten hours connection by express trains. From this fact, also, the merits of the new line, for freight traffic, may be inferred. Zanesville, Lancaster and Circleville will find themselves in the railway world once more, and we congratulate their citizens upon the flattering prospect before them, if this programme be realized.

Washington Gossip.

The Reconstruction Committee still have under consideration the question whether the election held in Mississippi for the ratification of the new Constitution was a fair one. Governor Sharkey was before the committee this morning. It is believed the committee will make a report to the House recommending that the election be set aside.

Advices from Alabama represent that affairs in that State continue in a deplorable condition, and that murders of Union men voting for Grant continue to be of almost daily occurrence. Several leading Republicans at Huntsville have been warned to leave the State by members of the Ku-Klux organization, or be summarily dealt with at an early day.

General Grant's attention has been called to this condition of affairs, and it is expected he will give the necessary orders to the military to arrest all the violators of the peace. It is represented that the civil authorities are unable to afford protection to Union men.

A powerful lobby is organizing here to defeat Senator Sherman's Railroad bill, which provides for chartering three new roads out of Washington. Nearly all the officers of the roads between Washington and New York are here, endeavoring, through personal efforts and the use of money with the lobby, to defeat the bill, which takes out of their hands the great monopoly controling the entrance to the national capital. The feeling is very strong, and from present indications Sherman's bill will be passed by a large majority.

DEATH OF HON. J. MINOR BOTTS.

The death of the eminent gentleman whose name heads this article was announced in these columns on Saturday. His passing away has caused much sorrow to the loyal people of the entire country, who looked upon him as one of the few monuments left standing to tell that all the Southern people did not prove false to the Union in its hour of trial and theirs of temptation. A man of much force, decided ability, and tenacity to principle, he ever held the golden opinions of his fellow-citizens throughout the country, but never more so than when he stood conspicuous for loyalty in the face of treason and rebellion. His life affords ample study. Had he been less true to that which he believed right, less daring in denouncing what he held to be wrong, less loyal to his country and less courageous in espousing its cause, he might have been spared much trouble and vexatious persecution during the later years of his sojourn in this world. But after all, his unyielding stand on the side of his government, brought comfort in his dying hours, knowing that he had remained faithful among the faithless, and never by thought, word or act, had stained his record as citizen or statesman, even though breathing the atmosphere of treason, and deserted by dearest friends, and by them persecuted and hated, because, forsooth, he could not lose sight of his allegiance to the Union and its flag and join the enemy in the attempt to divide the one and disgrace the other in the eyes of the whole world.

He was born at Dumfries, Prince William county, Virginia, on the 16th of September, 1802. Soon after his birth his parents removed first to Fredericksburg and afterward to Richmond, where they perished in the great conflagration of the theater in 1811. After the death of his parents Mr. Botts was sent to school, and at the early age of 18 was admitted to the bar. After devoting six years to the practice of his profession he retired to his farm, at Henrico, Virginia, and employed his time in agricultural pursuits and study. In 1833 he was elected to the Legislature, and in 1834, when the Whig party assumed definite form, he became one of its most ardent and prominent supporters. In 1839 he was returned to the XXVIIth Congress, and became an earnest advocate of most of Henry Clay's measures, among which may be mentioned a national bank, a protective tariff, and a distribution of the public lands to the several States. In addition to the political support which he afforded Mr. Clay, he was also his warm personal friend, and to the day of the death of the Great Commoner this friendship continued. In 1839 he was a delegate to the Convention at Harrisburg, Pa., which nominated General Harrison.

Soon after the accession of Mr. Tyler to office, Mr. Botts took the occasion to sound him as to his political opinions, and finding that he had seceded from the Whig party he abandoned him, feeling that to adhere to a man who had forfeited his word in one instance would be rendering himself to further treachery. Previous to the interview in which the discovery was made, Mr. Botts had numbered Mr. Tyler among his most intimate friends. After the interview he wrote a letter to a friend in which he intimated that it would be necessary to "look after Capt. Tyler." In the Presidential campaign he used his influence in favor of Mr. Clay. In the Congress of 1843 Mr. Botts was left out, but in 1844 he was again elected for the third time. On the expiration of this term he retired to private life, and has since held no official position. When Mr. Clay died, and the old Whig party became extinct, Mr. Botts became identified with the American or Know-nothing party, by which a futile attempt was made in 1859 to nominate him for the Presidency.

In 1852 he resumed the practice of his profession at Richmond, and as he was known as a man of great talent and legal ability, he met with much success. When the war broke out he was still at Richmond, but after in vain using his utmost endeavors to prevent the State of Virginia from taking the suicidal step of secession, he retired to his farm and there resided throughout the war, an object of hatred to the rebels. In March, 1882, General Winder, whose name has become notorious in connection with the Andersonville brutalities, made a descent on the residence of Mr. Botts with one hundred men, and because he was a consistent Union man, arrested him and conveyed him to prison, where he was held in solitary confinement for eight months. The alleged reason was that Mr. Botts was thought by the Confederate government to be engaged on the secret history of the Confederacy; but as a strict search failed to disclose any of the documents pertaining to the said history, and as the release of Mr. Botts was not ordered when it was found that he had been engaged in no treasonable work against the so-called Confederacy, it is fair to presume that the prosecution was prompted by the motive above stated, and not by any fear of a secret history.

After the defeat and surrender of Gen. Lee, in 1865, Mr. Botts became deeply interested in political affairs, laboring earnestly and faithfully for the early restoration of the State to the Union. But his Unionism during the war was a bar to his success, and his suggestions were either totally disregarded, or, where they chanced to coincide with the interest of the "first families" were very reluctantly adopted. In 1866, when the Convention of Southern loyalists was held, Mr. Botts was one of its most prominent members, and a year afterward he became one of the sureties of Jefferson Davis. Of late his energies have been constantly giving way, and although during the late campaign, he expressed an ardent desire to aid in the canvass in favor of Gen. Grant, his physical failings prevented him.

THE Commissioner of Agriculture reports that a system of international agricultural exchanges has been established between his department and the most celebrated Botanic Gardens and Museums of the world. In this country over 20,800 plants have been sent from the experimental garden at Washington to all parts of the United States. As to the disposition of seeds 592,398 packages, including 32,129 sacks of winter wheat, have been distributed.

AN officer of the army, who visited Major General Geo. H. Thomas at his headquarters, the other day, had an interesting conversation with the General, during which the old patriot corrected the general impression which prevails, by stating, in the most emphatic language, that he never was a Democrat in his life.

Emigration to the South.

A Bremen bark recently landed at Charleston a company of 250 able-bodied German mechanics and farm laborers, who were on their way to the Western States, via Baltimore. Efforts, however, have been made in Charleston to induce these industrious foreigners to remain in South Carolina. The newspapers of Charleston state that mechanics are greatly needed throughout the upper part of South Carolina, and that permanent employment would be given to those who would remain. In reference the farm laborers, the following plan is suggested: In the most fertile and healthy sections of the South thousands of acres are lying idle, and in these regions a German family could be employed for a year for the cost of their food and clothing and ten acres of land. These ten acres would be worked by the laborer during the second year, and thus a large quantity of land would be brought into cultivation. The necessity of retaining these 250 Germans by any feasible plan is pressed upon the citizens of South Carolina. The same views in reference to the settlement of emigrants have been expressed in Mississippi, and resolutions inviting strangers to Madison county were passed at a large meeting of citizens, held in the county town, Canton.

New York Items.

During the past ten days failures to the extent of about ten million dollars, have occurred in this city in the dry goods trade. Other houses are reported in an unsafe condition, and additional suspensions are predicted.

About sixty or seventy brokers, who loaned money at exorbitant rates, last week, returned the illegal interest to-day, fearing they would be prosecuted and deprived of the principal.

The members of Plymouth Church are very indignant at the *Herald* for comparing the late sale of pews to stock operations in Wall street, and declaring the church a gospel shop where things are knocked down to the highest bidder.

The Independent Union, McKeon, Mozart and other Democratic factions, are forming a combination against Tammany, and passing resolutions at secret meetings to destroy its power. The factions say Tammany has all the offices and is guilty of all the corruptions, the odium of which the entire party is compelled to bear. The leaders of these factions have tried hard, for some time, to get into the ring, and being unsuccessful they have grown virtuously indignant.

Iron Manufacture.

A Buffalo company have purchased some forty acres of ground near Sharpsville, in Mercer county, and intend to erect a rolling mill and steel works next summer, commencing in the spring. It is also stated that four furnaces located at Sharpsburg are in in full blast, and have capacity to turn out 120 tons of metal each day, consuming about 160 tons of coal every 24 hours.

The ore from which this metal is manufactured is brought from the Lake Superior mines to Erie, and from this point shipped by canal to Sharpsburgh, a distance of some sixty miles. What is not worked at the rolling mills of Sharon and New Castle is sent to Pittsburgh for that purpose; and to work up a portion of the metal made in that section by these other furnaces is the object of the Buffalo company in erecting their works at the point designated. With Pittsburgh south of them, of course the purpose of this company is to find an outlet for their manufactured iron by bringing it to the lakes, and from thence find their distributing point, east and west.—*Meadville Republican*.

LATE letters from Egypt say that the Lord Mayor, the newly appointed Governor of India and Lord Napier visited the canal of Suez, recently, in the company of Ferdinand De Lesseps. They crossed the Isthmus on the schooner Lenville, of the French Navy, the first war vessel which has yet gone from the Mediterranean Sea by water. Seventeen thousand working men were employed on the canal, digging about two millions cubic meters of sand per month. All that remains to complete the canal is to dig twenty millions cubic meters more, which can be easily done in ten months.

THE forty or fifty millions of dollars sent South, from New York, have been or will be absorbed there. The flow of currency in that direction is still going on, but on a diminished scale. More will go in the spring, in the shape of Northern capital, which, under the temptation of the high price of cotton, is seeking investment in that region. Schemes for transporting Northern wealth and labor to the South abound among our men of enterprise. Emigration has set in, and will be large next season.

—The sale of stamps and stamped envelopes at the St. Louis Postoffice last year amounted to $242,406; amount of money orders issued, $208,504; orders paid, $566,981; number of letter carriers employed, 44; mail letters delivered, 4,386,114; local letters delivered, 516,071; newspapers delivered, 1,368,030; letters collected, 3,162,035; newspapers collected, 333,356. This does not include letters and papers delivered through the postoffice bags, and shows a large increase over the business of 1867. The total expenses of this office, including salaries of postal route agents and drafts sent to Postmasters in the interior for balances due them, amounted to $123,706.

—A fire in Cairo, on Saturday, destroyed the clothing and furnishing house of Steinheimer & Marks, and three saloons, belonging to Andrew Kain, Marshall Bambrick, and Patrick Fitzgerald. Total loss about $40,000; insured as follows: North America, $2,000; Hartford, $3,000; Phoenix, $3,000; Ætna, $3,000; Enterprise, $2,500; Security, $1,500; Sangamon, $2,900; Albany, $1,100. Steinheimer & Marks saved about one-third of their stock in a damaged condition.

—A Harvard College student, named Alger, while passing through Boston, Saturday afternoon, engaged in an altercation with an old man named Maxwell, and after talking to him in an insulting manner slapped him in the face. The old man resented by drawing a large jack-knife and plunging it once or twice in the student's bowels, causing wounds which are likely to prove fatal. Maxwell was arrested.

—Three counterfeiters, with a lot of nickel coin and implements to manufacture it, were taken before the United States Commissioner at Cincinnati, on Suturday, and committed to jail in default of bail.

CHICAGO, January 10—*Evening*.—No. 2 spring wheat last night was neglected, closing at $1,15. In Provisions a moderate business was done; sales of 1,000 bbls mess pork, sellers for February, at $29,50, and 5,000 pounds short rib cured loose at 15¾c on the spot; also 100 tierces Lard, sellers for February, at 19¾c.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SIX LITTLE FEET ON THE FENDER.

In my heart there liveth a picture
Of a kitchen, rude and old,
Where the fire light tripped o'er the rafters,
And reddened the roof's brown mold;
Gilding the steam from the kettle
That hummed on the foot-worn hearth,
Throughout all the livelong evening
Its measure of drowsy mirth.

Because of three slight shadows
That frescoed that rude old room—
Because of the voices echoed,
Up 'gainst the rafters' gloom—
Because of the feet on the fender,
Six restless, white little feet—
The thoughts of that dear old kitchen
Are to me so fresh and sweet.

When the first dash on the window
Told of the coming rain,
Oh! where are the fair young faces
That crowded against the pane?
While bits of firelight stealing
Their dimpled cheeks between
Went struggling out in the darkness
In shreds of silver sheen.

Two of the feet grew weary,
One dreary, dismal day,
And we tied them with snow white ribbons,
Leaving him there by the way.
There was *fresh clay* on the fender
That sad and wintry night,
For the *four* little feet had tracked it,
From his grave on the brown hill's height.

Oh! why on this darksome evening,
This evening of rain and sleet,
Rest my feet all alone on the hearthstone!
Oh! where are the other feet?—
Are they treading the pathway of virtue,
That will bring us together above?
Or have they made steps that will dampen
A sister's tireless love?

—CORNIE WILLIAMS LAWS.

EPHEMERIS.

—Montgomery, Alabama, has run out of coal.

—Aldermen in Fall River are paid $100 a year.

—Madame Dudevant is writing a new novel.

—McPherson is writing a life of Thaddeus Stevens.

—In Paris Miss Kellogg was called Quelle 'og.

—There is a female shoemaker in Florence, Mass.

—Stealing marriage certificates is called bond robbery.

—New York has a locomotive which goes without steam.

—Kellogg is said to be tip top, if she is not Alide Topp.

—The underground railroad in New York is said to be quite dead.

—Ole Bull's patent piano has made its appearance in New York.

—Anglo Saxon and Sanscrit are taught at the University of Virginia.

—In Alaska a fine seal skin can be bought for a bottle of whisky and $15.

—Wild cats are bothering the residents n the subiurbs of Madison, Wis.

—Lord Napier has sent one of Theodore's Arabic Bibles to General Grant.

—More than $2,926,900 worth of one cent revenue stamps were sold last year.

—East Rock, at New Haven, has been hollowed out and is now a lager beer vault.

—Eighty-five thousand dollars worth of presents distinguished a recent Chicago wedding.

—Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams have made a fortune of three-quarters of a million dollars.

—Governor Brownlow's paper, the Knoxville *Whig*, is to be a daily hereafter, instead of a weekly.

—The annual auction of pews in Mr. Beecher's church in Brooklyn brought $54,000 this year.

—Helper the Impending Crisis man is employed on a railroad now, his crisis having impended.

—The London *Times* thinks the year closes with the most precarious peace the world ever saw.

—Nova Scotians believe that their gold and coal fields will prove the most productive on the continent.

—On New Year's day the Princess Metternich was dressed in a costume of the court of Henry the Third.

—Walt Whitman is said to be hard at work on a long poem. He should write the libretti for Wagner's music of the future.

—Philadelphia has a new policeman who is six feet seven and a half inches high, and proposals for the contract to clothe him are asked for.

—Home, the Spiritualist, is trying to mend his broken fortunes with new tricks. He now plays with red-hot coals and puts his head in the grate.

—The candles set about the corpse of a child, in New Hampshire, the other night, burned down, set fire to the bed and nearly consumed the body.

—T. S. Arthur is sixty-one years old. He is said to have been a very dull boy, which is strange, as most dull boys are said to grow up to be bright men.

—Mrs. Elliott, the authoress of several snobbish books, has gone to Washington to get some facts for her new book of snobs, The Court Circles of the Republic.

—Last year England bought thirty-seven thousand dollars worth of American books, but the United States bought eight hundred thousand dollars worth of English ones.

—Selma, Alabama, had five hundred and twenty thousand dollars worth of fire works New Year's night. There was not very much of Selma left after the fire works were done.

—George Francis Train has come home, and the Fenians are looking towards Canada, knowing probably of some strong gaol in that Dominion which would fit George Francis well.

—The river Cam in England is being widened and deepened so that boating on it will be easier, and Cambridge students expect hereafter to be able to beat Oxford in the annual race.

—The ancient cemetery recently discovered in the forest of Compiegne has already furnished 30 glass and 300 earthen Roman cinerary urns to the collection in the Imperial Museum at Paris.

—An Englishman wants a patent for a plan by which the weight of passengers and goods may assist in propelling the cars in which they are carried, and another patents a "warmed pavement."

—Thin sheets of steel, suddenly and simultaneously cooled upon both sides, it has been asserted, are not liable to fracture when subsequently expanded and contracted by the application of heat.

—A New Orleans voudouist failed to expel the evil spirit from a negro girl, even by the potent charm of a necklace of rat's claws, ginger root and cow's hair, and the possessed was sent to a lunatic asylum.

—Some of the greatest swells in India are rich young Hindoos. They wear tight trousers, plug hats and Stanley scarfs, drive dog carts, smoke cigars and drink brandy and soda exactly as if they were Christians.

—The New York Sorosis is going to educate servant girls and make grocers give full weight. They have a number of other things on their programme, bnt these two will keep them busy for a few days at least.

—"If you must get drunk, my good fellow," once remarked Tom Corwin to an inebriate youth, "be careful to do so on good whisky and among gentlemen. In this way you will escape headache and censure."

—A New England paper complains that we are paying two million dollars a week for killing Indians. We would rather pay two millions a week for killing them than only one million and have them kill us, which was the old plan.

—That sensible paper—the *Army and Naval Journal*, replies to the appeals of the New Orleans papers, in behalf of Sergeant Bates, the flag-bearing pedestrian, now destitute in that city. "Would it be impertinent to suggest that he ought' to go to work?"

—It is proposed in Mexico to abandon the port of Vera Cruz, which is exceedingly unhealthy and dangerous, and to transfer the commerce of the city to Anton Lizardo, some fifty miles further south, where there is excellent anchorage and a healthy situation.

—A man in New York quarreled with his wife, and in order to spite the hateful thing he set fire to the house in which she lived. His children and twenty other families lived there too, but he did'nt do it to spite them, which no doubt they thoroughly appreciated.

—It is pleasant to go at nine o'clock in in the morning to get tickets for the Kellogg concert, and find that you can put your name down number eighty-nine, while the eighty-eight previous ones purchase ten tickets apiece. If you do that sort of thing you may as well go home without much delay.

—A man in Tennessee agrees with the one in Maine that we are soon to have another deluge, and he, too, is building an ark, one of six stories with compartments for all the animals, saving the snakes. Did the newspapers before the Deluge have descriptive paragraphs concerning Noah's absurd project?

—The advantages of the old State bank ing systems are shown by a Boston paper, which prints a letter written by William J. Duane, of Philadelphia, sixty years ago, in which he declines to take a Boston bank note for his paper, the "Aurora," because "New England notes cannot be passed here at 50 per cent. discount."

—An inmate of the Cincinati workhouse made a sensation the other day, by walking out of his cell with his face the color of a boiled lobster, pitted all over with what seemed to be marks of the small-pox, now prevalent in that city. His evident anxiety to relieve the institution of his dangerous presence led to suspicion, and an examination showed that the pox marks had been made by pricking the skin with a pin and rubbing in croton oil.

—George Francis Train is certainly capable of attaining the heights of absurdity. In his speech at the Cooper Institute the other night, among other wise things, he said that his hearers had one thing in their power, and he hoped they would do it. He wanted every Fenian within the the sound of his voice, and every Irishman who should read of this meeting, to go down to the house of the English Consul and groan at the British flag flying at the roof. He wanted the Fenians of Washington to surround the residence of the British Minister and groan at him and at the flag of England, until that dignitary should comprehend that there was a party in the United States who desired the liberation of the Fenian prisoners, and were determined to have it.

Mr. Longfellow in Florence.

The Florence correspondent of the London *News*, describing the funeral service in that city in memory of Rossini, tells this story of a compliment to Henry W. Longfellow:

"The service finished at about one o'clock. As I left the church, and while standing on the flight of steps, before descending into the Santa Croce square, my attention was arrested by the singularly engaging and intelligent countenance of one who had likewise been present to hear the Requiem. A gentleman perhaps some sixty years of age, with silvery locks and beard, accompanied by a lady, a youth, and two young girls, was gazing from the topmost step on the crowd in the square as it flowed onwards past the statue of Dante. Whilst watching with curiosity the human stream before him, he was himself an object of keen, undisguised, yet respected interest to a party of young Anglo-Italian girls only a few steps off. I could overhear one saying to the rest, 'I am sure it must be he, he is so like the prints.' At length one of the young girls drew near to the lady accompanying the silver-haired stranger, and said, 'Pray excuse the liberty, but is not that Mr. Longfellow?' 'To be sure it is,'' was the reply. 'Oh, I am so happly I have seen him!' was the instant and spontaneous exclamation; 'that really is a treat; that is worth a great deal more than the Requiem.' The young Anglo-Italian then retreated to rejoin her own party, but her remarks had been communicated to both the American poet and to the two girls whom he was holding by the hand, and with a charming frankness they all came forward and spoke a few words of natural and simple courtesy; there was also a kind shake of the hand, facts which I have little doubt will, throughout the whole lives of those to whom they were addressed, lend a sweeter perfume to the verse of Evangeline and Hiawatha."

THE CHINESE IN CALIFORNIA.—A case has arisen in California under the civil rights act and the fourteenth amendment to the Constitution, involving the rights of Chinese residents. A soldier was arrested for stabbing a Chinese, and the latter was offered as a witness at the trial. After argument, the Judge, under the California statute, rejected him as a witness, holding that the civil rights act does not apply to foreign born residents, and that the amendment refers only to the rights of citizens. Fortunately, there were white witnesses of the assault who were examined, so that there was no failure of justice. However, serious difficulties will arise when China complains to the United States that the Asiatics in California are not protected by an appeal to the law when the injured party is the principal or only witness.

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TEETH EXTRACTED

WITHOUT PAIN!

NO CHARGE MADE WHEN ARTIFICIAL TEETH ARE ORDERED. A FULL SET FOR $8,

AT DR. SCOTT'S.

378 PENN STREET, 3D DOOR ABOVE HAND.

ALL WORK WARRANTED. CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF GENUINE VULCANITE. my9:d&T

GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,

AND LAMP GOODS.

Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,

BENZINE, &c.

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BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.

Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,

AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.

The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium wherever exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $350 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN

Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.

CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,

No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET.

PIANOS AND ORGANS—An entire new stock of

KNABE'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS;
HAINES BROS., PIANOS;
PRINCE & CO'S ORGANS AND MELODEONS and TREAT, LINSLEY & CO'S ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

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H. RUH, Practical Cook,

Respectfully announces to the public that he will

On Saturday and Monday Next,

Open to the public the

DELMONICO RESTAURANT,

FOR GENTLEMEN ONLY.

It will be his earnest endeavor to furnish his patrons at all times with the most palatable viands which the market or the season affords. The LIQUORS, WINES of various dates, ALE, BEER, etc., will be their own recommendation.

Orders for fine Cooking for Weddings, and other Festivals, will, as heretofore, be promptly and cheaply attended to, requesting patronage.

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And dealer in all kinds of FRUITS, NUTS, PICKLES, SAUCES, JELLIES, &c., &c.

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A splendid new stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c.

Just received by HENRY MEYER.

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SEWING MACHINES.

THE GREAT AMERICAN COMBINATION.

BUTTON-HOLE OVERSEAMING

AND SEWING MACHINE.

IT HAS NO EQUAL,

BEING ABSOLUTELY THE BEST FAMILY MACHINE IN THE WORLD, AND INTRINSICALLY THE CHEAPEST.

Agents wanted to sell this Machine.

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Agent for Western Pennsylvania.

Corner FIFTH AND MARKET STREETS, over Richardson's Jewelry Store. se4

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WALL PAPERS,

For Halls, Parlors and Chambers,

NOW OPENING, AT

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DYER AND SCOURER,

H. J. LANCE,

DYER AND SCOURER.

No. 3 ST. CLAIR STREET

And Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

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COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

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R. & W. JENKINSON,

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RECEIVED DAILY,

BIRD'S NEST VELVET HATS,
HAT AND BONNET FRAMES,
GERMANTOWN WOOLS,
ZEPHYR AND KNITTING YARNS,
BLACK VELVETEEN,
BONNET VELVET,
BLACK and ORANGE SATINS,
TRIMMING SATINS, ALL SHADES,
SASH AND BOW RIBBONS,
AND BLACK SATIN RIBBONS, all widths.

ALEXANDRE'S KID GLOVES,

In White, Opera, and Dark. Fur Topped Kid Gloves, Wool Mitts and Gloves, Ribbed Fancy and Plain.

HOSIERY,

HANDKERCHIEFS,
EMBROIDERIES,
POCKET BOOKS,
CALF WALLETS, &c.

STILL FURTHER REDUCTIONS IN

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ONE MORE CASE OF FINE

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HOOP SKIRTS.
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PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS,
WOOLEN MITTS AND WRISTLETS.

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THE NEW SKIRT,

"LE PANIER PERFECTION."
"THE FAVORITE," "THE POPULAR,"
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THOMPSON'S TWIN SPRING,
"WINGED ZEPHYR,"
"GLOVE FITTING," CORSETS AND PATENT "PANIERS."

THE NEW GORED OVER SKIRT, "BELLE HELENE," richly embroidered; an elegant street or Skating Skirt.

RICH RIBBONS FOR BOWS, SCARFS AND SASHES.
ROMAN STRIPES AND PLAIDS.
SATINS, all shades and widths.
FLOWERS, PLUMES, HATS AND BONNETS.
LADIES AND CHILDREN'S MERINO UNDERWEAR.

The richest and latest novelties in GIMPS, FRINGES AND BUTTONS.

We especially direct attention to the great excellence of the HARRIS SEAMLESS (Rouillon) KID GLOVES over all others, and for which we are the Sole Agents.

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A MERRY CHRISTMAS!

NEW GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

DENNISON & HECKERT,

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Have just received a large and judiciously assorted stock of

EMBROIDERIES, TRIMMINGS, LACE GOODS, HOSIERY,

Kid Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Slipper Patterns, Zephyr Goods, Scarfs and Gents Furnishing Goods,

and Notions generally.

A splendid selection is afforded in special novelties suitable for

HOLIDAY PRESENTS,

to which the attention of lady readers is specially called.

DENNISON & HECKERT,

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PRICES MARKED DOWN.

BARGAINS IN ALMOST EVERYTHING.

REAL HEM STITCH, all Linen, HANDKERCHIEFS, 17c, 19c, 22c and upwards.
TAPE BORDERED LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS 6¼c, 8c to 50c.
All our HATS at one-half regular prices.
All the new BALMORAL SKIRTS and Bradley's latest styles of HOOP SKIRTS, at the Lowest Prices in the City.
GENTS' MERINO VEST and DRAWERS, 40c to $5.00.

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Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT

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EXTRA HEAVY

Barred Flannel,

A VERY LARGE STOCK,

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IN GOOD STYLES.

M'ELROY,

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AT EASTERN PRICES,

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J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S.,

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All Wool Grey Twilled Flannel for 37 worth 62c.
Delaines for 20c. worth 25.
Slightly Soiled Blankkets $4.00 worth $6.00.
Waterproof for $1.25 worth $1.50.
Poplins for 37½c. worth 50.
Kid Gloves for $1.50 worth $2.00.
Paisley Shawls $13.00 worth $20.00.
Velveteens 2.00 worth $2.75.
Bleached Muslin 12½c. worth 16.
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Cheapest and best stock in the city. No. 52 ST. CLAIR, near Liberty street. de29

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NEW GOODS.

NEW ALPACCAS.

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BLACK SILKS.

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CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.

CARPETS!

REDUCTION CONTINUED

FOR A FEW DAYS.

Taking advantage of the extreme depression in the Eastern Market during the Holidays, we have added largely to our stock at much below Market Rates. We will continue to sell at our present reduced prices for TEN DAYS longer.

M'CALLUM BROTHERS.

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JANUARY, 1869.

CARPETS.

M'FARLAND & COLLINS,

ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE

TWO WEEKS LONGER.

Greater Bargains than Ever will be offered to close out Special Lines of Goods, at

71 AND 73 FIFTH AVENUE,

SECOND FLOOR.

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REDUCTION!!

CARPETS,

OILCLOTHS,

&c., &c.

We offer our stock at reduced prices for a SHORT TIME before commencing to take stock. Now is the time to buy.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

21 FIFTH AVENUE.

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GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.

100 WOOD STREET.

HOLIDAY GIFTS.

FINE VASES,

BOHEMIAN AND CHINA,

NEW STYLES,

DINNER SETS, TEA SETS,

GIFT CUPS,

SMOKING SETS,

A large stock of

SILVER PLATED GOODS

of all descriptions.

Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.

R. E. BREED & CO.

R. E. BREED & CO., R. E. BREED & CO.,

100 WOOD STREET.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 135¼a135⅜.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, January 9, 1869.

MONEY.

The great feature of Wall street was the activiy and buoyancy on stock exchange, which resulted in a sharp advance in all leading securities, especially the favorite railroad shares. The feeling in all directions is very bullish, and the excitement bids fair to increase. Money very easy; call loans made at 6a7. The bank statement is the most favorable for a long time. It shows a decrease in loans, and a large increase in specie deposits and legal tenders, which indicates continued ease in money. Loans, $258,792,562; decrease, 297,495. Specie, $27,384,730; increase, $6,648,608. Circulation, $36,364,156; decrease, $35,493. Deposits, $187,908,539; increase, $7,418,014. Legal tenders, $56,141,128; increase, $2,144,757. Sterling quiet, at 9¾a9¾. Gold firm, opened at 35¼, fell to 35, and closed at 35¼a35⅜. The easiness in money stimulates purchases for an advanced. Export to day $105,000; for the week $615,648.

BONDS AND STOCKS.

Governments active and firm. The home investment demand increases daily, and there has been some purchases made of '62's and '67's on European account. Stock brokers are also making their appearance in the market, and there are indications of still greater activity Coupons 1881, 112@112¼; do. '62, 112¾@112⅞; do. '64, 109¼@109¾; do. '65, 109¾@109⅞; do. new, 108⅝@108½; do. '67, 108⅝@108¾; do. '68, 108¾@110; Ten-Forties, 106¼@106¾; State bonds active and higher; new Tennessees, 68@68½; Louisiana Levee Sixes 66¼@66½; old bonds, 71¼@71½; new Virginias, 57; old do. 54; old North Carolinas, 64¾@65; new do. 61¾@62; Missouris, 87¼.

The volume of business in Railway Shares has been unusually large with one or two stort periods, Daring the day the market steadily improved until the close, the leading shares being Pittsburgh, Ohio and Mississippi, Northwest, St. Paul and Rock Island. Pittsburgh was the most variable, in fact the only weak one on the list, and ranged between 89@91¾; the latter rate having been reached on the report that the injunction granted restrained the directors from acting in any way, especially from declaring dividends: the prices rallied to 84¾@84⅞ at the close. Northwestern common reached 84¾, but fell off to 83½. Rock Island touched 127½, but losed at 126@126¼. Wabash sold as high as 162¾ and Fort Wayne 120. Pacific Mail advanced to 123¼ on reported dividends and a rumor that the stock held by the Company had been purchased by the Directors and would not come on market: it however closed lower. Toledo was bid up to 105⅞, but fell off nearly 1 per cent. The market for all shares closed excited and strong.

Five-thirty Prices:—Cumberland, 38@39; Wells Express, 24¼@25; Adams, 48¼@48¾; United States, 40@42; American, 40@42; Merchants Union, 13¾@14; Quicksilver, 23@23½; Canton, 52¼@52½; Pacific Mail, 122¾; Western Union Telegraph: 33¾@34; Hartford and Erie, 28; Mariposa, 5@6; do. preferred, 20¼@20⅝; New York Central, 157¼@157½; Erie, 39¼@39½; do. preferred, 62@65; Hudson, 136½@137; Harlem, 127½; pref., 126; Terre Haute, 62¼@62½; do. preferred, 73; St. Paul, 72½@72¾; do. preferred, 91¼@91¾; Ft. Wayne, 119¼@119¾; Ohio and Mississippi, 34¼; Michigan Central, 115; Michigan Southern, 90¼@90¾; Illinois Central, 142; Pittsburgh, 84¾@84⅞; Toledo, 104½@104¾; Rock Island, 126@126¼; Northwestern, 83½@83¾; do. preferred, 87¼@87½; C., C. and Ind., 46; Lake Shore, 101; St. Joe preferred, 95.

Mining shares dull.

Copper Stocks at Boston—Calumet, 50; Copper Falls, 16; Franklin, 14½; Hecla, 70; Quincy, 21.

Imports for the week—dry goods, $1,193,293; general merchandise, $2,500,320.

Clearances at Gold Exchange Bank, $52,835,000.

SUB TREASURY.

The receipts at the Sub-Treasury to-day were $1,314,521; payments, $855,599; balance, $81,368,067.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, January 9.—Cotton opened active, excited and one-half cent better, closing dull with the advance partly lost; sales 6,800 bales at 28¼a29c for middling uplands. Flour; receipts 986 bbls; medium and high grades dull: sales 5,100 bbls at $6 a6,35 for superfine state and western, $7a 7,40 for extra state, $6,80a8,00 for extra western, $8,20a10,00 for good to choice white wheat extra, $7a9,30 for round hoop Ohio, $8a9 for extra St. Louis, and $9,50a12,50 for good to choice extra, closing dull. California nominal. Rye Flour without decided change; sales 210 bbls at $5,75a8,00. Corn Meal lower; sales 800 bbls Brandywine at $5,25a5,40. Whisky more active and firmer; sales 250 bbls at 99½ca$1,01. Wheat; receipts 1,000 bush; dull and declining, with small sales at $1,61 for No 2 spring, delivered, and $2,20 for white Michigan. Rye dull and heavy; sales 3,500 bush western at $1,50. Barley quiet; sales 1,800 bush at $2,30. Barley Malt dull. Corn; receipts 35,779 bush; dull and new 2a 3c lower; sales 5,900 bush at 93a95c for new mixed western, 90a93c for new white western, 96c for new yellow western, and nominally $106a1,10 for old mixed western in store and afloat. Oats; receipts 1,918 bush; market quiet; sales of 21,000 bush, at 77a78c for western afloat. Rice dull, at 8¼ a8¾c for Carolina. Coffee steady; sales of 600 bags of Rio on private terms. Sugar quiet; sales of 100 hhds Cuba at 11¼a11¾c. Molasses dull. Petroleum quiet, at 18a 18½c for crude and 32c for refined bended. Hops; 10a20c for American. Coal quiet. Leather steady and unchanged. Wool firm and in fair demand; sales of 400,000 lbs, at 45a58c for domestic fleece; 65c for picklock, and 15c for Canada. Linseed Oil quiet at 98c a$1,00. Spirits Turpentine quiet and firm at 50¼a51c. Sheathing Copper quiet at 33c. Ingot Copper firmer, with a better demand, at 24c for Lake. Baltimore and Tennessee closed at the latter price. Pig Iron quiet, at $35a41 for American and $40a42 for Scotch. Bar Iron dull, $90a95 for refined English and American. Sheet Iron quiet, at 10¾a11½c for gold Russia. Nails quiet, at 5¼a5½c for cut; 6¾a7c for clinched, at 27a30c for horse shoe. Pork quiet and steady; sales of 700 bbls, at $29,25 a29,50 for new mess; $28,50a28,75 for old do.; $24a25,50 for prime; $27a28,75 for prime mess; also, sales 250 bbls new mess, seller, March, at $29,50. Beef steady and unchanged; sales of 130 bbls. Tierce Beef quiet; sales of 138 tcs at $27a32 for prime mess, and $32a38,50 for India mess. Beef Hams quiet, with sales of 160 bbls at $30a 34. Cut Meats firmer; sales of 180 pks at 12a12½ for shoulders, and 14a17c for hams. Dressed Hogs lower, at 12¼a13¼c for western; latter price for choice; 13¼a13¾c for city; middles firm, with sales 475 bxs at 14¼c for Cumberland cut, 15½c for short ribbed, and 16c for long clear. Lard more active and heavy, with sales of 700 tcs at 18¾a20c for steam, latter price for choice, and 20c for kettle rendered; also, 2,750 tcs steam, seller and buyer, February, March and April, at 19¼a20c. Butter quiet and steady at 30a50c for Ohio. Cheese firm at 14a20c. Freights to Liverpool firmer, with engagements for 25,000 bus corn per steamer at 8d.

Latest.—Flour closed dull and lower. Wheat very dull and prices are in buyer's favor. Rye dull and sales are reported to have been made at $1,48a1,50 for western. Oats is quoted at 75½c in store and 77¼c afloat for western. Corn quiet and steady at 81a95c for common to choice new mixed western; old western mixed is nominal at $1,07a1,08¾. Pork is very dull and heavy; sellers of mess for forward delivery at $29,-50, with buyers at $29. Beef quiet and unchanged. Cut Meats are quiet and steady. Bacon closed unchanged. Lard heavy and there were some sellers of prime steam for forward delivery at 19¾c, buyers were offering but 19½c. Eggs are lower and dull at 33a35c.

Dry Goods—The dry goods market, although less active, is buoyant for plain staple cotton and printed goods, in sympathy with the advance in raw material. Atlantic A heavy brown sheetings sell at 16½c; Appleton A and Stark do. at 16; Augusta at 15; do. seven-eighths at 12½; Broadway at 13½c; Indian Orchard C at 13½c; Laconia B at 14½c; do. E at same price; do. O at 14c; do. H at16½c; Pepperell E at 15c; do. R at 14c; do. O at 13c; do. N at 12. Amoskeag A bleached muslins at 17½c; Androscoggin at 17c; Arkwright at 19c; the market will go up to 20c next week; Hill's Semper Idem at 16½@17c; Lonesdale at 17c; Tuscarora at 20; Wamsutta at 22c; do. forty inch at 27c; do. 45 inch at 30c; all about of which are the highest rates. As the tendency in prices is upwards, prints, in good styles, are selling at 12¼@13c for dark and medium works, but light styles are held by agents ½c above these rates. Mourning Prints have risen ½c, and now bring 12½c. Dyed Cottons are a shade firmer, and the tendency is upward. Woolen goods are in improved request for southern trade, and good styles of fancy mixtures, weighing 8 ounces, are being sold from $1,25 to $1,50 for real desirable fabrics of best quality; the market is down to $1 for good enough styles.

CHICAGO, January 9.—Eastern Exchange firmer at 1 and 1-10 per cent. premium selling, and 1 and 1-10 per cent. discount buying. Flour quiet, spring extras at $5,25a7. Wheat steady and moderately firm; sales of No. 1 at $1,20¼a1,26, No. 2 at $1,13½a1,14½; closing firm at $1,14 for No. 2; sales of No. 2 since change at $1,14½. Corn firm and ¼a¾c higher; sales of No. 2 kiln dried at 54½a56c, new 53a53½, no grade at 49a50c; closing firm at 53¾c for new and 50c for no grade. Nothing doing in corn this evening. Oats in fair shipping and speculative demand and ¼a½c higher; sales of No. 2 at 47a48c, rejected at 44¾a 44½c; closing at 47a47½c for No. 2. Rye firmer and 1a1½c higher; sales of No. 1 at $1,15a1,16, No. 2 at $1,11, closing with sellers at $1,16 for No. 1. Barley held higher; sales at $1,63a1,68 for No. 2 in store, and $1,67 seller for last half of January; closing nominal at $1,65 for No. 2 in store. Highwines steady at 93c. Provisions moderately active. Mess Pork at $29,50 for future delivery, and $29 cash. Lard steady at 19c. Sweet Pickled Hams at 16½c, offered and refused, short rib middles at 14¾c, loose at 15c seller for February. Dressed Hogs quiet and easier, ranging at $12a13,25 for fair to medium, and $9,64a11 for good to extra. The receipts for the past twenty-four hours have amounted to 13,254 barrels of flour, 40,920 bushels of wheat, 4,990 bushels of corn, 27,520 bushels of oats, 6,233 bushels of rye, 4,030 bushels of barley, 9,789 head of hogs. Shipments for the same time were 10,845 barrels of flour, 11,329 bushels of wheat, 15,287 bushels of corn, 7,055 bushels of oats, 6,931 bushels of rye, 15,557 bushels of barley, 4,266 head of hogs.

Beef Cattle steady and firm; sales at $3,90 a5,25 for butchers' stock, and $6a7,40 for good to choice steers. Hogs active and a shade firmer at $9,46a9,70 for fair to medium, $9,25a11 for good to extra.

ST. LOUIS, January 9.—Tobbacco quiet and unchanged. Nothing doing in Cotton and Hemp. Flour dull and nothing doing; sales at $5,75a6,65 for fine and superfine, $8 for double extra, $8,75a9,50 for treble extra. Wheat extremely dull, and millers nearly all out of market; fair fall sold at $1,40a1,50, and low choice red at $1,80. Corn very dull at 61a65c. Oats firm but inactive at 56a58c. Barley very quiet at $2a2,75 for choice to fancy spring. Rye firm at $1,28. Whisky unchanged at 97½c. Pork generally held at $30; sales small jobbing lots at $29,50. Bulk meats stiff, and jobbing at 12a12½c for shoulders, 15½c for clear rib sides, 16¼c for clear sides, 15c for sweet pickled hams; dry salt shoulders, clear rib sides and clear sides, all packed and delivered at Springfield, Illinois, were sold at 12c, 15c and 16c. Bacon in fair demand, but very little out of smoke; small sales at 14c for shoulders, 18c for clear sides, and 18c for sugar cured hams. Lard buoyant at 19c for tierce, and 20a21c for keg. Receipts—Flour 2,800 bbls, Wheat 14,000 bus, corn 4,300 bush, oats 4,900 bush, barley 3,-800 bush, rye 400 bush, hogs 2,300 head.

Hogs steadv at 9¼a10½c; nnmber packed to date 210,520 head, against 22,000 head last season, exclusive of 12,000 head summer packed in 1867. Cattle: good to choice in small supply and worth 5½a7¼c gross.

NEW ORLEANS, January 9.—Cotton irregular; there was an advance of 1c in the morning and a decline of ¼c in the afternoon; middling sold at 26¾a27c; sales of 6000 bales, receipts 1,467 bales, exports 10,-204 bales. Gold 135¾. Sterling 147. Commercial 146a146½. New York Sight Exchange ¼a¾ per cent. discount. Flour firm and unchanged. Corn: white 78c, yellow 80c. Bran unchanged. Oats dull at 65a68c. Hay: prime $25a26,00. Pork opened with an upward tendency, at $30,50 a31,00. Bacon scarce; shoulders 14¾c, clear rib 18½c, clear sides 18¼c. Lard active at 19¼a20c for tierce, and 21c for keg. Sugar firm; common 9¼a10¼c, prime 12¾c, yellow clarified 14a14½c. Molasses firm: common 60a62c, prime 67a76c, choice 72a74c. Whisky and Coffee steady and unchanged.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 9.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat $1,75a1,80 for good shipping. Legal Tenders 74½. Mining Stocks unusually active during the week: Alpha 54; Belcher 165; Bullion 27; Chollar 167; Confidence 37; Crown Point 53; Empire Mill 130; Gould Curry 112; Hale Norcross 54; Imperial 110; Kentuck 230; Opher 39; Overman 78; Savage 82; Sierra Nevada 33; Yellow Jacket 15,00.

BUFFALO, January 9.—The Flour market is steady. Wheat is nominal and unchanged. Corn is in fair demand and sales are reported of new at 80c on track, and at 81c in store. Oats are nominal. Rye is held at $1,40 and the market is firm. Barley is active and firmer; sales were made of Canada at $1,95; 2,000 bush do. sold at $1,98 delivered, and 4,000 bush brought $2. Other articles are nominally unchanged.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 9.—Sales 83 hhds. Tobacco; trashy new lugs to Owen & Co. cutting leaf $4a18,75. Cotton 27c. Superfine flour $5,50a6. Wheat $1,99. Corn 58a60c. Oats 60c. Rye $1,40. Mess pork $30. Lard 19a19¼c. Bulk shoulders 12½a12¾c; clear rib sides 15¾a16c; clear sides 16¼c. Bacon —shoulders 14¼c; clear rib sides 17½c; clear sides 18c. Seeeing advanced to 16¼c. Whisky—raw free $1.

PHILADELPHIA, January 9.—Clover Seed $8,37. Flax Seed $2,60. Flour dull and weak; northwestern extra family $7,25a 8,00; Ohio do. $9a10,50. Wheat very dull; red $1,85a2,00; amber $2,03a2,05. Rye unchanged. Corn very dull and lower; new yellow 90a95c. Oats dull; western 72a75c. Petroleum quiet; crude 22½c; refined 31½c. Provisions advancing. Whisky $1,02a1,04.

BALTIMORE, January 9.—The Flour market is dull and unchanged. Wheat firm and price to choice red sold at $2,25a2,35. Corn dull; sales of prime white are reported at 88a95c. Oats are nominal at 65a73c. Rye dull at $1,30a1,50. Mess Pork is firm and active at $30. Bacon is firm; sales rib sides at 17a17½c; clear do. 17½c; shoulders, 14¼c. Lard firm at 19½c.

CLEVELAND, January 9.—Flour; market quiet and steady. Wheat; No. 1 red winter held at $1,86; sales of 1 car No. 2 do. at $1,66. Corn is held at 74c. Oats held at 63c. Barley; No. 1 Canada held at $2,05, and No. 1 State at $1,70a1,75. Petroleum firm and demand good; refined, in round lots, held at 28a29c, and at 30½c in trade lots.

MEMPHIS, January 9.—Cotton excited and irregular at 27½c; nominally at 27½c. receipts 860 bales; export, 1,175 bales. Flour—superfine, $7a7,50. Corn 68a70c. Oats 78c. Hay $23. Bran $23. Cornmeal $3,75. Pork $30. Lard 19a20c. Bulk meats firm; shoulders 12a12½c, clear sides 16a16¼c. Dressed hogs 12a12½c.

TOLEDO, Jan. 9.—Wheat dull; amber $1,76. Corn a shade lower; new 62½a63c; new rejected 59½; new yellow 65c. Oats 1c better; No. 1 unchanged at 57c. Rye unchanged; No. 1 $1,25. Seeds steady. Clover seed $8,50. Hogs unchanged at 12a12½c.

NASHVILLE, January 9.—Cotton market active, with sales low middlings at 27c, and good to ordinary at 26½c.

IMPORTS BY RAILRAOD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, January 9.—2 cars rye, Dan Wallace; 2 do wheat, Thos Moore & Son; 4 do do, J S Liggett & Co; 300 bbls flour, 400 sks do, owner; 5 bbls lard oil, W B Hays & Son; 25 do do, J H Parker; 2 cars scrap iron, Mullen & Maloney; 300 bbls flour, Watt, Lang & Co; 1 car middlings, H Schnelbach; 17 bbls apples, 1 do onions, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 23 bbls apples, W H Graff & Co; 50 bbls highwines, J Adler & Co; 1 car rye, W J Meek 1 car corn, P Duff & Son; 1 car hay, O A Allerton; 56 bbls apples, 6 kgs lard, H Rea Jr; 9 kgs apple butter, 10 bbls apples, Graff & Reiter; 8 cars limestone, Shoenberger & Blair; 107 bdls green hides, D Chestnut & Co; 4 sks buckwheat flour, 5 do dry apples, 3 do beans, Thomas Bro; 2 bbls grease, L Stimple; 33 doz brooms, Head & Metzgar; 8 bales twine, H Gerwig & Co; 5 bbls meal, 2 do gritts, J A Renshaw; 88 sks rags, Godfrey & Clark; 1 car staves, M P Adams & Bro; 1 pkg butter, Vangorder & Shepard: 45 cars metal, Nimick & Co; 10 do do, Jas Wood, Son & Co; 6 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 1 do do, Loomis & Collard; 3 do do, Superior Iron Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, January 9.—5 cars iron ore, Shoenberger & Blair; 4 do do, McKnight, Porter & Co; 2 cars rye, W J Meek; 1 do barley, J M Carson & Co; 50 bbls oil, J Spear; 150 do do, Wm McCutcheon; 1 car stone, J L L Knox; 1 car brick, Bissell & Co; 1 car clay, Miller, Barr & Parkin; 52 bbls flour, 5 do oil, Haworth & Dewhurst; 19 sks rags, C P Markle & Co; 6 tcs pill boxes, Fleming & Bro; 1 bbl tobabco, J Megraw; 2 bbls tallow, 7 sks cloverseed, R Robinson; 22 bbls apples, 3 do walnuts, Graff & Reiter; 41 sks oats, 3 do beans, Dean & Patterson; 12 bbls potatoes, H Riddle; 16 sks oats, E Heazleton; 21 sks rye, 4 do beans, 10 bbls beans, 1 do flaxseed, 2 hf ubls butter, 1 bag peaches, H Rea Jr; 1 bbl, 2 kegs butter, Wm Harrison; 1 caddy tobacco, Cochran & Co; 5 bbls eggs, 2 kegs butter, P Duff & Son; 20 bbls apples, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 3 kegs lard, 6 bbls dry apples, J J Pettit; 5 bbls oil, E H Myers & Co; 4 bbl, 1 half bbl oil, Watt, Lang & Co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, January 9.—350 bbls oil, Fisher & Bro; 600 do do, Roess & Bro; 320 do do, McKee, Hackett & Co; 80 do do, E M Edgerton; 960 do do, Fawcett, Logan & Stockdale; 480 do do, R T Leech; 12 do tar, Christy & Benham; 50 do refined oil, B L Fahnestock & Co; 1 car grain, Scott & Gisal; 1 do do, Martin & Brickell; 4 bbls apples, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 1 car metal, McKnight, Porter & Co; 24 sks oats, 1 car rye, S B Floyd & Co; 2 cars limestone, Shoenberger & Blair; 307 oil bbls, Citizens Oil Co; 1 car hay, C Reiter; 41 sks corn, J Graham; 20 do oats, Keil & Ritchart; 30 do do, Adams & Austin; 7 do rye, Scott & Gisal.

ALLEGHENY STATION, January 9.—1 car wheat, W McKee & Co; 1 do iron ore, Graff, Bennett & Co; 20 bbls apples, John Kohen & Bro; 11 dressed hogs, H Hespenheide; 5 rolls leather, J Callery; 1 car barrel headings, J M Hemphill 1 car oats, M Steel & Son; 1 car wheat, J A Dickson; 7 cars metal, Pittsburgh Forge & Iron Co; 1 car shingles, Jas McBriar; 4 doz brooms, F Beckert; 1 car lumber, Smith & Co; 12 sks oats, 30 do rye, C Ozag; 1 bbl oatmeal, Jas Lockhar; 121 sks corn, H W Berhorst.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD, January 9.—1 car metal, John Moorhead: 49 bbls whisky, Dillinger & Stevenson; 122 bdls iron, S Severance; 20 bundles leather, Cope & Porter.

River and Weather.

LOUISVILLE, January 9.—River falling with eleven and a half feet in the canal. Weather cloudy and turning very cold. Barometer rising.

PROCLAMATION.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, SS:

In accordance with the Act of Assembly incorporating said City of Allegheny, and the several supplements thereto, I, SIMON DRUM, Mayor of said city, do issue this my Proclamation, that on the

Second Tuesday of January, A. D. 1869,

Being the 12th day of said month, the freemen of said city, qualified to vote for members of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, shall meet and by ballot elect:—

One person to serve as Director of Poor of said city.

Also, on the same day, the qualified electors of the various Wards of the city will elect by ballot members of Councils, as follows:—

First Ward—Two members of Common Council.
Second Ward—Three members of Common Council.
Third Ward—Four members of Common Council.
Fourth Ward—Four members of Common Council.
Fifth Ward—Two members of Common Council.
Sixth Ward—Two members of Common Council.
Seventh Ward—Two members of Common Council.
Eighth Ward—Two members of Select Council and two members of Common Council.

Each of whom shall be qualified to serve as members of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, residents of the Wards in which they shall be elected, and qualified voters therein.

At the election to be held as aforesaid, on TUESDAY, the 14th day of January, A. D. 1869.

The electors of the First Ward shall meet at the Public School House in said Ward.

The electors of the Second Ward shall meet at the Public School House in said Ward.

The electors of the First Precinct of the Third Ward shall meet at the Public School House in said Ward.

The electors of the Second Precinct of the Third Ward shall meet at the house of Col. George Gerst, on the corner of East lane and —— street.

The electors of the First Precinct of the Fourth Ward shall meet at the Sandusky Street Public School House.

The electors of the Second Precinct of the Fourth Ward shall meet at the house of John Gordon, corner of Chestnut and Main streets.

The electors of the Fifth Ward shall meet at the Public School House, corner of Chartiers and Fayette streets.

The electors of the Sixth Ward shall meet at the Public School House, corner of Chartiers and Juniata streets.

The electors of the Seventh Ward shall meet at the Lutz House, in said ward.

The electors of the Eighth Ward shall meet at the Public School House of said Ward.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal of the City of Allegheny, this second day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine.

L. S.

SIMON DRUM,
Mayor.

ja5:c68

AGENTS WANTED.

$10 A DAY.
TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4.
LLOYD'S
PATENT REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS
OF AMERICA AND EUROPE, AMERICA AND THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.
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These great Maps, now just completed show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European states. These Maps are needed in every School and family in the land—they occupy the space of one Map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County rights and large discount given to good Agents. Apply for Circulars, Terms and Sample Maps to

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APPLICATION to sell liquors now on file in the Clerk's office:

ROEDELHEIM & AFFELDER, O. G., Pittsburgh. The License Board will sit for hearing the above case on the 16th inst., at 9 o'clock A. M.

January 7, 1869.

JNO. G. BROWN,
Clerk.
ja8:c94

APPLICATION TO SELL LIQUORS filed in the Clerk's office. J. N. TIDBALL, tavern, North Fayette Township. The License Board will sit for hearing the above application on SATURDAY, the 16th inst., at 9 o'clock A. M.

January 6, 1869.

JOHN G. BROWN,
Clerk.
ja7:c65-F

ROSADALIS
PURIFIES THE BLOOD.
FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
de7:b10-MWF

GREEN OIL CLOTH FOR WINDOW SHADES—We are now manufacturing this article of a quality superior in finish, and at prices lower than can be had of any Eastern manufacturers. Dealers will find it to their interest to examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
no30 26 and 28 Sixth St., formerly St. Clair.

RIVER NEWS.

The weather has again turned a little winter-like, the thermometer at 2 o'clock p. m. yesterday having got down to 35. The river is rising under the influence of the recent rains, with eleven feet in the channel by the Allegheny marks at 1 p. m. yesterday.

The Armadillo and New York left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Friday, and the Silver Cloud No. 2 was advertised to follow on Saturday.

The R. C. Gray left New Orleans for Pittsburgh on Friday.

The Armenia left Cincinnati on Friday for New Orleans witn a good trip.

The steamer Grey Eagle, Capt. C. L. Brennan, will leave for Parkersburgh today, at 12 o'clock.

The Leonidas cleared for New Orleans on Saturday evening with a fair trip and engagements below. She had in all about 450 tons, including some three hundred tons through freight.

The G. A. Thompson also cleared for Louisville with a moderate trip.

The wife of Captain Josiah (better known as "Chub") Murray, died at Rochester on Friday morning. Captain Murray, we understand, is building a new boat at Fort Donaldson, on Tennessee river, for the mountain trade.

The hull of Captain Stockdale's new boat for Magdalene river, arrived here from the boat yard, up the Monongahela, on Friday night.

Work is progressing rapidly on the new steamers Carrie V. Kountz, Silver Bow, Minneapolis and Mollie Ebbert, and they will all soon be completed. There are now more new boats ot the landing than we have noticed at any one time for some years. Thus, it will be seen, that notwithstanding the hard times, there are some who have faith in steamboat stock yet.

The R. R. Hudson will commence loading for Cincinnati to-day, as will also the Messenger, for New Orleans.

The Maggie Hays, Capt. B. C. Martin, will be the first boat out for St. Louis.

Captain Moore, of the Bayard, stopped off this last trip. She will here as usual to-morrow for Parkersburg at noon.

Captain Dan Moore is at Madison, looking after what is left of the McCullough. The wreck is reported as being completely submerged in water, and is likely to prove a total loss.

The Ingomar, recently sunk between Steubenville and Wheeling, is reported a total loss, and the same will doubtless be the result in regard to the New State.

It is rumored that Captain Lane, late of the Ingomar, has his eye on the Brownsville packet Company, with a view of placing her in the Pittsburgh and Parkersburg trade.

The Bellevernon arrived from New Orleans about nine o'clock on Saturday night with a fair trip.

—The Wauanita arrived at New Orleans on Thursday last.

—The Sallie arrived at Cincinnati on Thursday. She will reload there for Pittsburgh.

—The Armadillo, Silver Cloud and New York were advertised to leave Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Friday.

—The Glasgow left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Thursday evening. Pilots, Marsh Hays and James Henderson.

—The Mollie Gaatz was sold on Monday, at Nashville, to Captain James Hughes, for $6,000. She will ply in the upper Cumberland trade.

—The Northern Line Packet Company are getting out new steamers with a rush. The next one to be launched will be named the Red Wing.

—The election of a Board of Directors for 1869, for the Mississippi & St. Louis Packet Company, resulted in the choice of the following well known gentlemen: Henry W. Smith, John J. Roe, John A. Scudder, Gerard B. Allen and John G. Copelin. They were elected unanimously. Judges—N. Ranney and W. D. Love.

—The Dubuque *Times*, says: A St. Louis capitalist is of opinion that costly steamboats, with expensive cabins, must soon yield to towboats and barges. The barge movement appears to be meeting with general favor on all sides, and it is more than probable that a fleet of three will be built by a company organized for the purpose in time for the movement of next season's grain.

—We clip the following from the St. Louis *Democrat*: In accordance with the instructions of the Circuit Court, acting Marshal Morgan proceeded to sell the steamboats Galatea and Tom Stevens. The libellants in the matter of the Galatea were Hiram Simmons and others, and those in the matter of the Tom Stevens, Gordon H. Wallace and others. The Galatea was the first one put up. The attendance of steamboatmen was not very numerous, and bidders were few, only about three persons bidding on the boat. The bidding started at $2,000, which rapidly ran up to $3,000—the highest sum offered. The boat was knocked down at this to Col. Henry C. Brockmeyer.

—A St. Louis dispatch says: In the United States District Court, to-day, the case of H. K. Hazlett and others against Peter Conrad, for damages caused by the collision of the steamers Desmoines and Katie, on the Ohio river, in November, 1864, was decided by giving Hazlett $10,036, one-half the damage sustained by the collision. This case was tried some time ago, and decided that, as both parties were to blame for the collision, the damage should be divided, and Commissioner H. M. Jones was ordered to ascertain and report the actual damage. The report was made and expectations taken, which were overruled, and judgment given to-day as above. The costs are also to be divided.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS—The steamer MESSENGER.....JESSE DEAN, Commander,

Will leave for the above ports on THURSDAY, the 14th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

J. FLACK, J. D. COLLINGWOOD, JAMES COLLINS, CHARLES BARNES, and GRIEST & HAZLETT.

Through receipts given on the above boat to Selma, Eutaula, Benton, Montgomery, Ala., and all other points on the Alabama river and Texas ports at the lowest rates by

Ja11 GRIEST & HASLETT.

FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.—The steamer MAGGIE HAYS.....Capt. B. C. MARTIN.

Will leave for the above ports on Wednesday, the 13th inst.

For freight or passage apply on board or to.

JOHN FLACK,
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
GRIEST & HAZLETT,
or JOHN FLACK, Agents.
Ja1

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, January 11th, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed proposals for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of WYLIE STREET EXTENSION and DUNCAN STREET, from Crawford street to Kirkpatrick street, will be received at this office until MONDAY, January 25th, 1869.

The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

Ja11:d2 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

FOR MARIETTA AND PARKERSBURG—The fine steamer GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Captain.

Will leave for the above ports THIS DAY, (Monday) at noon.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
Ja11 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING,
Marietta and Parkersburg Line.

Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood street,

DAILY, AT 12 M.

TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
BAYARD..... A. S. SHEPHERD, Master.
WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS,
GREY EAGLE..... C. L. BRENNAN, Master.

Freight will be received at all hours by
se14 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

J. L. DILLINGER..... A. E. STEVENSON.

DILLINGER & STEVENSON,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 87 Second Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
RECEIVE AND SELL
All Kinds of Country Produce

All orders for Merchandise promptly filled, at LOWEST market rates. Particular attention given to the sale of Butter, Eggs, Cheese Dried Fruits, &c. We feel confident that we can give entire satisfaction, by making QUICK SALES and PROMPT RETURNS, at HIGHEST MARKET PRICES, and therefore respectfully solicit your consignments. All correspondence answered promptly. Marking Plates furnished free. Grain in store and to arrive daily.
au31:t78

ESTABLISHED BY A. & T. GORMLY, 1814.

W. M. GORMLY,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
No. 271 Liberty Street,
(DIRECTLY OPP. EAGLE HOTEL,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.
se :y16

WATT, LANG & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Groceries, Flour, Grain, Produce, Provisions, Fish, Cheese, Carbon Oil, &c.,
Nos. 172 and 174 WOOD STREET, near Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. nos:n55

M. STEELE.....J. A. STEELE.

M. STEELE & SON,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c.
No. 95 OHIO STREET, near East Common, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

J. B. CANFIELD.....A. T. CANFIELD.

J. B. CANFIELD & SON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, and Wholesale Dealers in Goshen, Factory, Hamburg and W. R. Cheese, Butter, Lard, Pork, Bacon, Flour, Fish, Dried Fruit, Grain, Pig Lead, Pot, Pearl and Soda Ashes, White Lime, Linseed, Lard, Coal and Carbon Oils, No. 141 First street, Pittsburgh.

PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RICHART.

KEIL & RICHART,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c., &c.,
349 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,
my24:b37

ALEX. M'BANE.....J. B. ANJER.

McBANE & ANJER,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 141 WATER STREET, above Smithfield, Pittsburgh. fe5

FETZER & ARMSTRONG,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
For the sale of Flour, Grain, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Seeds, Dried Fruit, and Produce generally, No. 16 MARKET STREET, corner of First, Pittsburgh.
fe22:ja8

L. J. BLANCHARD,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
No. 396 PENN STREET.
ap18:x89

ROBT. KNOX.....ANDREW KNOX.

R. KNOX & SON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS and dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN MILL FEED and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 79 DIAMOND, opposite City Hall, Allegheny City.
ja17:r37

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 112 and 114 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

JOHN I. HOUSE.....EDW. HOUSE.....WM. H. HOUSE.

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOHN SHIPTON.....A. WALLACE

SHIPTON & WALLACE, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh. ja12:r58

ROCK THE BABY
IN
EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.
SOLD ONLY BY
LEMON & WEISE.
Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,
118 FOURTH AVENUE.
Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. de25

WALL PAPER—REMOVAL.
THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,
W. P. MARSHALL
Has removed from 87 WOOD STREET to
NO. 191 LIBERTY STREET,
a few doors above ST. CLAIR. de18

WANTED—ON COMMISSION,
ONE HUNDRED TONS OF
**POUL

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED.
Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICE:
GAZETTE BUILDING, NOS. 84 AND 86 FIFTH ST.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

Terms—Daily.		*Semi-Weekly.*		*Weekly.*	
One year	$8.00	One year	$2.50	Single copy	$1.50
One month	75	Six mos	1.50	5 copies, each	1.25
By the week (from carrier.)	15	Three mos	75	10 " "	1.15
				—and one to Agent.	

MONDAY, JANUARY 11, 1869.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE, *issued on Wednesdays and Saturdays, is the best and cheapest family newspaper in Pennsylvania. It presents each week forty-eight columns of solid reading matter. It gives the fullest as well as the most reliable market reports of any paper in the State. Its files are used exclusively by the Civil Courts of Allegheny county for reference in important issues to determine the ruling prices in the markets at the time of the business transaction in dispute. Terms: Single copy, one year,* $1.50; *in clubs of five,* $1,25; *in clubs of ten,* $1,15, *and one free to the getter up of the club. Specimen copies sent free to any address.*

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, Ephemeris. Third and Sixth pages: Financial, Commercial, Mercantile and River News, Imports, Markets. Seventh page: Scientific Items, Feminine Amenities, Amusement Directory.*

GOLD closed Saturday in New York at 135¾.

THE Board of Directors of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad have, it is rumored, in contemplation the issue of a large scrip dividend.

THE OFFICIAL VOTE OF MAINE for Governor is 131,782; CHAMBERLIN'S (Rep.) majority is 19,264. This will decide a score or more wagers made during the late campaign, and as a general thing we believe our Republican friends are the winners.

THE Union Pacific Railroad track will reach its thousandth mile-post from Omaha, in the valley of the Weber, before this month closes. Salt Lake is to be reached by the first of April, and the junction with the other Pacific end effected by the first of May.

IT IS highly probable that the old first mortgage bonds of the Rock Island Railroad, to mature this year, will be paid by an issue of stock, to be either distributed *pro rata* among the present stockholders, or sold in open market, and the proceeds derived therefrom used to discharge the debt. These bonds amount to $1,400,000.

MAINE is likely to replace Mr. MORRILL with Mr. HAMLIN in the United States Senate. CARL SCHURZ is the most promising candidate for the seat from Missouri. The New York Republicans hesitate to plunge into the schism between the friends of Gov. FENTON and Mr. MORGAN, and are casting about for a new man to take the place of the latter. In Indiana, Wisconsin and West Virginia, we are not yet able to report progress.

THE CONFERENCE OF PARIS commenced its business on Saturday under an unfavorable situation of affairs. Turkey absolutely refuses to recognize any action of the Conference which shall impair her own sovereign rights over her Greek provinces. Her ultimatum, heretofore communicated to the Greek government, is to be adhered to and the Conference is advised to govern its deliberations accordingly. On the other hand, there is no expectation that the Greeks, supported by the Russian influence, will assent to an adjustment of disputes on that basis. It is still believed, however, that the discussions of the Conference, conducted in the interests of peace, will be so guided as to avoid a serious termination.

THE MILITIA SYSTEM of Pennsylvania is a myth. In fifty-three counties there is not the vestige of a militia organization, and outside of Philadelphia the organizations are of very trifling importance. But this myth has, nevertheless cost us $34,895 24 during the year, mostly paid to employes in the State Arsenal, the State Agency at Washington, and in the offices of the Adjutant General and the State Historian. It is probable that these expenses could not have been avoided, nor will the adoption of the Governor's recommendation cause them to be materially enlarged. His suggestion, that the minimum number for company organizations be reduced to a limit which will still retain an effective nucleus for future enlargement, and thus secure a basis available in case of need, is a good one, and merits Legislative consideration.

A CITY JOURNAL brings out General MCCANDLESS as a candidate for the Democratic Gubernational nomination. The *Post* adheres to General CASS as its choice for that honor. HON. ASA PACKER will combine a large share of the Eastern strength when the Convention assembles. In view of all their reverses, past and in the future, we must cordially congratulate the opposition upon their good fortune in possessing candidates, such as we have named, all of whom are personally most estimable men. Corresponding political ideas would entitle any one of them to the unhesitating confidence of their fellow-citizens. Especially of our own neighbor, Gen. G. W. CASS, is it a pleasure to us to bear this testimony, and to express our surprise that his political friends have not known, long since, how to turn his high personal character and great public influence, to their partizan profit, by a nomination which would do more honor to them than to himself.

CITY PRINTING.

On the 28th ult., in the Select Council of this City, Mr. MORROW presented an Ordinance, which was passed, providing that the Committee on City Printing be authorized to advertise for proposals for the city printing, and the same to be awarded to the lowest and best bidders, provided that not more than two English and one German papers be contracted with.

In the Common Council this Ordinance signally failed, receiving only two votes.

What the intention of the mover was, we shall not undertake to say. But, the effect of the Ordinance, if it had passed, would have been to compel all proprietors of newspapers, who are members of Councils, to resign or else have their proposals for City Printing set aside. While members, they could not contract for the Printing, as contemplated by the proposed Ordinance. As only proprietors of the GAZETTE and *Dispatch* are members of Councils, if sinister intentions were entertained, it is not difficult to see with what design the Ordinance was projected.

Yesterday a Sunday cotemporary had an article on City Printing, from which we take the following paragraphs:

At the Controller's office, yesterday, we obtained some figures bearing on this printing question. The amount paid the four official papers during the year was as follows, but it should be borne in mind that the amounts with which the *Commercial, Dispatch* and *Gazette* are credited, only include warrants drawn up to October. The *Freedom's Friend* is for the full year:

Commercial	$1,804 58
Gazette	2,122 70
Dispatch	1,951 95
Freedom's Friend	2,142 78
Total	$7,722 01

The compensation for advertising is fixed by Ordinance. Consequently each of the official papers is entitled to the same pay, if it does the same work. Only one of the papers, it is stated, had drawn the full amount for the year. The other three had drawn in different proportions; that is, the bills so far presented and paid, do not cover the same items in each instance. Hence, the paper that had drawn least, so far, had the more to draw hereafter.

If the City Controller informed our contemporary that the GAZETTE had drawn $2,122.70 during the last year, he simply stated what is not true. The exact amount paid this office was $1,828.95.

We learn, farthermore, that the amounts received respectively by the *Dispatch* and the *Freedom's Friend* are set down for more than the actual amounts. This shows that the purpose was not so much to inform the public as to mislead it.

The rates paid for City Advertising, including the reports of the proceedings of Councils, are considerably less than those paid for equal amounts of space by business men; so that no extortion has been practiced upon the City. The Councils fix the rates they will pay, and the charges are made accordingly.

The aggregate amount paid for City Advertising here, is greatly less than in any other place of corresponding size on the continent. It amounts to far less for each newspaper than is paid by single individuals in furtherance of private business.

Owing to Consolidation, and the consequent extension of water mains, the opening, grading and paving of additional streets, and other similar work, the amount of advertising has been increased, just as expenses in most departments of the municipal government have been augmented. Consolidation implied this. Government for the larger territory and population cannot be conducted at as low a cost as for the smaller territory and population. But, then, the assessments cover an increased amount of property and inhabitants; so that ratably to the work done, and the interests promoted, the cost is no greater than before.

It properly belongs to Councils to decide in how many papers the city advertisements shall be inserted, and what rate of compensation shall be paid for the service.

The proprietors of newspapers which published the City advertisements last year, have nothing to conceal. If the outgoing City Controller is anxious to enlighten the people as to jobbery or the profuse expenditure of public moneys, the GAZETTE is ready to aid him in that enterprise; and whether he has an anxiety in that direction or not, we propose to go into the matter on our own account.

THE ENEMIES OF THE REPUBLIC.

A matter which figures in the Congressional reports is "The Sue Murfey Claim," is well understood to involve principles of radical importance, and its decision in behalf of the claimant will establish a class of claims upon the Treasury, "depleting" that attractive "grab-bag" by an amount variously estimated at from twenty-five to one hundred millions of dollars. These are the claims of Southern citizens, for the use or destruction of private property by our armies during the hostile occupancy of the rebel territories. All claims of this character have been uniformly rejected by the Departments, and the effort now in progress is to override their protests by the force of positive enactments.

Now this particular Susan may be a bright and shining light among the faithful few who, during the rebellion, steadily avowed their fidelity to the flag. Or, she may have been the bitterest of the rebels who contributed so powerfully to fire the Southern heart with an infernal enmity against the "Yankees," and thereby prolonged a contest which Southern statesmen would have abandoned as a hopeless one at least twelve months prior to Lee's surrender. The merits or demerits of this special case may not be safely taken into consideration, for, in either view, that case would be equally covered by the broad principle, which, in the military occupation of a hostile State, takes no legal account of the rights of isolated individuals. Ignoring this principle would open the widest door for reclamations almost entirely without justice, and practically without limit.

If the Sue Murfey claim be allowed by Congress, it will be tantamount to a surrender of that branch of the government for the next fifty days, to the combined assault of all the enemies, open or secret, of Gen. GRANT'S administration, of the public credit, of the National honor, and of the Republican party. This assault has, up to the present moment, been well resisted—thanks to the honesty and ability of a large number of Senators and Representatives whom no bribes have yet bought, whom no blandishments have yet seduced, and whom no shameless jobs have yet betrayed into any degree of complicity in the scandalous corruptions which are fast making the State and National legislatures fit subjects for public and private reproach throughout the Union. To the President-elect, also, the country is deeply indebted for the patriotic frankness with which he has given his great personal and official influence, to aid in stemming a tide of venality and baseness which threatens to submerge the Treasury, and to obliterate the last hope of its ultimate escape from a dishonorable bankruptcy.

We look with an anxiety which we do not care to disguise to the fifty days now separating us from the 4th of March. We implore our friends—the friends of GRANT, of the public honor, of the good name not only of Republicans, but of Americans—to stand firm, in their opposition to each and all of the almost endless catalogue of pending plots in Congress to enrich individuals at the public expense. Let us have the yeas and nays on every vote, that the country may know and mark the men who are willing to betray their official trusts, and blacken their personal honor, for the emoluments which no conscience but that of defaulters, swindlers and thieves could ever enjoy. The Republican press is not all sold—nor is it all for sale. Hundreds of unbought and unpurchasable pens are already chafing under the natural restraints, which have caused remonstrance or denunciation to be so long foreborne. The feather-weight which breaks that camel's back may fall at any moment, and then we can cordially pledge to the plundering swarms, in or out of office, at the Capitol, an outbreak of the public scorn which will find no palliation in past services, and will accept no satisfaction, now or in the future, except the lasting infamy of the criminals.

THE EDUCATION OF THE PEOPLE.

The New York *Teacher* is a monthly magazine of nearly twenty years standing, devoted to Popular Instruction and Literature. The number for the present month contains an elaborate article upon "Public Education in the United States," in which the idea is advanced that the democratic education of the people—that is, the education of all in schools supported at the common expense, and governed by general laws—is necessarily godless, or at least deistic, and, consequently subversive both of piety towards GOD and morality towards man. A remedy for the evils attributed to the prevailing system is propounded, which consists in a ratable distribution of the School Fund of each particular district among the various religious denominations, each to make provision, in its own way, for the instruction of its children and youth, and such others as it may see proper to take under its care.

Before considering the augments by which this assault upon Popular Education is justified, some general reflections may not be altogether valueless.

This term "godless," as applied to purely intellectual training, falls into the category of what, in politics, is called clap-trap. By it an appeal is made, not to reason, but to passion and prejudice. Arithmetic, algebra, geometry, and trigonometry are as "godless," in the sense intended, as any other departments of science whatever; but are they so in reality? All truth is from GOD—mathematical truth as absolutely as moral. And it is stark nonsense to allege that a child cannot study arithmetic without detriment to its moral sentiments unless the mental processes are interlarded with homilies based on the Commandments and Beatitudes. As well say that no child can learn the Commandments or the Creed without detriment to its intellectual faculties, unless intermixed with fragments from the addition or multiplication tables.

In each country and age what is "godless" is determined by the special form of religion prevailing therein. In San Francisco the Chinese fall under popular condemnation; in London, the Mehometans; in Constantinople, the Christians; and so on all round the world. While, therefore, the word "godless," in the sense referred to, may be sufficiently definite for certain theologic uses, it is irrelevant and obtrusive in political discussions, and especially within broader range of politics wherein all men are held to be equal and free.

Moreover, if it is allowable in theologic controversy to denounce every one as impious and immoral who does not subscribe to a particular formula of belief, it is not permissible elsewhere. They who have had large experience know full well that some of the worst of men are religious devotees; that not a few of the most reckless stock gamblers in Wall street, upon whom all the precepts of the moral law rest lighter than a feather, would feel insulted if they were called infidels; while some men who have deep and delicate scruples about consenting to the averments of a popular creed, are circumspect in their lives much beyond the ordinary degree.

Now, to the argument. The essayist justifies his proposition for a denominational division of school funds, by the authority of M. GUIZOT, the Protestant statesman and historian of France, from whom he quotes these words:

"In order to make popular education truly good and socially useful, it must be fundamentally religious. I do not simply mean by this that religious instruction should hold its place in popular education and that the practices of religion should enter into it, for a nation is not religiously educated by such petty and mechanical devices; it is necessary that national education should be given and received in the midst of a religious atmosphere, and that religious impressions and religious observances should penetrate into all its parts. Religion is not a study or an exercise to be restricted to a certain place and a certain hour; it is a faith and a law, which ought to be felt everywhere, and which after this manner alone can exercise all its beneficial influences upon our minds and lives."

We and Mr. GUIZOT are not of opinion. He might as well affirm that it is not "truly good and socially useful" for a boy to learn a trade unless the hours of work are commenced and closed by formal prayer. It is needful, both in the school and shop, that the principles of sound morality should be recognized and enforced, and we see no good reason for insisting upon more.

If, however, he would consent to be understood as affirming that all true work is religious, and, consequently, that an atmosphere of genuine work is a religious atmosphere, we should be nearer at agreement. In the broader sense, this is acknowledged to be correct; yet the narrower distinction which resolves all doings into the distinctly religious or the distinctly secular, is evidently what he intends.

The Family and the Church are the places particularly appropriate for religious instruction. By GOD'S ordination, every father is priest, and every mother priestess, in his and her own household. What is well done here, is seldom undone elsewhere. The Church stands as the public instructor in religion. It cannot ignore or depute its function without loss and shame.

The Sunday School is now used as an adjunct to the Family and Church. So far as it gathers in outcast children, it does a noble work. But whoever institutes a thorough examination will be apt to conclude that so far as it is made to take the place of family instruction, it is a failure and a mistake.

Take a hundred Presbyterian families; question the children upon the Confession of Faith, and the Smaller and Larger Catechisms, and it will be found that there is a lamentable falling off in the exactness and range of instruction, as compared with preceding generations. Sunday School instruction has not in the particulars indicated, proved a substitute for family training. Perhaps this effect is not so much owing to the School as to the quiet development of the age, almost equally manifest in all nations and all climes, which consists in turning measurably away from the past, and stretching out correspondingly to welcome the future.

It may be urged, with plausibility and power, that Sunday School instruction, though less dogmatic than the old family method, is more scriptural. And this certainly deserves consideration. The Sunday School, connected with Protestant churches, has done much, and will do more, to eradicate sectarian peculiartiles, and to blend the whole mass into a general agreement, on the basis of common sentiments and aspirations rather than of identity of mental conceptions and definitions. That this process has advantages, it would be folly to deny. But are the leaders of sects prepared to accept the logical results thereof?

But the *Teacher* does not rest its case exclusively upon the authority of M. GUIZOT. He summons to his aid what he claims to be the practice of France and other European nations, in which the bulk of the inhabitants are of a particular faith, and the public schools are used to propagate the popular religion, of allowing the minorities to have ratable shares of the School Funds. If there is a system of Public Education in France, deserving of the name, we are not aware of its existence. France allows Protestant churches their shares of public moneys devoted to religious uses; but the democratic idea, destined soon to prevail in most European countries, as it does in the United States, is to have no such moneys, for one church or many, but to leave the support of churches to the voluntary exertions of the people.

The concessions now made in Europe in dividing Church or School funds, disclose the degrees to which popular opinion has undermined the old exclusiveness, and indicate the inauguration of democratic ideas in civil government, in church organizations, and in educational systems. It may take a quarter of a century to accomplish this. The process may even be retarded by the concessions wrung from governments. But the end is certain.

For these reasons we are opposed to a division on the basis of denominational differences of public moneys applicable to purposes of public instruction. If the democratic education of the people does not comport with the genius of any church, and cannot be made subsidiary to ends at which it aims, such facts constitute no valid reason why a narrower system of instruction should be devised and adopted. The system now in use is in harmony with the genius of republican government, with the rights of all the people, and with the best hopes of the age, and cannot be abandoned. No thoughtful man would esteem it wise or just in California, to give the followers of Confucius their ratable proportion of the school fund. All arguments to that end, drawn from the rights of conscience, or from their natural solicitude to maintain their children in the ancient faith, would be deemed unconclusive if not impotent. It would be held, that as they voluntarily came hither to reside, they must take their chances under our political institutions, with the full expectation that instead of a falling away from republican ideas there will be a steady increase of republican tendencies. This popularizing movement, however much it may be deplored by those who are not in unison with it, is the grandest movement of the age, and though temporarily impeded, here and there, is destined to prevail universally.

OUR COMMON SCHOOLS.

The condition of the School system of the Commonwealth is set forth in very full details in the Annual Report of Superintendent WICKERSHAM. We regret that our limited space does not permit us to copy this valuable document in full. His comparative statements show that the number of schools has increased 231 during the year, the number of teachers 248, the number of pupils 11,126, the average attendance 27,234, the cost of tuition $144,193.73, of fuel and contingencies $63,577.88, for school buildings $728,353.87, and that the total of expenditures for all purposes has increased $1,039,787.79 during the year. The State appropriations of last year were an increase of $500,000, and for the present year $600,000 are asked by the Superintendent, who estimates the total of State and local expenditures for school purposes at over $6,000,000 per annum. Of the 16,771 teachers employed, 3,297 have attended Normal Schools.

He recognizes the expediency of dispensing with an uniformity of text-books throughout the State. But eight cities and boroughs of the State, including Pittsburgh and excluding Allegheny, have elected Superintendents. Mr. WICKERSHAM urges an increase in the salaries allowed to County Superintendents, and that a census should be taken of all the children between the ages of six and twenty-one years. His report concludes thus:

"We are making progress in our school affairs; facts show it, figures prove it; but how slow the great car moves! School officers neglect ther duties; clergymen often pass by on the other side and let the school suffer; the press speaks out seldom and tamely; statesmen seem almost blind to an interest more important in this country than any other; parents even think more of getting money than knowledge for their children; communities go forward heavily, clumsily, without heart; but still the world moves, and schools move with it; *move it*, rather, for the mightiest of all power today is the power of education. The radical idea that underlies a common school system like ours is the elevation of the whole people. Its work is necessarily slow, for like the fabled Atlas, it bears the whole earth upon its shoulders. Patience, then, friends of popular education, the struggle may be long; courage, the victory will be sure, for we fight for universal light and universal liberty."

THE LATEST railway-subsidy project before Congress, is set forth in the annexed statement of a bill pending in the House Committee on Pacific Railroads:

The Committee will shortly consider a bill, which will be submitted, for the construction of a road on the thirty-fifth line of latitude. It is probable it will be proposed to give a subsidy in the shape of guaranteeing the interest on the company's bonds for fifty years, and requiring a first lien or mortgage of security, for which the company will also be required to pay into the public Treasury three per cent. of its gross earnings for a term of years, say fifty, and one per cent. thereafter for all time. Such a bill as this may get through the Committee, and perhaps through Congress. It is a modification of what was originally proposed, and has thus been materially changed so as to meet less opposition from Gen. Grant and his official friends.

The friends of the Pacific road are besieging Gen. Grant to withdraw his objections to these schemes, and it is thought that such as the above will meet with no opposition from him. (Gammon!)

A WASHINGTON telegram of Saturday says:

The Ways and Means Committee are considering a number of amendments to the Moorhead tariff bill, which they will submit to the House when the bill comes up in Committee of the Whole. It is quite probable that the bill will be materially changed before it finally passes.

THE report of the Taunton (Mass.) Insane Asylum says, in the treatment of persons addicted to the excessive use of opium or alcoholic stimulants, the immediate and total discontinuance of the use of the narcotic or stimulant is found to be the safest course of treatment, and that which gives the most satisfactory result in all cases. This is contrary to the opinion of those who advise a gradual diminution of the quantity from the fear of the effects of long established habits. Intemperance stands at the head of the causes of insanity in this institution.

AFFECTIONS OF THE KIDNEYS AND URINARY ORGANS.

Diseases of this nature are found to exist in persons of all ages. Children, and even infants, are subject to unnatural secretions of the Kidneys, and pain in voiding the urine, as well as adults. Especially is this the case with aged and infirm persons, and those whose habits are sedentary. Nor is this a matter of surprise when we take into consideration the delicate nature of the kidneys, and the important functions they have to perform. All the superfluous, unhealthy and poisonous waste of the system must pass through the kidneys, thence into the bladder, and passes off with the urine; consequently any obstruction in the kidneys, that will prevent these poisonous particles from being thrown off, will be followed by disease of the organs themselves and more or less derangement of the whole system. Among the symptoms of such derangement are the following: Deep seated pain in the small of the back, sometimes extending around the loins in the abdomen, or a dull heavy, numbing pain, extending from the back down the lower extremity of the right abdomen to the inner part of the thigh; great difficulty is experienced in voiding the urine, a feverish skin, headache, nervous and general debility, &c., &c.

In the removal and cure of such diseases, no remedy has yet been discovered that equals DR. SARGENT'S DIURETIC OR BACHACHE PILLS. They have been used extensively for upwards of forty years, and have given perfect satisfaction in every case, and are highly recommended by all who have used them. For sale by all Druggists.

EXUBERANT HEALTH.

Is a blessing vouchsafed to few. Even those who have been favored by nature with strong constitutions and vigorous frames are apt to neglect the precautions necessary to preserve these precious endowments. Indeed, as a rule, the more healthy and robust a man is, the more liberties he is inclined to take with his own physique. It is some consolation to the naturally weak and feeble to know that they can be so invigorated and built up, by a proper use of the means which science has placed at their disposal, as to have a much better chance of long life and exemptions from disease and pain, than the most athletic of their fellows who are foolish enough to suppose themselves invulnerable, and act accordingly.

It is not too much to say that more than half the people of the civilized world *need an occasional tonic*, to enable them to support the strain upon their bodies and minds, which the fast life of this restless age occasions. In fact, a *pure, wholesome, unexciting tonic* is the grand diuretum of the busy millions, and they have the article in HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. It is a SPECIFIC MEDICINE, i. e. it imparts permanent strength to weak systems and invigorates delicate constitutions. Its reputation and its sales have steadily increased. Competitive preparations have been introduced *ad libitum*, and, as far as the public is concerned, *ad libitum*, in the hope of rivaling it; but they have all either perished in the attempt, or been left far in the rear. It has been the GREAT MEDICAL SUCCESS OF THE PRESENT CENTURY, and it is quite certain that no proprietary medicine in this country is as widely known, or as generally used.

Printing presses, running incessantly (Sundays excepted,) the whole year through, barely supply the demand for the illustrated Almanac, in which the nature and uses of the preparations are set forth, the circulation now being over five millions a year.

THE GREATEST OF ALL COUGH MEDICINES.

At this time of the year, when the streets and pavements are covered with snow and slush, it is no wonder that the natural pores and conducts of the body become obstructed, and whole communities become affected with coughs and pulmonary and throat ailments. One of the very best cures for all these diseases will be found in DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP, which at once sets free the imprisoned matter, removes the obstruction, and allays the irritability of the nervous system in such a way as to do no injury to health, or interfere with one's usual avocations. What a blessing it must be to have so potent a remedy in the house as DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP, which, for over twenty years, has gained on the affections and restored the health of thousands of our people. To get the best of what is going is a good rule in anything; but it is especially true with regard to medicine, and there is no cough medicine, that we know of, of equal potency, both as a cure and preventive than DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP.

Sold at the great Medicine Store, No. **140** Wood street. WILL REMOVE AFTER JANUARY 1st to **167** LIBERTY STREET, two doors below Saint Clair.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT OFFICE for LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND THE TREATMENT OF OBSTINATE CHRONIC DISEASES, **140** PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Office hours from 9 A. M. UNTIL 4 P. M.

December 18, 1868.

When and How to Talk.

We take a great deal of pleasure in reprinting the very explicit statements of the Philadelphia *Inquirer*, as follows:

General Grant, hitherto regarded generally as a man of impenetrable reserve, reticence and silence almost absolute, has, during his visit to Philadelphia, so far turned himself inside out that those who have seen most of him have got a clear impression that he is altogether the very most unreserved public man whom they have ever met anywhere. His reported opposition to any further subsidies to Pacific railroads, and the like national grants to corporate enterprises, is abundantly confirmed by his frequent declarations while here in the hearing of all who happened to be present. He has even gone so far as to say that he returns to Washington now for the express purpose of exerting his personal influence with Congress against all appropriations of public money which can by any means be avoided.

THE phrase "not worth a continental dam" originated in the fact that counterfeit notes of Continental currency were marked *dam.*, which was a mere abbreviation of the Latin word *damnatus*, condemned. So says Grant White.

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line IVE CENTS.*

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—HELP—At Employment Office, No. 84 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---SITUATIONS.

WANTED.—A Licensed, Practical Engineer desires a situation either on land or water. Is of steady habits. Address for one week, M. D., Birmingham P. O.

WANTED—SITUATION—By one who can adapt himself to circumstances. He is a ready writer, and quick and accurate in figures. Address EARNEST, Gazette office.

WANTED---BOARDERS.

WANTED—BOARDERS—Pleasant room, with board, suitable for gentleman and wife, or two young gentlemen at **68** FOURTH STREET. Also, a few day or dinner boarders can be accommodated. Reference required.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—$50 to $200 PER MONTH—To sell a New Book pertaining to Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts, by GEORGE E. WARING, Esq., the distinguished Author and Agricultural Engineer of the New York Central Park, &c. Not to be undersold. **200** Engravings. Sells at sight to Farmers, Mechanics and workingmen of all classes. Send for Circulars. A. L. TALCOTT & CO., **38** Market street, Pittsburgh, Penna. de7-a WF

WANTS.

WANTED—TO TAKE ANOTHER STEP IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION.—The Medical Society of Allegheny County met last week and discussed questions of great importance, the object of which seems to be to improve the standard of "Education among Druggists," to secure the "use of pure drugs," &c., &c. This is all very well as far as it goes. Why not go a step farther, and compel every member of the Society to add to each prescription—"No cure no pay is our motto; use this medicine according to directions, and, if it does not render entire satisfaction, call and have your money refunded," &c., &c. Upon this plan Dr. ASBAUGH'S "WONDER OF THE WORLD" is sold. And its success and sale challenge that of any other remedy in the history of medicine. Advertised but little, yet **100** gross orders are received. A single bottle has been known to cure a case of rheumatism of **7** years standing. Thus one bottle introduced into a sick family is a better advertisement than columns in newspapers. I am selling the "WONDER" on the PACKAGE SYSTEM, which requires no one to pay until he knows he has been benefitted. For sale by all dealers. For particulars call at No. **10½** St. Clair street. J. C. TILTON. P. S—Agents wanted at **$60** per month and large commission. jas

WANTED—TO RENT—Any person having a comfortable house of four or five rooms, in a desirable location in either city or suburbs, can hear of a good tenant by addressing J. R. S., GAZETTE OFFICE

WANTED—TO RENT.—TWO or THREE ROOMS OR A SMALL HOUSE, in a pleasant location, by a man and wife; no children. Good reference. Address C., GAZETTE OFFICE.

LOST.

LOST.—A Diamond Cross Breast PIN. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at Dr. McMEAL'S office.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—House on Manhattan Street, Allegheny, of five rooms, hall and attic. Rent low. Immediate possession will be given. Inquire of JOHNSTON & JOHNSTON, Attorneys, No. **81** Diamond street, Pittsburgh. jall

TO-LET.—Dwelling House, No. 94 Wylie street, containing **12** rooms, STORE ROOM, No. **96** Wylie street, corner of Federal Street. Apply to A. M. BROWN, **96** Wylie street, and **114** Fourth Avenue.

TO LET.—WAREHOUSE.—The large Four Story WAREHOUSE, **38** Smithfield street, at present occupied by Messrs. T. B. Young & Co. in the furniture business. Inquire of SIMON JOHNSTON, corner of Smithfield street and Fourth avenue.

FOR RENT.—HOUSE.—A large BRICK DOUBLE HOUSE, containing large Double Parlors, Library, Dining Room, Kitchen and Wash House on lower floor, and **5** bed rooms and bath room on second floor. Also finished attic, good cellar with bake-oven in it, together with large yard paved with shrubbery and fruit trees. Hot and cold water and gas through the house. The house is in good order, finely papered and painted throughout. Marble mantlepieces in parlors, library and dining room. Possession given at once. Located on Eighth (old Seventh) Ward. For terms, &c., address, D. Z., care Box W. Gazette Office.

TO LET—Two most Convenient HOUSES—One with eight rooms and the other eleven, on Eighth street near Penn, opposite Christ Church. Inquire at **277** Penn street.

TO LET.--TWO HANDSOMELY furnished rooms, with gas and fire, one on first floor, and one front up stairs. Inquire at **199** Third avenue.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—Engine and Boiler and Smoke Stack, all in good running order. jall H. SWOYER, **543** Penn street.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—Two lots on Manhattan street, Allegheny, with stone foundations already built. Also several houses for sale on reasonable terms. Inquire of JOHNSTON & JOHNSTON, Attorneys, No. **81** Diamond street, Pittsburgh. jall

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE FARM, Containing **161** acres, located in Allegheny county, **24** miles from the city, on the West Pennsylvania Railroad, and the buildings are within ten minutes walk of Natrona and Karnes stations; **31** acres of timber, **90** acres in grass. The whole farm can be worked by machinery; good brick house of **8** rooms and splendid cellar; large frame barn and all necessary outbuildings; **300** choice grafted fruit trees of all varieties, good soil and well watered; would make a splendid dairy farm. Everything in first-class order, and needs only to be seen to be appreciated, will be sold low as the owner is determined to go South. Terms easy. Apply to, or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. **139** FOURTH AVENUE.

FOR SALE—A Grain Business STAND, located on the line of the Pitts., C. & St. L. R. W., in the best grain district in Ohio, consisting of a two story frame warehouse, **30** by **60**, convenient to Railroad, with side track running into it to accommodate the loading and shipment of Grain; lot **50** by **100** feet. This is a rare chance for a party to engage in a paying business as this stand controls the Grain trade for 50 miles around. There are other advantages connected with the stand which will be explained on application. Satisfactory reasons given for selling. Apply to or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, No **139** Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS LEASE-HOLD—Having a front of **46** feet on Washington street, just above the Grain Elevator, by **115** feet deep along Hill alley, on which is erected **3** three story brick business houses, now renting for **$1,900** per year. Lease has **18** years to run. Ground rent low. Sold separate or together. Price low and terms easy. Apply to or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, **139** Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS STAND—

A well known and prosperous wholesale business stand, with stock and fixtures, is offered for sale. Satisfactory reasons are given for the disposal. Apply at **77** WOOD STREET.

FOR SALE—That fine two story brick warehouse, **24** by **64** feet, situated on OHIO STREET, Allegheny city, No. **95**, now occupied as a Flour and Grain Warehouse. Also, that two story brick dwelling house, **20** by **64** feet, adjoining the above containing six rooms For further particulars enquire on the premises of M. STEEL & SON.

FOR SALE—FARM.—200 acres of good Land, situated in Penn Tp., Westmoreland county, two miles from Irwin Station, on the Penna. R. R. Improvements, hewed log house in good repair, bank barn and other outbuildings. Terms moderate. Enquire of W. WILSON, Larimer's Station, or B. A. HOPE, Penn Station.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

M. W. WILLIAMS.....Sole Lessee and Manager.
The Great sensation of the Age!
THE GREGORYS!! THE GREGORYS!! THE GREGORYS!!! The Miniature Circus of Dogs, Ponies, &c. The Great Spiral Ascension from the Stage to the Dome of the Theatre. TO-NIGHT!! TO-NIGHT!! TO-NIGHT!!! The Flying Men of the Air, &c., &c. Ladies Matinee on Saturday.
Box office open from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. Seats secured in advance. Prices of Admission, 50 cents; Reserved seats, 75 cents. jal1

GRENOBLE WALNUTS,

Paper Shell and Soft Shell Almonds,

Of the new crop, for sale wholesale and retail at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW,
ja11 Corner of Liberty and Hand Streets.

CONNELLSVILLE R. R. BONDS,
BANK STOCKS, TRANSPORTATION, &c. Tuesday Evening, January 12th at 7½ o'clock, will be sold on Second Floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 mithfield street,
$1100 Connellsville Railroad Bonds, Turtle Creek division
25 shares Pittsburgh Savings Bank.
10 " Second National Bank.
40 " Central Transportation Co.
ja11 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

PROPOSALS—With Plans and Specifications for a BRIDGE to be erected across the ALLEGHENY RIVER, from the mouth of FORTY-THIRD (Ewalt) STREET, will be received at the office of SILL & SHUTTERLY, Real Estate Agents, Lawrenceville, and GRAFF, BENNETT & CO., Water street, until the 25th of JANUARY, where a plat and survey of the river can be examined and all other information obtained. By order of the Committee.
J. J. SHUTTERLY.

GRAND CLOSING OUT SALE
Of a First-Class Dry Goods Store.

ALL THE GOODS in the corner store, No. 100 Ohio street, Allegheny City. Sales positive to quit business. Fixtures and two years' lease from April 1st, 1864, for sale, and the entire stock composing a general variety of Dry Goods, Notions, Furs, Carsets, Window Shades, Oil Cloth, &c. The above stock will be sold positively without reserve. The sale to commence forthwith, and continue from day to day until all is sold entirely out. One $85 Singer Sewing Machine, warranted, for sale cheap. Don't forget the place, No. 100 Ohio street, Allegheny City. Also one brick house with four rooms for rent, on East Lane.
ja11:d1 JAMES GOSLING.

AUCTION SALE OF HOSPITAL BEDDING AND CLOTHING.
ASSISTANT MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., January 6, 1869.
Will be sold at public auction, in this city, at the Judiciary Square Warehouse, E street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of January next, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following articles of HOSPITAL BEDDING and CLOTHING, no longer required for the use of the Medical Department, viz:
6,000 pairs of Slippers.
12,000 Caps.
5,000 Gowns.
5,000 pairs of Socks.
10,000 Drawers.
10,000 Shirts.
2,500 Bedsacks.
1,500 Straw Mattresses.
5,000 Sets Mosquito Bar Frames.
5,000 Counterpanes.
5,000 Linen Sheets.
5,000 Pillow.
2,400 White Blankets.
With a very small exception the above goods are all new, and have never been used. They will be sold in lots to suit both large and small purchasers. Terms cash in Government funds.
Five (5) days will be allowed to parties purchasing to remove their property.
CHARLES SUTHERLAND,
Assistant Medical Purveyor, Bvt. Col. U. S. A.
jal1

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

TO MEET THE GENERAL DESIRE OF THOSE who have been deferred from purchasing until after the first of the year, we have concluded to continue our

GREAT REDUCTION SALE

FOR A FEW WEEKS LONGER. This is positively the last opportunity to secure bargains in

CARPETS,

Oil Cloths, Mattings, &c.

Good Carpets for 25 cents a Yard.

OLIVER
M'CLINTOCK
AND COMPANY
No. 23 Fifth Street.
jal1

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between E. HOUSTON, JOHN BIGLEY and W. H. HOUSTON, under the name and style of E. HOUSTON & CO., was dissolved by mutual consent on the first day of November, 1868, JOHN BIGLEY retiring. All business of the late firm will be settled by the remaining partners. Those indebted are urged to settle their accounts on or before February 1st, 1869, as the business of the late firm must be closed by that time.
E. HOUSTON,
JOHN BIGLEY,
W. H. HOUSTON.
PITTSBURGH, Dec. 31st, 1868.

E. HOUSTON. W. H. HOUSTON.

E. HOUSTON & CO.,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 107 Fifth Avenue,

Respectfully inform their patrons and the public generally that they have on hand a large supply of GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING, of all the latest fashions, which they intend to close out at greatly REDUCED PRICES, to make room for a Spring stock. Prices on regular custom work have also been greatly reduced to suit the stringency of the times.
Call and examine the stock and inquire the prices.
E. HOUSTON & CO.,
ja5:c87 107 Fifth Avenue.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

We have this day admitted

LEVI DILLON AND GEO. S. GRISCOM

as members of our firm. The style of the firm will continue unchanged.
BISSELL & CO.
Pittsburgh, January 1, 1869. ja7:c89

TO-LET—THE

LARGE AND SUBSTANTIAL WAREHOUSE,

NOS. 91 AND 92 WATER STREET,

Between Market and Wood streets, (fronting on Water street 45 feet and running through 160 feet to First avenue,) is now for rent. Possession to be given on the 1st of April next. This warehouse is now occupied by Spang, Chalfant & Co. Inquire of
JAMES McAULEY,
At Iron City National Bank, Fourth avenue.
SPANG & CO.
PITTSBURGH, December 21, 1868. ja6:c35

SAMUEL LOGAN,

HOUSE CARPENTER,

AND BUILDER. All kinds of carpenter work done to order. Orders left at the shop, No. 33 FULTON STREET, near Webster, will be promptly attended to. ja9:c34

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between Dr. A. G. & S. G. McCANDLESS was this day dissolved by mutual consent. The books and accounts of the late firm will be settled by Dr. A. G McCandless, at his office, 121 Center Avenue.
N. B.—The patrons of the late firm are requested to settle immediately.
A. G. McCANDLESS,
J. G. McCANDLESS.
Pittsburgh, Jan. 1 1869. ja9:c93

REMOVAL.
DR. HEWITT

HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE from 36 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny, to the office occupied by the late Dr. Joseph A. Herron, 16 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh. All calls after 8 o'clock P. M., must, for the present, be made at his boarding house, No. 148 Washington street, near Fifth avenue. ja9:c97

SCRAP IRON.—40 tons wrought Scrap to arrive per steamer Columbia, for sale by
ja11 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE "VOLKSBLATT."

A certain interested party having stated and circulated the report that I was a copperhead and my paper, the *Volksblatt*, a copperhead sheet, I think it right and proper to refute said unmitigated falsehood by the subjoined card of leading German Republicans.

C. F. BAUER,
Editor and Proprietor of the Volksblatt.

A CARD.

The undersigned, German Republicans, do hereby certify that the *Volksblatt entertains radical republican principles*, and has labored faithfully and zealously for the election of Lincoln, Geary, Grant, Brush and the entire Republican ticket.

J. G. Backofen,	Aug. Ammon,
Joseph Abel,	St. Strunz,
G. Seeleiter,	G. G. Backofen,
G. Stengel,	C. J. Schultz,
John Nusser,	G. A. Neuffer,
Jul. Montzuelmer,	Alf. W. Kredel,
G. Portze',	A. B. Bihlman,
Henry Knoebel,	Charles Hasch,
J. Seiferth & Co.,	Charles Fischer,
A. Steinmeyer,	Herm. Koehler.

January 11, 1869. ja11:d5

RARE AND VALUABLE

BOOKS

At Half Price.

Comprising in Part

BURKITT'S COMPOSITORY NOTES ON THE BIBLE. Folio.
Clark's Commentary. 4 vols.
Dick's Lectures on Theology.
MacKnight's Commentary.
Watson's Theological Institutes.
Butterworth's Concordance.
Carroll's Notes on the Gospels.
Wesley's Notes on the New Testament.
Wesley's Sermons. 2 vols.
History of the Christian Church. Dr. Hase.
Works of Shakspeare. 4 vols.
Works of Edmund Burke. 3 vols. Calf.
Prose and Poetry of England and America. N. P. Willis,
Characteristics of Women. Mrs. Jameson.
Shakspeare's Complete Works. Collier
New Testament in Historical and Chronological order, with Notes.
Webster's Royal Octavo Dictionary.
Johnson's Dictionary.
Ainsworth's Dictionary.
Horne's Introduction to the Study of the Bible. 2 vols.
Newton on the Prophecies.
Dryden's Works. 2 vols.
History of Germany.
Mitchell's New Atlas of the World.
Law Books, Medical Works, &c.
Latin, Greek, Hebrew, French, German and Italian Books and Miscellaneous Works of every description. Call and see them at the Book and News Depot, 41 SIXTH AVENUE.

J. D. EGAN.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. SAMUEL H. BAIRD is authorized to settle the business of the firm at their office, Nos. 112 and 114 SECOND AVENUE.
SAMUEL H. BAIRD,
JAMES PATTON, JR.,
MARY LITTLE,
JOHN H. STEWART,
THOMAS LITTLE, JR.,
SAMUEL H. BAIRD,
Executors of Thomas Little, sr., deceased.
Pittsburgh, December 16, 1868.

THE WHOLESALE GROCERY Business will be carried on at Nos. 112 and 114 SECOND AVENUE, as heretofore, under the firm name of
LITTLE & BAIRD,

HAVING SOLD OUT MY INTEREST in the firm of
LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON,
to my partner, SAMUEL H. BAIRD, I take pleasure in recommending him to the patronage of our customers and the trade generally.
de28:b97 JAMES PATTON, JR.

DISSOLUTION.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm name of Watt & Wilson, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled at the office No. 297 Liberty street.
JOHN WATT,
JOHN WILSON.
Pittsburgh, January 1, 1869.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The Subscribers having purchased the interest of Mr John Watt in the business of Watt & Wilson, have formed a partnership under the name of John Wilson & Son, and will continue the wholesale grocery business at 297 Liberty street.
JOHN WILSON,
GEORGE W. WILSON.
Pittsburgh, January 1, 1869.

IN RETIRING FROM THE FIRM of Watt & Wilson, I take pleasure in recommending my successors to the patronage so kindly extended to us in the past.
JOHN WATT.
Pittsburgh, January 1, 1869. ja6:c82

47. HEADQUARTERS 47.
FOR
BOYS' CLOTHING.

Gray & Logan,
NO. 47 ST. CLAIR STREET,

NOTICE.

The following described Notes, viz:
One Note dated Nov. 5, 1868, at 5 mos. for $4,500
One Note dated Nov. 5, 1868, at 4 mos. for 4,500
One Note dated Nov. 15, 1868, at 4 mos. for 4,500
One Note dated Nov. 15, 1868, at 5 mos. for 4,500
All drawn by SHOENBERGER, BLAIR & CO., to the order of J. H. DUMBLE, Managing Director, and by him endorsed, have been
LOST,
and the public are hereby cautioned against the purchase of the same. They are made payable at the Allegheny National Bank of Pittsburgh, and payment has been stopped. THOS. S. BLAIR, President Cobourg, Peterboro and Marmora Railway and Mining Co.
Pittsburgh, December 31, 1868.

PAPER. PAPER.

Printing, Straw, Rag, Glass, Carpet,

ROOFING, HARDWARE AND MANILLAS,

Manufactured and sold by

FRAZIER, METZGER & CO.,

82 THIRD AVENUE.

CASH PAID FOR ROPE, RAGS AND OLD PAPERS. oc28-z56MF

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES.

American Rink,
New York Club,
Empire, Starr, &c.

All other styles and sizes at the very lowest rates at
WHITESIDES & DRUM,
de14 79 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

N. HOLMES & SONS,
BANKERS, PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN G. HOLMES,
Is this day admitted as a member of our firm. The name and style remain unchanged.
January 1, 1869. N. HOLMES & SONS.
ja4

CORN.—162 sack ear corn to arrive per steamer Belle Vernon, for sale by
ja11 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HEARTH AND HOME.

A WEEKLY JOURNAL
FOR THE
FARM, GARDEN AND FIRESIDE.
EDITED BY
DONALD G. MITCHELL
AND
HARRIET BEECHER STOWE.

NO. 4 NOW READY.

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HOW TO MAKE A GOOD CUP OF COFFEE. Prof. AUSTIN FLINT, Jr.

XXI.
TREES FOR VILLAGE STREETS. Prof. A. J. GRIDLEY.

XXII.
UNCLE ELIHU. Rev. G. B. NEWCOMB.

XXIII.
MRS. HUNNIBEE'S DIARY. (Illustrated.) MRS. LAURA E. LYMAN.

XXIV.
THE CARROT-BASKET. (Illustrated.) MISS GILBERT.

XXV.
A VISIT TO A NEW ENGLAND AGRICULTURAL FAIR. KATE FIELD.

XXVI.
HOW A GIANT MANAGED MATTERS. FRANK R. STOCKTON.

XXVII.
HISTORICAL PIE.

XXVIII.
SONNET.

XXIX.
AMUSEMENTS FOR THE FIRESIDE.

XXX.
STAND AND DELIVER. (A Picture.) HOCKSTEIN.

XXXI.
THE MOUSTACHE MOVEMENT. SUSAN SNAP.

For sale by all Newsdealers.
Single numbers 10 cents. Single copies $4, invariably in advance. Three copies $10. Five copies $15.
N. B.—We shall begin in our next number a powerful story, written expressly for HEARTH AND HOME, by Mrs. Rebeca Harding Davis, author of "Life in the Iron Mills." It will be illustrated by the admirable pencil of Stephens, and will be found to possess the highest interest. jal1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOUSEKEEPING

DRY GOODS.

Bleached and Unbleached
SHEETING MUSLINS.

Bleached and Unbleached
PILLOW CASE MUSLINS.

SHEETING & PILLOW CASE LINENS.

Bleached and Unbleached
TABLE LINENS.

Bleached and Unbleached
SHIRTING MUSLINS.

TABLE NAPKINS AND DOYLIES.

WHITE AND COLORED BED QUILTS.

Bed Ticking, all qualities.

Fine White Country Blankets,

CLEAN AND IN GOOD ORDER.

Full assortment of all kinds of Desirable Goods at the LOWEST PRICES, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
180 AND 182
FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.
ja8

PITTSBURGH IMPORTING HOUSE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

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IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN

WINES AND LIQUORS,

No. 409 Penn Street, Pittsburgh,

Would direct the attention of the public to the fact that, possessing superior facilities through several large Wine and Liquor Houses in Europe, and making their importations direct, they are enabled to offer the various grades of choice WINES AND LIQUORS at prices less than Eastern rates. Examinations of qualities and comparison of prices respectfully solicited.
A choice assortment of pure OLD RYE WHISKEY constantly on hand

JOHN M. COOPER.....JOS. KAYE.....HENRY BIKE.
JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

BRASS FOUNDERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK, of every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.

Corner of Pike and Walnut Streets,
PITTSBURGH.
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FRENCH BURR MILL STONES.

French Burr Smut Machines,

THE BEST WHEAT CLEANERS IN USE.

Portable Flour and Feed Mills,

BOLTING CLOTHS,

All numbers and best quality. For sale at
319 and 321 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
W. W. WALLACE.
au25

NOTICE.—All Persons Having claims against the FEDERAL OIL COMPANY are requested to present the same duly authenticated for settlement. And all persons holding certificates of stock will please have the same properly transferred on the books of the Company to enable them to draw dividend from proceeds of the property which has been sold, and of which dividend will be awarded when debts of the Company are paid or ascertained.
A. B. MILLS, Secretary.
Corner Duquesne Way and Hand street.
Pittsburgh, Jan. 5, 1869. ja6:c70

J. E. SWINT.....J. M. BRATT.....E. A. BRATT.
SWINT & BRATT,
ARCHITECTURAL AND
ORNAMENTAL CARVERS
No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING, of all descriptions, done. oc9:v36

ECONOMIZE YOUR FUEL, by using the
SHIVE CENTRIFUGAL GOVERNOR,
the only true and easily regulated Governor made; perfect in its operations and truly reliable. A large size Governor can be seen at the office of PERCEVAL BECKETT, Mechanical Engineer and Solicitor of Patents, No. 79 Federal street, Allegheny City, the only agent for this Governor in the West. se22:z86

QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.
QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.
QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.
For doing a family washing in the best and cheapest manner. Guaranteed equal to any in the world. Has all the strength of old rosin soap, with the mild and lathering qualities of genuine Castile. Try this splendid Soap. Sold by the ALDEN CHEMICAL WORKS, 48 North Fourth street, Philadelphia.
e2:v87-MWF&F

FOR SALE,
FINE SEED WHEAT,
AT 349 LIBERTY ST.
an29 HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

FRESH FISH.—Benjamin Pul- PRESS still continues to fill all city and country orders for
FRESH WHITE LAKE FISH, SALMON AND BASS.
Send to No. 45 DIAMOND MARKET, Pittsburgh, or his old well known TWIN CITY STAND, Allegheny market oc30

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS—We have in stock a large assortment of styles and various widths of thoroughly seasoned Floor Oil Cloths, which we are offering to the wholesale and retail trade at prices lower, taking quality into consideration, than can be had in this city.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
no30 26 and 28 Sixth street.

CEMENT—50 barrels Hydraulic Cement in store and for sale by
no17 J. B. CANFIELD & SON.

GREEN APPLES—125 barrels in store and for sale by
no17 J. B. CANFIELD & SON

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CASSIMERES, JEANS, &C.,

FOR

MEN AND BOYS' WEAR

BLACK, BROWN AND GOLD MIXED

WATERPROOF CLOTH.

SQUARE AND DOUBLE

PAISLEY SHAWLS.

SQUARE AND DOUBLE

BLACK THIBET SHAWLS.

BLACK

ALPACAS AND POPLINS.

VERY CHEAP.

Irish and French Silk Poplins

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

HEAVY BLACK DRESS SILKS.

OF

Extra Good Quality.

All Departments of this House Well Supplied With Goods.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

180 AND 182

FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.
ja8

QUARTERLY REPORT

OF THE

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK.

PITTSBURGH, January 4, 1869.

Notes and Bills Discounted		$2,041,361 46
U. S. Bonds deposited to secure Circulation	$940,000	
U. S. Bonds deposited to secure Deposits	55,000	995,000 00
Specie and other lawful money		209,712 00
National Currency	$ 9,098 00	
Cash Items	16,182 22	25,280 22
Due by Banks		249,508 36
Real Estate		56,500 00
Taxes and Expenses		3,466 63
		$3,560,828 67
Capital Stock		$1,700,000 00
National Circulation		800,000 00
State Circulation		32,048 00
Individual Deposits	$554,360 27	
United States Deposits	10,479 02	
Due to Banks	39,467 26	604,266 55
Earnings		424,534 14
		$3,560,828 67

I certify that the above is a true abstract of the statement made to the Comptroller of Currency.
H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.

QUARTERLY REPORT

OF THE

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK.

PITTSBURGH, January 4, 1869.

ASSETS.

Notes and Bills Discounted	$ 622,618 73
Bonds and Mortgages	62,158 19
United States Bonds deposited to secure Circulation	500,000 00
Specie and other lawful money	141,824 41
Circulating Notes of other National Banks	8,360 00
Circulating Notes of other State Banks	1,054 00
Cash Items, Clearing House Checks &c	55,649 82
Due by Banks and Bankers	211,362 21
Real Estate	71,828 76
	$1,674,854 76

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$ 500,000 00
National Circulation	436,926 00
State Circulation	9,904 00
Individual Deposits	544,354 53
Dividends Unpaid	27,465 79
Surplus Fund and Earnings	151,358 75
Due to Banks and Bankers	4,745 05
	$1,674,854 12

The above is a true abstract from Report made to the Comptroller of the Currency.
W. McCANDLESS, Ass't Cashier.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE PITTSBURGH BANK FOR SAVINGS, December 31, 1868.

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$ 75,000 00
Due Depositors	430 619 97
Contingent Fund	12 459 28
	$518,079 25

ASSETS.

Bonds, Mortgages	$426,651 35
Bills Receivable	59,096 13
Office fixtures	468 00
Cash	31,863 87
	$518,079 25

D. E McKINLEY, Treas.

The undersigned Auditing Committee respectfully Report that they have examined the Books and Assets of the Bank, and find the above statement to be correct.
S. H. HARTMAN,
ROBT. C. SCHMERTZ,
G. FOLLANSBEE,
Pittsburgh, January 2, 1869.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. CO.
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
PITTSBURGH, December 15, 1868.
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have declared the regular QUARTERLY DIVIDEND, (No. 20) of 2½ per cent. free of Government Tax, on the capital stock for the quarter ending December 31, 1868, and semi-annual interest of 3½ per cent., less Government Tax, on the Third Mortgage Bonds, payable on and after MONDAY, the 19th day of January, 1869, at the office of WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., No. 27 PINE STREET, to those registered at New York, and at the office of the Treasurer, to those registered at Pittsburgh.
The Transfer Books will close on SATURDAY, 26th instant, at 2 P. M., and re-open TUESDAY, the 20th of January, 1869, at 10 A. M.
F. M. HUTCHISON,
de28:b100 Secretary.

PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.—The Coupons of the above Bonds, due JANUARY 1st, will be paid after that date on presentation and delivery at the office of the Treasurer, Pittsburgh, or at the Merchants' National Bank of Baltimore.
JOHN H. PAGE, Jr., Treasurer.
Office P. C. R. R. Co., Pitts'h Dec. 18, 1868.
de21:v71-MWF

FURS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

FURS! FURS! FURS!

AT

McCORD & CO's,
131 WOOD STREET.

KEYSTONE POTTERY.

S. M. KIER & CO.,
manufacturers of
QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.
Office and Warehouse, 363 LIBERTY STREET.
All orders promptly attended to.

DIVIDENDS.

NATIONAL TRUST CO., Pittsburgh, January 6, 1869.
DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Bank have to-day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., Payable on the 13th, free of tax.
ja7: 88 ROBERT GRIER, Cashier.

BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 45 Ohio Street, Allegheny, Pa., January 5, 1869.
THE DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share, to be credited on the Stock Notes.
ja7:c87 GEO. D. BIDDLE, Secretary.

MERCHANTS AND MANUF'RS NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, January 5, 1869.
DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., On the capital stock out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith, free of all taxes.
ja6:c75 JOHN SCOTT, Jr., Cashier.

OFFICE OF ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO., No. 37 Fifth Avenue, PITTSBURGH, January 4, 1869.
DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share, free of tax, payable in cash on and after Monday, the 11th inst
ja6:c77 C. G. DONNELL, Secretary.

OFFICE OF ARTISANS INSURANCE CO., Pittsburgh, January 4, 1869.
THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS PER SHARE, out of the earnings of the last six months, to be credited on the Stock Notes.
ja6:c71 J. G. COFFIN, Secretary.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, January 4th, 1869.
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Bank have declared a dividend of five per cent. on the Capital Stock out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith free of all tax.
ja6:c80 W. M'CANDLESS, Assistant Cashier.

MANUFACTURERS & MERCHANTS INSURANCE CO. JANUARY 9th, 1869.
DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS PER SHARE, payable to Stockholders on and after the 11th inst., free of tax.
ja5:c59 WM. P. JONES, Secretary.

MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, January 2, 1869.
A DIVIDEND OF EIGHT PER CENT., free of taxes, will be paid to the Stockholders of the Bank, on and after January 12th, inst.
ja5:c44 JNO. G. MARTIN, Cashier.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.— FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, Pa., late PITTSBURGH TRUST COMPANY. The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of three per cent. on the capital stock out of the profits of the last three months, payable forthwith, free of State and Government tax.
ja5:c32 J. D. SCULLY.

OFFICE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY, Pittsburgh, January 1, 1869.
DIVIDEND---The President, Managers and Company for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS on each share of the capital of the Company, payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives, by the Treasurer, forthwith.
ja4:M.W.F. WM. ROSEBURG, Treas'r.

THE LITTLE SAW MILL RUN RAILROAD CO Temperanceville, Dec. 26, 1868.
THE LITTLE SAW MILL RUN RAILROAD CO.—Have this declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT., free of Government tax on the profits of the last six months, payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the FIRST DAY OF JANUARY, 1869, at the office of the company.
de30:c9 WM. ESPY, President.

NOTICES.

PITTSBURGH, January, 8th, 1869.
THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the COLUMBIA OIL COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 108 Sixth Street, at 9 o'clock A. M., Thursday, January 14th. An election will be held for seven Directors to serve for the ensuing year.
A. P. McGREW,
ja9:z96 Secretary.

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, January 4th, 1869.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION for Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, No. 423 Penn street, on Tuesday, January 12, between the hours of 10 P. M. and 2 P. M.
ja5:c36 ROBT. J. GRIER, Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, December 17th, 1868.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION for NINE DIRECTORS of this Bank to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, corner of FIFTH AVENUE and WOOD STREET, on TUESDAY, January 12, 1869, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
de18:b59 J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.

MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS NAT. BANK, PITTSBURGH, Dec. 12, 1868.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION for DIRECTORS of this Bank will take place at the BANKING HOUSE, corner of First and Wood streets, on TUESDAY, January 12th 1869, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
de14:b36 JOHN SCOTT, Jr., Cashier.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PA., PITTSBURGH, December 12th, 1868.
ELECTION NOTICE.—The Annual Election of Directors of this Bank to serve during the ensuing year, will tak place at the Bank, on TUESDAY, January 12th, 1869, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
de14:b38 JOHN E. LIVINGSTON, Cashier.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, Dec. 12, 1868.
NOTICE.—The Annual Elec- TION for DIRECTORS to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 12th, 1869, between the hours of 1 and 3 P. M.
de12:b36 R. S. SMITH, Cashier.

MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, Dec. 11, 1868.
AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 12th, 1869, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
de12:b31 JOHN G. MARTIN, Cashier

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, Dec. 12, 1868.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION of Directors to serve during the ensuing year will be held at the Banking House on TUESDAY, January 12th, 1869, between the hours 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
W. McCANDLESS,
de12:b29 Assistant Cashier

PITTSBURGH NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, December 11, 1868.
The annual election for Nine Directors of this Bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, corner of Wood street and Sixth avenue, on TUESDAY, January 12, 1869, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M.
JOSEPH H. HILL, Cashier.

PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, December 12, 1868.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION for ELEVEN DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the Banking House on TUESDAY, January 12, 1869, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M.
de12:b41 F. M. GORDON, Cashier.

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, December 12, 1868.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION for ELEVEN DIRECTORS will be held at the Banking House on TUESDAY, January 12 1869, between the hours of 10 and 12 A. M.
de15:b42 CYRUS CLARKE, JR., Cashier

CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSB'GH, PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 12, 1868.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION for Nine Directors of this Bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, 12th January, 1869, between the hours of 10 A. M., and 2 P. M,
de19:b93 J. E. BRADY, JR., Cashier,

OFFICE ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO., No. 37 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, January 1, 1869.
AN ELECTION for TWELVE DIRECTORS to serve for the ensuing year, will take place at the office of the company on MONDAY, January 11th, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
ja1:c20 C. G. DONNELL, Secretary.

OFFICE OF BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO., ALLEGHENY, PA., Dec. 29, 1868.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR FIFTEEN DIRECTORS, to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the company, 41 OHIO STREET, on MONDAY, January 11th, 1869, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
de30:c7 GEO. D. RIDDLE, Secretary.

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, December 12, 1868.
The Annual Election of Di- rectors for this Bank will take place at the Bank on TUESDAY, January 12th, 1869, between the hours of 12 o'clock, M. and 3 o'clock P. M.
H. M. MURRAY,
de12:b29:D W Cashier.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &c.

THE BEST STOVES.

A. BRADLEY & CO.

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE.

Sole Agents for the celebrated Base Burning Oriental Stoves and Furnaces for Hard Coal or Coke. Best in the World for Parlor, Office, Store or Church. Fire needs no rekindling—burns all winter. Do not buy until you see or send for Circular.

No. 30 WOOD STREET

Our Agents for Orientals—DEMMLER BROS., Smithfield St.; GEO. HUBLEY, Allegheny City.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

STOVES,

BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR," COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE, CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

206 and 208 Liberty Street,

se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

IRON WORKS.

NOTICE.—We have this day associated with us in co-partnership, EDWIN MILES and JOHN S. SLAGLE. The business will be continued as heretofore under the name and style of

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.

Pittsburgh, January 1st, 1869.

DUQUESNE WORKS,

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

Manufacturers of

IRON, NAILS. STEEL,

AXLES AND SPRINGS,

Duquesne Iron, Sheet and Tank Iron, Juniata Iron, Wagon Box Iron, Charcoal Iron, Cylinder Iron, X Iron, Flanged Cutter Bars, Guard Iron, Drag and Dropper Bars, T Rail for Coal Roads, Iron Wedges, Flat Rail for Coal Roads, Boiler Iron, Crow Bars, Chain Links, Boiler Heads, Steel and Iron Harrow Teeth, Carriage, Wagon, Seat and Coach Springs, and Axles, all styles; slab Steel for Plows, Cultivator Steel, Steel Wings and Moulds cut to pattern, Spring Steel all sizes, A. B. Steel and Steel Tire, Steel Crow Bars, Steel Shafting, &c.

ALL GOODS FIRST CLASS AND WARRANTED.

Offices and Works 16th street and Allegheny river and 77 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh.

ja4:c22

JAS. VERNER, Pres't. ..... W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE

AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, P...

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House, PITTSBURGH.

ap24:d8

STEEL WORKS.

DUQUESNE

IRON AND STEEL WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron, Nails and Steel, Carriage and Wagon Springs and Axles.

Duquesne, XL, and Juniata Merchant Bar, Round and Square Iron; Band, Hoop, Sheet and Plate Iron; Oval, Half Oval and Half Round Iron; Cylinder and Wagon Box Iron; Drag and Dropper Bars; T and Flat Rail for Coal Roads; Cut Nails and Spikes; Plow, Spring and A B Steel; Laminated Steel; Cutter Bars, Crow Bars, &c., &c.

Office and Warehouse—77 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:

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SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

oc14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, 140, 122, 124 SECOND and 119 and 121 FIRST STREETS,

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FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

KNAP FORT PITT

FOUNDRY COMPANY.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

TWELFTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA,

☞ Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY

AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WILLIAM SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE,

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are a cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of

General Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

ATLAS WORKS,

MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

PITTSBURGH.

THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.
Boilers, Oil Tanks.
Sheet Iron Work.
Railroad Castings.
Rolling Mill Castings.
Engine Castings.
Machine Castings.
General Castings.

ORDERS SOLICITED

no9:n89

L. O. LIVINGSTON. W. H. BURT. W. A. ROBINSON, JR.

LIVINGSTON & CO.,

IRON FOUNDERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE LIGHT CASTINGS,

All descriptions, for Plumbers and Gas Fitters; Agricultural Implements, Cotton and Woolen Mill Machinery, &c.

All Job Work promptly attended to.

Office and Works—WASHINGTON AVENUE, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City, Pa.

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office, No. 12, corner First and Smithfield Streets.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r52

MONT BLANC FOUNDRY.

Butler Street, Ninth Ward,

(Opposite Union Iron Mills,)

PITTSBURGH.

Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,

MACHINERY AND CASTINGS GENERALLY.

Orders promptly and carefully executed. Charges reasonable.

EBBERT & MACKLIND.

oc15:128

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. my14:q5

CENTRAL FOUNDRY

AND ROLL WORKS

880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

IRON BROKERS.

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,

IRON BROKER,

124 First Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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Agents Central and Union Pacific Railroad companies, corner Fourth and Wood streets. de8:b13

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, January 9, 1869.

Gold, which looked strong in the morning at 135¾, declined to 135⅛; the market, although with a firm undertone, has nothing to indicate any rise, the more so since it requires but little encouragement from Congress in the shape of legalizing contracts, or an act to absolutely making our bonds payable in gold, or creating a contingent fund in gold to redeem a certain percentage of the first issues of bonds; to advance the price of all American securities in Europe so much that all shipments of coin to Europe are out of the question, and the gold premium will readily decline from 5 to 10 per cent.

The completion of the Pacific Railroads will also aid in the cheap production of the precious metals from the Rock mountain regions, together with the encouragement which the cultivation of cotton has met the past year, and our foreign imaginary balances will soon be in our favor instead of against us.

Government bonds have still further advanced by the absorbtion for investment and the advanced quotations in Europe. The price has, however, so rapidly advanced that a counteraction may be followed before the middle of the month.

Railroad shares are less firm, except Rock Island and North Western; Erie, Ohio & Mississippi, New York Central, Cleveland and other shares are all lower. The easy money market may temporarily have the effect of advancing prices, but a heavy decline must soon follow, and the present easy money market is only a precursor of a heavy fall in prices on the stock exchange. The watering process has so far turned out very well for those who held stocks, but the owners wish to realize, as it is impossible to earn large dividends on capital stock that has been trebled within the last few years, whilst the business of the country has been diminished. Express shares are dull.

Local securities more in demand. Business dull.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 135⅛; Silver, 130; Eighty-one's, 112; Five Twenties, 1862, 112⅞; do 1864, 109¼; do 1865, 109¾; do 1865, Consols, 108⅜; do 1867, 108½; do 1868, 108¾; Ten Forties, 106⅛; New York Central, 157¼; Erie, 29⅜; Reading, 94⅞; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 119; Ohio & Mississippi, 33⅞; Michigan Southern, 90⅛; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 85¾; Chicago & Rock Island, 124⅛; Chicago & North Western, 84¾; do Preferred, 85⅝; Western Union Telegraph Company, 33⅞; Pacific Mail, 122½; Adams Express, 48; Merchants, 13½; Gregory, 3,60; Quartz Hill, 73; Smith and Parmele, 2,60.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.: Gold, 135¼; United States Sixes, 1881's, 113; 5-20's, 1862, 112¾; 5-20's, 1864, 108¼; 5-20's, 1865, 109¾; 10-40's, 106¼; 5-20's, January and July, '65, 108⅛; 5-20's, January and July, '67 108¼; '68, 108¾; June 7-30's, par less ¼; July 7-30's, do ¼; 7-30's, due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, par; Central, par.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, January 9, 1869.

GENERAL REVIEW.

The oil market has been characterized by considerable excitement during the week which has just closed, the sales, in the aggregate, being larger than for several weeks preceding, and prices have materially advanced. There has been an unusually large number of "lines" sold, running from two to twelve months, at all kinds of prices, according to the deliveries, and, as we have already intimated, at an advance over last week's quotations. The buyers, as a general thing, were Pittsburghers, many of whom were "short sellers," anxious to cover up. Receipts of Crude for the week 8,570 barrels—last week, 7,922; from January 1st to date, 8,570 barrels; same time last year, 66,047. Exports of Refined, 6,751 barrels, against 8,061 last week. Sales this week, 82,400 barrels, against 26,500 last week, showing an increase of 55,900 barrels. Thus it will be seen that business thus far this year has been quite active, unusually so, but how long it will continue it is difficult to conjecture.

CRUDE.

The Crude market has been very strong all the week, and with an unusually large volume of business prices, compared with last week, have materially advanced, and the tendency is still upward. We can report a sale of 2,000 bbls January to June, sellers option, at 14; and $200 was paid for the privilege of "putting" in 1,000 bbls between now and July 1st, at 14. Indeed 14 cents is the standard price for any delivery within the next six months, sellers option.

REFINED.

Also continues strong, with considerable inquiry, and but little offering, and prices are firm and tending upward. Sale 500 bbls each January and February at 32; 500 January at 31½; 500 each March to July, inclusive, at 34; 500 March to June at 34; offers to buy January to December at 30¾ to 31, advancing ½; January to March at 32¼; January to June at 33¼: A private telegram from New York reported 33 bid for spot, *by exporters*! Thus it will be seen that the market closes this week, as it opened, excited and strong with an upward tendency.

Fisher & Bro.	360	Roess & Bro.	600
McKee, H. & Co.	320	D. M. Edgerton	80
Fawcett, L. & S.	960	R. T. Leech	480
John Spear	50	W. McCutcheon	150
Total			3000

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

H. Koehler & Co., 56 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Buffum, Kenew & Co., 200 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

McKelvy Bros. & Co., 162 do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

B. W. Morgan & Co., 150 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Fulton, Marvin & Co., 100 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined 608

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Union Ref. & St. Co., 112 do refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

R. W. Burke, 50 do tar to Parafine Co., New York.

Total shipments Refined 120
" Tar 50

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, January 9, 1869.

The general markets have been dull during the past week, and there is but little prospect at present of any immediate improvement. Flour and some kinds of Grain were a little firmer during the early part of the week, in sympathy with Chicago, but there was no improvement in the demand, and no advance in prices. The general impression is that these commodities are not likely to go any higher, and those who have bought with that expectation, will most likely be disappointed. Everything emanating from the Hog product is firm and higher. In other articles there has been no important changes.

APPLE BUTTER—Dull; 70 to 80 cents.

APPLES—Are coming in more but with a continued steady demand, prices are well sustained, $3,50 to $5,50 per bbl.

BUTTER—Is in good supply and dull but unchanged; we continue to quote at 35 to 40 for good to prime Roll.

BEANS—$3,50 to $3,75 per bushel.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—4 to 4½ cts.

CRANBERRIES—$20 to $23 per bbl.

CHEESE—15 to 20c, as to quality.

CORNMEAL—$1 to $1,10 per bush.

CARBON OIL—Is firm and tending upward and we now quote at 26 to 26½, for standard white, in a jobbing way.

DRIED FRUIT—The demand is better and the market is getting stronger, though as yet prices are unchanged. Peaches at 12 to 13 for quarters, and 15 to 16 for halves. Apples, 10 to 11c.

DRESSED HOGS—Sales at 13 to 14c.

EGGS—Dull at 30 to 32c.

HEMP—Quoted at $210 per ton.

HAY—Sales on wharf of common to strictly prime Timothy at $18 to $25 per ton.

SEEDS—Small sales of Cloverseed at $9, and Timothy at $3,25 to $3,50. No movement in Flax.

HOMINY—Sales at $6,25 to $6,50.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is firm and higher; we now quote Shoulders at 15 and Sugar Cured Hams at 19. Country Lard, 17 to 18 and prime City at 19 to 19½ in tierces, and 20 to 22½ in kegs. Mess Pork, $29,50 to $30.

LARD OIL—Has still further advanced, and may now be quoted at $1,35 to $1,38 for No. 2, and $1,63 to $1,65 for No. 1.

POTATOES—Dull but unchanged; sales by the car load at 75c and in store at 80 to 85c,

SALT—Is still quoted at the advance, $2 by the car load, and 10 to 15 cts higher for small lots in store.

GRAIN—There is little or nothing doing in Wheat, and while the market is dull prices are nominally unchanged. Oats quiet but firm; generally held at 65 on track, and 67 to 68 in store. Rye may be quoted at $1,47 to $1,48 for small lots, and $1,50 for round lots. Corn continues dull and new shelled may be quoted at 80 to 82½, little or no old corn in this market. Occasional sales of Western Barley at $1,85 to $1,90.

MILL FEED—The following are the Pearl Mill prices: Bran, $1,10; Shipstuffs, $1,30; Middlings, $2, Screenings, $1, and Rye Shorts, $2.

TALLOW—Rendered: 11 to 11½c.

PEANUTS—$1,75 per bushel.

FEATHERS—Live Geese Feathers quoted at 80 to 85 to the trade, and 90 to 95c, in a retail way.

FLOUR—The little flurry noted the other day, has about subsided, and the market is quiet and unchanged. We quote Spring Wheat, $7,50 to $8,00, and Winter Wheat, $8,75 to $9,25 per barrel. Rye Flour, $7,75 to $8. The Pearl Mill quote their best brands, made of the best Wheat, as follows: Extra Family Flour, in barrels, at $9,50, and, in sacks, $9,20 per barrel; Double Extra Family, in barrels, $10,20, and, in sacks, $9,90 per barrel; Spring Wheat Flour, in barrels, $8,00, and, in sacks, $7,70 per barrel. The City Mills quote prices as follows: Extra Family, (Winter) in barrels, $9,50, and, in sacks, $9,20 per barrel; Double Extra Family, in barrels, $10,00, and, in sacks, $9,70 per barrel, and Spring, $8,00, in barrels, and $7,70, in sacks, per barrel.

WHISKY—Sales Highwines, in a jobbing way, at 97 to $1.

VENISON—Sales of saddles at 23 to 25 cts. per pound; and by the carcass at 6 to 8 cents.

CINCINNATI, January 9.—Flour firm and in good demand; family, $7,75a8,00. Wheat firm; No. 2, $1,70. Corn dull at 63c for ear or shelled. Oats quiet at 60a61c. Rye in moderate demand at $1,65. Barley unchanged and quiet at $2,15a2,25. Cotton unsettled and held out of market; 28c asked for middling. Whiskey dull at 98a99c. Hogs firm; live, $10a11; dressed, $11,50a12,50; receipts 1,000 head. Provisions generally firm, but the demand is light; not much done; the high prices check speculation. Mess Pork is held at $30. Bulk Meats, 12a14½c for shoulders and sides. Bacon held at 14a18c for shoulders and clear sides; green hams sold at 15½c and sides at 13½c from block. Lard held at 20c; small lots sold at 19½c. Sugar Cured Hams, 18c. Butter dull at 33a38c. Eggs, 30c. Linseed Oil held at $1,05, but only retail sales at this rate. Lard Oil firm at $1,55a1,60. Star Candles higher; No. 1, 23c. Clover Seed steady at 15c per pound. Timothy firm at $3. Gold, 134¾ buying. Exchange firm at 1 1-10 discount buying, and par selling.

MILWAUKEE, January 9.—Flour dull and prices unchanged. Wheat dull at $1,22½ for No. 1, and $1,13½ for No. 2. Oats dull at 57c for No. 2. Corn firm at 53c for new. Rye firm at $1,10 for No. 2. Barley nominal at $1,65 for No. 2. Provisions firm and quiet. Mess Beef, $13 for city. Mess Pork, $28,50 for prime city. Lard, 19c. Receipts —3,000 bbls flour, 28,000 bus wheat, 2,000 bus oats, 2,000 bus corn, 1,000 bus rye, 3,000 dressed hogs. Shipments—300 bbls flour, 300 tierces pork, 100 do. lard.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE.

GLASS.

Du Brunfaut, in Paris, has recently exhibited articles made of spun glass, such as head dresses, watch chains, curled and smooth ostrich feathers, &c., differing from those in ordinary use only in being much finer and more durable. The usual objection to glass fabrics, of brittleness, &c., does not apply here, as the thread is as fine as a spider's web, and not inferior in strength to the best wool, while far exceeding it in beauty. The flexibility of the thread may be readily appreciated, from the fact that it may be worked in the sewing machine as well as in the netting machine.

BRONZE PAINT.

Berlin iron work and delicate iron castings are bronzed for their better preservation against rust, by means of a paint, of which ferro-cyanide of copper forms the basis, and which is obtained as follows: To a solution of sulphate of copper is added a solution of ferro-cyanide of potassium, which results in the deposit of a brown precipitate of cerro-cyanide of copper. This is mixed with the proper substances to produce the various shades of bronze. When an article has been coated with this paint, and before it is quite dry, if dusted over with copper bronze powder and allowed to dry thoroughly, the effect will be that of bright copper after being polished. A green bronze tint is produced by washing with a solution of acetate of copper. When perfectly dry, the higher parts of the casting must be rubbed with a piece of clean rag to bring out the brown copper color, when it will appear like a bronze that has become green by age. If the bright copper-colored bronze above mentioned be brushed over with black lead it will produce the brown bronze. Yellow, or pale bronze, is obtained by using yellow bronze, or brass powder, instead of copper powder.

HARD CEMENT,

According to a foreign scientific journal, may be made as follows: To four or five parts of clay, thoroughly dried and pulverized, add two parts of fine iron filings free from oxyd, one part of peroxide of manganese, one-half of sea salt and one-half of borax. Mingle thoroughly and render as fine as possible, then reduce to a thick paste with the necessary quantity of water, mixing thoroughly well. It must be used immediately. After application it should be exposed to warmth, gradually increasing almost to a white heat. This cement is very hard and presents complete resistance alike to red heat and boiling water. Another cement is made according to the followlng process: To equal parts of sifted peroxide of maganese and well pulverized zinc white, add a sufficient quantity of commercial soluble glass to form a thin paste. This mixture, when used immediately, forms a cement quite equal in hardness and resistance to that obtained by the first method.

SOME new combinations of tin and lead are recommended for culinary and other vessels, on account of their not being acted on by vinegar or salt water. One of these consists of one part of tin and 2.24 of lead—the lead being first melted and skimmed off, and the tin then added, stirring round the whole until cooled, to prevent the lead falling to the bottom. This alloy has a density of 9.64, and melts at 300 degrees. It may be rolled out in the cold, and takes a fine polish, which it retains. It leaves a streak on paper, and does not clog a file. The second alloy consists of one part of tin and 2.26 parts of lead. This is harder, tougher and less extensible than the other, and fills up the file.

YEAST BREAD.

Professor Horsford, of Harvard University, recently delivered an interesting lecture on the "Philosophy of the Oven." He closed his remarks by giving the following special instructions for making good yeast bread: Select good, plump, fully ripened, hard grained wheat. Have it ground, and not too finely boiled. Prepare the yeast as follows: Boil thoroughly with the skins on, in one quart of water, enough potatoes to make a quart of mashed potatoes. Peel the boiled potatoes and mash them to fineness; a ix intimately with them one pint of flour, and stir the whole to an emulsion with the water in which the potatoes were boiled. Cool the product to eighty degrees, Fahrenheit, lukewarm, and add half a pint of the best baker's yeast and a tablespoonfull of brown sugar. Set aside the mixture at an even temperature of about eighty degrees till it works well, or is in active fermentation. If this yeast talk half a pint to a gallon (7 lbs.) of flour, mixed with three pints of water, or two of water and one of milk, all at the temperature of about 80 degrees, add a little salt, knead thoroughly and set aside to rise at the temperature mentioned. When it has risen to nearly the full volume for the dough, divide it into loaves, knead again, set it aside at the temperature a ready named, till it attains the full size of the loaf, and place in an oven heated to not less than 450 degrees. Let the loaves of dough be smaller than the tins. Keep them covered with a flat tin plate or stiff paper till the dough is fully raised and to the heat carried up to and sometimes maintained throughout the loaf at 212 degrees to convert all the starch to the mucaginous or emulsion form and destroy the ferment. Then remove the cover and permit the browning to take place. If the loaves are large a higher temperature will be required. Seven pounds of fine flour will make eight loaves of 1¼ lb. each when baked, or four of 2½ lb each. Such yeast will keep a week in winter, and from two to four days in summer.

IMPROVED METHOD OF CASTING IRON PIPES.

A recent German journal contains a notice of a pipe foundry near Nancy, in France, in which certain improvements over German methods are pointed out, and which may be of interest to our readers, although substantially the same practice, in many respects, has been for some time in use in the United States. The advantage claimed, among others, is greater despatch, inasmuch as a tube can be moulded and cast in two hours' time, or four or five in a day, from one box, instead of requiring twenty-four hours.

The boxes for casting the tubes in the establishment in question are set up on end, in a semicircle, around a crane that commands the whole of them, and consists of two semi-cylindrical jointed portions connected by pins. At their lower end is a valve, serving to close the tube, while a conical depression in the middle receives the spindle of the pattern and of the core, exactly centreing them. Tubes of different sizes are provided, so that there need not be more than one and a half or two inches space between the pattern and the walls, and the labor of stamping is thus diminished. Small apertures are, of course, left in the moulds, to permit the escape of the gases. The mould is made in the usual manner, the patterns being of smooth and polished iron, and turned around once on its axis, before being withdrawn, by means of the crane, Heated gaseous matter (the product of combustion) is then admitted from the furnace intended through the tube until the sand is perfectly dry, which takes place in from one to two hours. The core is then inserted, and the casting effected. The connection between the furnace and the casting tubes is established by means of a slide or valve.

FEMININE AMENITIES.

(From the Saturday Review.)

A man's foes are those of his own household, and the keenest enemies of women are women themselves. No one can inflict such humiliation on a woman as a woman can when she chooses; for if the art of high handed snubbing belongs to men, that of subtle wounding is peculiarly feminine, and is practiced by the best bred of her sex. Women are always more or less antagonistic to each other. They are gregarious in fashions and emulative in follies, but they can not combine; they never support their weak sisters; they shrink from those who are stronger than the average; and if they would speak the truth boldly, they would confess to a radical contempt for each other's intellect, which is perhaps the real reason why the sect of the "emancipated" commands so small a following. Half a dozen ordinary men advocating "emancipation" doctrines would do more toward leavening the whole bulk of woman-kind than any number of first-class women. Where they do stand by each other it is from instinctive or personal affections rather than from class solidarity.

It is amazing to see the things they can do and will bear—things which no man would deem of standing, and which no man would dare attempt. This is because they are not taught to respect each other, and because they have no fear of consequences. If one woman is insulted by another, she cannot demand satisfaction or knock the offender down, and it is unladylike to swear and call names. She must bear what she can repay only in kind: but, to do her justice, she repays in a manner undeniably effective and to the point. There is nothing very pronounced about the feminine mode of aggression and retaliation, and yet it is eloquent, and sufficient for its purpose. It may be only a stare, a shrug, a toss of the head; but women can throw an intensity of disdain into the simplest gesture which answers the whole end perfectly. The unabashed serenity and unflinching constancy with which one woman can stare down another, is in itself an art that requires a certain amount of natural genius, as well as careful cultivation. She puts up her eyeglass—not being short-sighted—and surveys the enemy standing two feet from her, with a sublime contempt for her whole condition, or with a still more sublime ignoring of her existence altogether, that no words could give. If the enemy is sensitive and unused to that kind of thing, she is absolutely crushed, destroyed for the time, and reduced to the most pitiable state of self-abasement. If she is of a tougher fibre, and has had some experience of feminine warfare, she returns the stare with a corresponding amount of contempt or of obliviousness; and from that moment a contest is begun which never ceases, and which continually gains in bitterness. The stare is the weapon of offence most in use among women, and is specially favored by the experienced against the younger and less seasoned. It is one of the instinctive arms native to the sex, and we have only to watch the introduction of two girls to each other to see this, and to learn how even in youth is begun the exercise which time and use raise to such deadly perfection.

In the conversation of women with each other we again meet with examples of their peculiar amenities to their own sex. They never refrain from showing how much they are bored; they contradict flatly, without the flimsiest veil of apology to hide their rudeness; and they interrupt ruthlessly, whatever the subject in hand may be. One lady was giving another a minute account of how the bride looked yesterday when she was married to A., of somewhat formidable repute, and with whom, if report was to be trusted, her listener had had sundry tender passages which made the mention of his marriage a notoriously sore subject. "Ah! I see you have taken that old silk which Madame Josephine wished to palm off on me last year," said the tortured listener brusquely, breaking into the narrative without a lead of any kind; and the speaker was silenced.

In this case it was the interchange of doubtful courtesies, wherein neither deserved pity; but to make a disparaging remark about a gown, in revenge for turning the knife in a wound, was a thoroughly feminine manner of retaliation, and one that would not have touched a man. Such shafts would fall blunted against the rugged skin of the coarser creature, and the date or pattern of a bit of cloth would not have told much against the loss of a lover. But as most women passionately care for dress, their toilet is one of their most vulnerable parts. Ashamed to be unfashionable, they tolerate anything in each other rather than shabbiness or eccentricity, even when picturesque; hence a sarcastic allusion to the age of a few yards of silk is a return wound of considerable depth when cleverly given.

The range of the feminine amenities is not confined to women; it includes men as well; and women continually take advantage of their position to insult the stronger sex by saying to them things which can neither be answered nor resented. A woman can insinuate that you have just cheated at cards, with the quietest face and gentlest voice imaginable; she can give you the lie direct as coolly as if she was correcting a misprint; and you cannot defend yourself. To brawl with her would be unpardonable, to contradict her is useless, and the sense of society does not allow you to show her any active displeasure.

In this instance the weaker creature is the stronger, and the most defenceless is the safest. You have only the rather questionable consolation of knowing that you are not singular in your discomfiture, and that when she has made an end of you she will probably have a turn with your betters, and make them, too, dance to her piping, whether they like the tune or not. At all events, if she humiliates you she humiliates her sisters still more; and with the knowledge that, hardly handled as you have been, others are yet more severely dealt with, you must learn to be content, and to practice a grim kind of patience as well as nature will permit.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞PHALON'S

"PAPHIAN LOTION,"

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE SKIN AND COMPLEXION. Removes all Eruptions, Freckles, Pimples, Moth Blotches, Tan, etc., and renders the Skin soft, fair and blooming. For Ladies in the Nursery it is invaluable. For Gentlemen, after shaving, it has no equal. "PAPHIAN LOTION" is the only reliable remedy for diseases and blemishes of the skin.

PHALON'S "PAPHIAN SOAP"

For the Toilet, Nursery and Bath; will not chap the skin. Price, 25 cents per cake.

"FLOR DE MAYO,"

A new Perfume for the Handkerchief. Exquisite, delicate, lasting fragrance. Sold by all Druggists.

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je2:r9-MWF

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This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. ap28:m28

☞GUIDE TO MARRIAGE.—

Young Men's Guide to Happy Marriage and Conjugal Felicity. The humane views of benevolent Physicians, on the Errors and Abuses incident to Youth and Early Manhood, sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa. my15:q26T

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OF THE

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FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.

1 Acre at Woods Run.
4 Acres and House in East Liberty.
8 Acres, unimproved, on Troy Hill.
2 Acres on Greensburg Pike.
5 Acres on Four Mile Run Road 1¼ miles from P. C. R. R.
70 Acres near P. F. W. & C. R. R.
118 Acres near Pa. R. R., Westmoreland county.
90 Acres at Hill Side Station, Pa. R. R.
4 Farms in Preston county, West Virginia.
185 Acres in Armstrong county, underlaid with coal.
108 Acres and good improvements, in Trumbull county, Ohio.
900 Acres of Timber land, with Saw Mill and dwellings.
House and Lot on Center Avenue, near Kirkpatrick.
House and Lot on Vicroy street.
House and Lot in East Liberty.
House and Lot in Mansfield.
House and Lot on Carroll street, Allegheny.
House and Lot on Beaver avenue.
2 Houses and 4 Lots, very cheap, on Vine street.
2 Lots, very cheap, on Vine street.
2 Houses and Lot on Franklin street.
1 House of 9 Rooms and 2 Lots on Roberts St.
Farms in Illinois, Missouri and West Virginia.
Coal Lands in Allegheny, Westmoreland, Fayette and Beaver counties in Penna.

TO-LET.

2	Houses of 9	Rooms	in the 17th	ward;	rent	$300
3	do. of 3	do.	do. 17th	do.	do.	144
2	do. of 3	do.	do. 12th	do.	do.	156
2	do. of 6	do.	do. 8th	do.	do.	360
1	do. of 6	do.	do. 8th	do.	do.	300
1	do. of 9	do.	do. 2d	do.	do.	600
1	do. of 3	do.	do. 6th	do.	do.	192
1	do. of 5	do.	do. 6th	do.	do.	240
1	do. of 4	do.	do. 17th	do.	do.	168
1	do. of 7	do.	do. 2d	do.		
1	do. of 6	do.	Grant street.			

The Houses that I have for rent will be rented very low to good tenants for the balance of the rental year

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2,000,000 ACRES OF

CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE.

BY THE

Union Pacific Railroad Company,

EASTERN DIVISION,

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1,00 TO $5,00 PER ACRE,

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.

For further particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN P. DEVEREUX,

Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas

Or CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,

an14: St. Louis, Missouri.

PUBLIC SALE OF

VALUABLE COAL WORKS.

I will offer at public sale on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 20th, 1869, my COAL WORKS, situated on the B. & O. R. R., 89 miles east of Columbus, at Cambridge, Guernsey county, Ohio, consisting of a lease of 170 Acres of Coal, having 99 years to run from June, 1866; vein 5½ to 6 feet thick, of good quality, with all necessary appurtenances for doing a No. 1 business. The sale is peremptory, and the Works will be disposed of to the highest bidder, WITHOUT RESERVE. On day of sale all passenger trains will stop at the Works to let off any parties that may wish to attend it. For further information apply to or address me at Columbus, Ohio, H. L. WILLIAMS, or CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth street.

N. B.—If desired by the purchaser, a good portion of coal will be taken in part payment. ja6:c74

VALUABLE OAKLAND PROPERTY FOR SALE. A neat, well built cottage house, conveniently arranged and in good order, portico in front, wide hall, large parlor, bay window, library, marble mantles, chambers, dining room kitchen, large cellar, attic rooms, cistern, etc. Lot 100 feet front on Charles street by 200 deep, Concord grape vines, young fruit trees, forest shade trees, a fine view of the Monongahela river and surrounding country, situate 5 minutes' walk from street cars, in desirable location and good neighborhood. S. CUTHBERT & SONS,

ja8 85 Smithfield street.

FARM FOR SALE—Containing 106 ACRES, two miles northwest of Salem, Ohio. Three good Orchards, Sugar Camp, Barn, Dwelling House, Carriage House and other outbuildings. Will exchange for city property. Terms easy. For full particulars inquire of

SAMUEL PATTERSON.

de21:b75 On the Premises.

FOR SALE & TO LET.--Houses and Lots for sale in all parts of the city and suburbs. Also, several FARMS in good locations. Also, a small WOOLEN FACTORY, with 20 acres of land, and good improvements, which I will sell cheap and on reasonable terms. Business Houses to let on good streets. Private Dwelling Houses for rent in both cities. For further particulars inquire

WILLIAM WARD,

ja22 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

LEGAL.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF Allegheny County, State of Pennsylvania. Partition in Equity, No. 109, January Term, 1869

Ann Holdship and Agnes Holdship verses Jane Campbell, Henry Campbell, Edward Campbell, Samuel S. Shields and Hairlet Shields his wife, James C. Pearson and Wm. Wilson and Emily Wilson his wife, heirs of Jane Campbell; dec'd; George Knox, Wm. B. Knox, E. C. Dewey and Sarah Dewey his wife, James S. Knox, Martha Knox, Mrs. Ann M. Davidson and Jane K. McAllister, heirs of Hugh Knox, deceased: James Knox, George Knox and Smith Knox, heirs of William Knox, dec'd; James Knox, Samuel B. Knox, George Knox, Ann Armstrong, John M. Kirk, William A. Kirk, Rufus Bennett, Marshall and Nancy his wife Daniel Kleser and Sarah D. his wife, Mrs. Elizabeth Burnett, Philip Deltrich and Mary his wife, George F. Kirk, Aaron Brooks and Ann B. his wife, and William M. Doty and the issue of his wife Jane Doty, dec'd; Mary Lowell, George Crownover, John Dodge and Hannah his wife, James Crownover, Robert Crownover, Lucretia Peasely, Almira Skenkle and Almira his wife, Mary Mann, John K. Bennett, Josephine S. Bennett, Isaac J. Bennett, Rufus C. Bennett, Isaac Jenkinson, Wm. D. Frazee and Rebecca his wife, Thomas Minshall, George K. Minshall, Robt. P. Minshall and Byram L. Minshall, heirs of Geo. Knox, dec'd, Heirs at law of Agnes Knox, dec'd, late of the city of Pittsburgh.

Bill filed by plaintiffs for the partition or sale of the real estate of Agnes Knox, dec'd, late of the city of Pittsburgh, Pa., who died in 1854. The real estate consist of two lots on Fifth street, (now Fifth avenue) in the city of Pittsburgh, one fronting on Fifth avenue about one hundred feet and on Market street about thirty feet, and the other fronting on Fifth avenue about twenty-two feet and running back along Market alley about thirty feet; on which are erected one brick and three frame buildings. The dec'd. of William Knox, dec'd, was a brother of Agnes Knox, and have the one-fifth interest in said property, are unknown. One of his sons, James, when last heard from, lived near Cincinnati, Ohio.

The defendants above named are notified and required to cause an appearance to be entered for them in said Court and to answer said bill, on or before the 4th Monday of January, 1869, or in default thereof the bill will be taken *pro confesso*, and a decree made against them in their absence.

By order of Court, this the 2d day of January, A. D. 1869.

{L.S.} JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

WHITE & SLAGLE, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

ja6:c72

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE.

Will be sold at Public Vendue, at the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Pittsburgh, on

THURSDAY, JANUARY 21st, 1869,

AT 10 O'CLOCK,

The following property belonging to the estate of James Black, deceased. All that lot of ground in Collins township, (now Eighteenth Ward, Pittsburgh,) bounded by lands of Samuel Semple, H. Williams and Wm. Semple, and by a township road; containing 16 acres and 105 perches; and having erected thereon a large double Frame Dwelling House, with a fine barn and other outbuildings and a Coal Bank opened on the premises, and will be sold as a whole or sub-divided to suit purchasers.

Also, Lots Nos. 10 and 11 in F. G. Bailey's plan, in East Liberty, each fronting 60 feet on the Turnpike road, and extending back 198 feet, and having thereon erected a good two story Brick House and Frame Stable.

Terms—One half cash, balance in one year

A. HILANDS, Trustee,

ja1:c21-MTH&F at the Court House.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE— Letters of administration on the estate of GEORGE CARNAHAN, late of the Borough of Temperanceville, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly probated without delay to

no16:a3IM MOSES CHESS, Chartiers township.

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration upon the estate of JOSEPH McCRACKEN, late of Elizabeth township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same, will make them known without delay JAMES PATTERSON,

de12:b23-8 corner Vista, Pa.

NOTICE.—An application will be made for the pardon of HUGH CONOLLY and DANIEL McGARRY, convicted of receiving stolen goods. ja6:c73

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF UNITED STATES, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

OLIVER ADAMS,

a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a Discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all persons who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 28TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., before SAMUEL HARPER, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 93 Diamond street, to show cause, if any they have, why a Discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt. And further, notice is hereby given that the Second and Third Meetings of creditors of the said bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of said Act, will be had before the said Register, at the same time and place.

Ja9:c190 S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 4th day of January, A. D. 1869, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the

ESTATE OF FERDINAND BUENNEKE,

Of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 93 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, before SAMUEL HARPER, Esq., Register, on the 1st day of February, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,

ja8:c93 U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE That on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1869, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of WILLIAM S. FORSYTHE, of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own petition: that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 93 Diamond street, in the city of Pittsburgh, before SAMUEL HARPER, Esq., Register, on the 23d day of January, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,

ja6. U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT on the 5th day of January, A. D. 1869, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the

ESTATE OF ROBERT A. MORRISON,

Of Allegheny City, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own petition: that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law: that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny City, Allegheny county, Pa., before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,

ja5:c73 U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE That on the 4th day of January, A. D. 1869, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the

ESTATE OF ISAAC BROOME,

Of Allegheny City, in the County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition: that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 93 Diamond street, in the city of Pittsburgh, before SAMUEL HARPER, Esq., Register, on the 4th day of February, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,

ja6:c80 U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 4th day of January, A. D. 1869, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

THOMAS WALTER DAY,

Of Allegheny city, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition: that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny City, Allegheny county, Penna., before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register, on the 12th day of February, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,

ja5:c50 U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.—ROBERT P. GETTY, a bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all Creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 9th day of February, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny city, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. S. C. McCANDLESS,

Clerk of U. S. District Court for said District.

ja4:c21:M

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

WASHINGTON BRITTON, a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 6th day of FEBRUARY, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M. before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register, at his office, No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny city, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.

de21:b77-M S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

MEDICAL.

"MANHOOD."—Another New MEDICAL PAMPHLET, from the pen of DR. CURTIS. The *Medical Times* says of this work "This valuable treatise on the cause and cure of premature decline, shows how health is impaired through secret abuses of youth and manhood, and how easily regained. It gives a clear synopsis of the impediments to marriage, the cause and effects of nervous debility, and the remedies therefor." A pocket edition of the above will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents, by addressing Doctor CURTIS, No. 58 North Charles Street, Baltimore, Md.

jy11:tl

MANHOOD: HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED! *Just published in sealed envelope. Price, six cents.* A LECTURE ON THE NATURAL TREATMENT, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally: Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self Abuse, &c., by Robt. J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c. "A BOON TO THOUSANDS OF SUFFERERS," sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid*, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, to CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., 127 BOWERY, NEW YORK, POSTOFFICE BOX 4586. Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents.

my15:p&wT

ADVICE to YOUNG MEN ABOUT TO MARRY.

Essays for Young Men,

On the Errors, Abuses and Diseases incident to Youth and Early Manhood, with the humane view of treatment and cure, sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address, HOW

CITY AND SUBURANB.

Council Caucus.

The Republican members of the City Councils will hold a meeting to-night at the chamber of the Common Branch, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various offices within their gift. It is an object of importance that there be a full attendance, inasmuch as the nominations will be equivalent to election, the Republicans having a large majority in both branches.

The scaffolding around the Cathedral spire is being removed.

The Water Works cost forty-eight thousand dollars to keep them running last year.

The new weigh house on Water street is almost completed. It is designed for the use of the Second ward weighmaster and Monongahela wharfmaster.

Great and Closing Out Sale of a First Class Dry Goods Store.—We call the attention of our lady readers to the card of Mr. James Gosling, on fifth page, of his grand closing sale.

Sudden Death.—Mr. Orrin Newton for many years a brittania ware manufacturer of this city, died suddenly at Valparaiso, Indiana, last week. His body will be brought to this city for interment.

Elegant Store Room for Rent.—The attention of parties desiring to go into business, and of business men contemplating a change, is directed to the advertisement of a warehouse to let on Smithfield street, on application to Simon Johnston.

Street Fight.—Robert McGill and John Malone got into a street fight on Saturday. Robert seems to have got the worst of it, and accordingly he charges his antagonist with assault and battery before Alderman Taylor, upon which a warrant was issued.

Too Republican.—From its Democratic stand point, from which all men and measures are reviewed, the *Leader* could see nothing to admire in Petroleum V. Nasby's recent lecture. Poor Nasby! He had better retire from the rostrum, and thus please one Democratic cotemporary.

The *Chronicle* makes a great blunder in stating that the net proceeds of the Drummer Boy of Shiloh entertainments, recently held in this city, amounted to $9,000. That sum might have been the aggregate proceeds, but the profits will hardly reach one third that sum, as the expenses attending the production of the drama were unusually heavy.

Annual Election.—The Young Men's Mercantile and Mechanics Institute, hold their annual election for officers and directors to serve for the ensuing year. There appears to be a slight opposition to the ticket presented by the Nominating Committee, which we publish elsewhere, and an independent ticket has been placed in the field. A full attendance of the members is desired.

Sabbath School Attendant.—We have received the first number of a neat and pretty little paper designed for Sabbath school scholars, printed in this city by W. S. Haven & Co., and published and edited by Messrs. Hunter & Thomas. It is edited in a careful manner, and, if the subsequent numbers are as attractive as the first, the scholar must derive great benefit from its perusal. We commend it to the attention of Sabbath school teachers and to all parents as worthy of encouragement.

Wylie Street Passenger Railway.—A call has been issued for a meeting, to be held today, of those citizens residing along the line of the Wylie street and Centre avenue Passenger Railway, to take into consideration the organization of a company to purchase the road and put it in proper running order. The convenience of residents in the locality named would be considerably increased, if the object of the meeting could be carried out, as they are the interested parties they should turn out and endeavor to help themselves.

Circumstances.—The next lecture of the course under the auspices of the Young Men's Mercantile Library Association will be delivered to-morrow evening in the Academy of Music, by John B. Gough. The distinguished lecturer has chosen "Circumstances" as the subject of his discourse. The name of Gough is a sufficient guarantee of a crowded house, but when it is accompanied with the fact of an entirely new lecture, which is said to be one of his best productions, we look for an audience beyond the utmost capacities of the building.

A Smasher.—John Oliver drank a little too much—well, not water—on Saturday night, which caused him to be very boisterous. He entered one of the Manchester street cars and while riding up Federal street, near the corner of Ohio, smashed one of the windows with his fist. The conductor called a policeman who happened to be in the vicinity, and John was about being arrested, when he sobered up and paid for the damage done. The policeman was leaving when he was assailed by a torrent of oaths, and denunciations by John, which caused him to return and attempt to arrest the offender. In the scuffle which ensued, John smashed half a dozen windows more, but he was finally subdued and locked up. Yesterday morning Mayor Drum fined him $25 for disorderly conduct, which he was unable to pay. He is now in jail.

Fatal Accident.

A dispatch from Harrisburg, dated Friday, says: A sad accident occurred here this morning, by which an estimable citizen of Crawford county was killed. Mr. Alvin Congdon, of Evansburg, Crawford county, ten miles from Meadville, reached here this morning at five o'clock, bound for Vineland, New Jersey, to recruit his health, which had been bad for some months. Accompanying him was Mrs. M. E. Sherman, a sister of his son-in-law, with two children, bound for Middletown. Mrs. Sherman was obliged to stop here for the seven o'clock train, and Mr. Congdon left the cars to conduct her to a hotel, after which he walked to the Reading depot, opposite the Pennsylvania Central, and stepping off the passenger platform in the dark, on his return to the train, was run over by a shifting engine and cut in twain. He was a married man, highly respected in his neighborhood, and leaves several children.

Kleptomania.

Another evidence of the existence in our midst of persons afflicted with this disease, or passion for crime, whichever it may be called, developed itself on Friday afternoon last. A respectably dressed and prepossessing young woman entered the store of a Market street dry goods merchant, and asked to be shown some handkerchiefs, laces and other articles of a similar character. While she was engaged in examining those which were laid on the counter, the watchful salesman noticed her secreting a portion in the muff which she carried. When she had concluded her purchases, and he was about returning the sale to the cashier, he quietly picked up the muff and carried it along. An examination of it at the desk revealed the fact that goods to the amount of twenty-six dollars had been stolen. The amount was added to the bill for her purchases, and presented for payment. She paid the whole bill, and was then, through the intercession of a friend, allowed to depart. It seems that she had been a frequent visitor at the store, and aroused suspicions of her honesty several times, managing, however, previously, to escape detection. She at last met with one salesman who was too sharp to be victimized.

THE COURTS.

District Court—Judge Hampton.

Court met at ten o'clock on Saturday and transacted the usual Saturday business.

In the case of Adam Appel, lessee of Elizabeth Denny vs. the Woods' heirs, Robert Woods, Esq., counsel for the defense, made a motion for a new trial.

A motion was made for a new trial and reasons filed in the case of William D. Williams vs. Reuben Bartley.

In the equity case of Joseph Ross vs. Campbell B. Herron, an order for partition was made, and Thomas Ewing appointed Master, and Peter Devlin and John Wilson Commissioners.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

Following is the trial list for to-day:
No. 115. Gilden vs. the Ardesco Oil Co.
No. 118. O'Leary vs. Green.
No. 119. North American Oil and Mining Co. for use vs. the Ardesco Oil Co.
No. 120. Owners of the towboat Neville vs. Edgerton.
No. 121. O'Hara vs. the Pennsylvania Railroad Co.
No. 130. Fell & Bro. vs. Shultz & Danner.
No. 131. Hagerman vs. Schaad.
No. 135. Brookville Bank vs. Baum.

Common Pleas—Judge Sterrett.

The Court of Common Pleas met at the usual hour Saturday morning, Judge Sterrett on the bench.

The case of Bangers vs. Emmerling, previously reported, was resumed, and after the arguments of counsel and charge by the Court was was submitted to the jury.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

148. Bell vs. Johns.
159. Peck vs. Woods.
178. Quigley vs. Hutchinson.
192. Leahy vs. Goff.
193. Frishcorn vs. Donning.
197. People's Brick Machine Co. vs. Riddle.
198. Same vs. Livingston.
89. Same vs. Baker.
90. Same vs. Livingston.
199. Vernon & Son vs. Sullivan.
203. Appel vs. Haigh.
207. Michel vs. Rosenbach.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe.

The Court of Quarter Sessions met at ten o'clock Saturday morning, Judge Stowe on the bench.

Upon petition presented the place of holding elections in Chartiers township was changed from where they have formerly been held to School House No. 1 in said township.

There was no other business of importance transacted.

TRIAL LIST FOR MONDAY, JAN. 9, 1869.

Com. vs. Baptiste Dotte et al.
Com. vs. James E. Patterson.
Com. vs. C. R. Davidson.
Com. vs. Joseph Lofink, Jr.
Com. vs. William Arnold.
Com. vs. Ellen and Bridget Cleary.
Com. vs. H. L. C. Kerr.
Com. vs. Louisa Wolf.
Com. vs. Philip Hass,
Com. vs. John Bird.
Com. vs. Hugh McHugh.
Com. vs. P. F. Moss.

LIST FOR TUESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1869.

Com. vs. Wm. J. Robinson.
Com. vs. Bernard Haney.
Com. vs. John Ryland.
Com. vs. Robert Foster.
Com. vs. William Morgan.
Com. vs. John Hoover.
Com. vs. C. Durning & Co.
Com. vs. Riley Jackson.
Com. vs. Rachel Kinney.
Com. vs. Mary Johnson.
Com. vs. Daniel Hobaugh, two cases.
Com. vs. Robert Holmes.
Com. vs. Bernard McGuire.
Com. vs. Rudolph and Ellen Prysi.

LIST FOR WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 13.

Com. vs. George Forsythe.
Com. vs. Ernest Dengal.
Com. vs. A. A. McGinnis, two cases.
Com. vs. Daniel Williams.
Com. vs. John A. Kohrson.
Com. vs. Solomon R Spradling.
Com. vs. Robert Campbell et al.
Com. vs. Ann Campbell.
Com. vs. Frank Foner.
Com. vs. Patrick Rogan.

The Allegheny Sewerage Question—Adjourned Meeting.

An adjourned meeting of property holders in the rural district of Allegheny City, was held Saturday evening, January ninth, in Ridgewood School House, to hear the report of the Committee appointed at a previous meeting to confer with the sewerage commission of the City Councils in relation to the sewerage assessments. Mr. Wm. Marshall presided, and Mr. Thos. W. Pratt officiated as Secretary.

The Committee reported that they had, according to instructions, conferred with the Commission, the members of which had expressed themselves very freely in regard to the injustice of the law, and as an evidence of their willingness to aid in getting it changed so as to make the burden fall more equally upon all, had assured the Committee that the collection of the tax should be, for the present, suspended, in order that time might be given to mature some plan for relief.

The report further stated that the Committee had heard but one expression from all the members of Council with whom they had conferred, and that was in condemnation of the assessments as unequal and unjust.

The report was received and the Committee continued.

On motion, a committee of six was appointed to obtain the signatures of property holders to a petition, to be presented to Councils, setting forth the willingness of the signers to pay a just share of all taxes in proportion to the valuation of property, but praying for a relief from the onerous and unequal tax which had been assessed for sewerage purposes.

Messrs. William Marshall, Jas. Fielding, T. W. Pratt, Robert Sloan, Jas. Steadeford and Robert Murphy was appointed said committee.

It was remarked by a property holder in the meeting that a close calculation of the value of property in the rural districts and some valuable city property, had developed the fact that the rural districts were taxed in proportion to value, four hundred times greater than the city.

Some time was spent in remarks on the subject by persons interested, after which the meeting adjourned to convene again at the call of the Chairman.

A Common Scold.

Michael Sweeny, a tavern keeper on Gibbon street, in the Sixth ward, made information before the Mayor a few days since against Mrs. Elizabeth Carrel, alleging that she was a "common scold." This is a term applied by the common law to women, who from a propensity and disposition to quarrel with and scold their neighbors and families become a nuisance in the neighborhood in which they resided, and was punishable by fine and imprisonment. The offence has never been embodied in our criminal code on account of the gallantry, perhaps, of those who revised it, and out of the respect they had for American women, yet, notwithstanding its omission from the "catalogue of offences," the courts have decided it to be an indictable offence in this State, as will be seen by reference to the case of the Commonwealth vs. Mole, reported in Second Smith.

In this case it appears from the testimony that there is some grounds for complaint on the part of the prosecutor, and if the conduct of the defendant at the Mayor's office is any evidence, the charge is well founded. She was held to bail for her appearance at court.

Mysterious Disappearance—Foul Play Suspected.

Mr. John Moritz, a farmer, residing at Groomsville, Findley township, in this county, came to the city on Friday of last week with a two-horse wagon and stopping at Ferguson's Hotel, corner of Fourth avenue and Ferry street, had his horses put in the stable and between three and four o'clock left the hotel, stating he had some business to transact in the city and would return in time for supper. He did not return at the time stated, however, but his absence created no surprise, as it was thought he had been detained by business, but on the next morning, he having not yet returned, Mr. Ferguson became uneasy and instituted search for him, which proved fruitless. As it was his intention when leaving home to return on Saturday morning, and failing to do so, his friends became alarmed and yesterday morning came to the city in search of him, but as yet have found no trace of him whatever after he left the hotel on Friday afternoon. It appears from the statement of his friends that he had in his possession, when he left home, between three and four hundred dollars in money. He is said to be a sober, industrious man, and his mysterious disappearance, in connection with the fact of having a considerable sum of money in his possession, leads his friends to suppose that he has been foully dealt with.

The affair is certainly a very mysterious one, and should be thoroughly investigated. Several cases of a similar nature having occurred in the city within the past year, and no explanation of the mystery in either of them having been arrived at, the alarm and uneasiness of the friends of the missing man are very naturally increased, and the authorities, for the same reasons, should leave nothing undone to solve the mystery.

The circumstances of the case have been fully detailed to the police, and they should be instructed to "work up the case" thoroughly.

If the man has been "spirited" away or foully dealt with in any manner, the fact can and should be ascertained. He having left the hotel in daylight with the intention of returning before dark, would lead to the conclusion, that if there was foul play it had taken place in daylight, and we certainly have detectives on the force who, with such information as can be obtained from Mr. Moritz's friends, trace the man to where the foul play occurred.

Apprehensions Realized.

It will be remembered by our readers that a short time ago a delegation of residents from Spring Garden Run called upon Mayor Drum and entered complaint against the proprietors of a hair dying establishment in that locality for maintaining a nuisance. They alleged that aside from the exceedingly disagreeable odors emanating from the place, they were in great fear that it would take fire, in consequence of the manner in which the heating apparatus in the interior was arranged, and the combustible nature of the material with which the building was filled. It seems that the complainants had good reasons for their apprehensions, which were realized on Friday evening last. About eight o'clock the building was discovered to be on fire, and before the steamers arrived it was completely enveloped in flames and more than half consumed. The firemen wisely abandoned it and turned their attention to saving the property on either side, which they succeeded in doing, although the hair establishment was completely destroyed with all its contents. It was of the "iron clad" class and of little value, although it contained at the time considerable material. We did not learn the loss or whether there was any insurance upon it. It belonged to the Illinois Hide and Leather Company, and was in charge of Mr. Thomas Meanor, the agent. The origin of the fire has not been ascertained.

A Valuable Reference.

We have, through the courtesy of the publishers, Messrs. Croft & Phillips, the enterprising Real Estate Agents and Brokers, No. 139 Fourth avenue, received a copy of the January issue of the *Pittsburgh Real Estate Register*. As the name implies, this work is devoted to the advertising of such properties as are placed in their hands for disposal. The present issue contains descriptions of over seven hundred thousand dollars worth of real estate, consisting of houses, lots, farms, hotels, stores, western lands, city and suburban residences, with prices and terms of sale. Messrs. Croft & Phillips are the only agents in the city that issue a work of this kind, but the extensive real estate business they do fully justifies them in the undertaking, as their efforts to supply the want of such are being fully repaid by an appreciative public. As the circulation of the *Register* is GRATUITOUS, we would say to all those seeking homes or investments in real estate to get a copy, as they cannot fail to get suited out of the very large list it contains. The office of the firm, as above stated, is No. 139 Fourth avenue, where copies can be obtained, or they will forward it by mail FREE to any address. Those having real estate for sale will find it to their interest to secure the services of the above firm, as they have superior facilities for bringing what they represent before the people. DONT FAIL TO CALL AND GET A COPY.

Minersville Passenger Railway.

To all persons, those who have carriages, and those who have not, easy, cheap and frequent conveyance to their places of residence is a great consideration, as a matter of convenience, of economy, and of value to their property. We all know that property has, by railroads, been increased in value many fold, and passenger cars have a similar effect. Persons living on Wiley street and Centre Avenue, and other streets in that direction, have complained of the irregularity and poor character of the Minersville cars. They have forgotten that the convenience they have enjoyed has been furnished them by others. Now, we are glad to notice, it is proposed to place this road in the hands of a company at a very low price to have it thoroughly equipped and to furnish tickets at low rates. This matter should interest all whose convenience will be promoted and secure their attendance at the office of E. P. Jones, Esq., Monday afternoon. There cannot be a doubt, that if well managed, this will now be good stock, and will become every year more valuable. Property holders, especially, should aid in this matter.

Collided.

One freight train ran into the rear of another at New Florence Station on the Pennsylvania Railroad, Friday afternoon. Some of the cars were badly wrecked, and some of the employes somewhat injured, though not dangerously.

Two freight trains were coming west, Friday afternoon, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, running at short intervals between each other. The head train jumped the track and the second train ran into it before the flagman could make the proper signals. The brakeman on the head train was killed by being run over and several of the cars were badly wrecked. We could not ascertain the name of the brakeman.

Final Notice.—All delinquent tax-payers of the old Sixth ward are notified that no further time can be given.

2 JOSEPH A. BUTLER, Collector.

Final Notice.—All delinquent tax-payers of the old Third, now Fifth ward, are notified that no further time can be given.

2 JOSEPH B. ZIEGLER.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed of record before H. Snively, Esq., Recorder, January 9, 1869:

James P. Fleming to Joseph McGruder, July 17, 1867; lot on Page street, Fifth ward, Allegheny, 20 by 40 feet.....$450

Alexander McCauley to George H. Soles, January 5, 1869; one half in all coal lying under the farm of the late John Bowers, in Wilkins township.....$1,100

Wm. Redman to George H. Soles, September 7, 1867; lot No. 8 in Redman's plan, Braddock's Fields, 75 by 145 feet.....$175

Wm. Redman to Samuel and John P. Guthrie, September 7, 1867; lots No. 17 and 18, in Redman's plan, Braddock's Fields, 80 by 163 feet.....$200

Samuel Ackelson to Edward Hall, March 30, 1868; tract of land in Findley township, 100 acres, 0 roods and 19 perches, with buildings.....$5,800

Robert Porter to D. Cornelius, June 24, 1857; tract of land in Robinson township, containing 12 acres, 3 roods and 17 perches.....$182

Joseph Douglas to W. A. Leggate, Dec. 25, 1868; lot on Townsend street, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh, 19 feet 4 inches by 66 feet, with buildings.....$5,000

Henry L. Dingler to Frederick Leitz, August 22, 1868; the undivided two thirds part of lot on township road, Indiana township, 25 by 40 feet.....$5

Paul Dier to Peter Hickett, December 22, 1868; lot on Forbes street, Fourteenth ward, 40 by 60 feet.....$1,400

John Thompson to John Burns, May 25, 1868; lot on South Canal street, borough of Sharpsburg, 28 by 93 feet.....$800

James Houston to Robert Sproul, Jan. 9, 1869; lot on Cliff street, Eleventh ward, 22½ by 120 feet, with buildings.....$1,100

Philip Weisenberger to Rt. Rev. M. Domenec, May 8, 1867; lot on Wood street, Wilkinsburg, 132 by 160 feet.....$2,800

John D. Thompson to C. C. Boyle & Co., Dec. 7, 1868; lot on corner of Sandusky street and Bank lane, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 40 by 99 feet, with buildings.....$3,200

Calvin King to Charles C. Kelly, Oct. 25, 1868; lot on St. Mary's avenue, Lawrenceville, (now city) 28 by 109 feet.....$1,206

Christian F. Knauer to Mrs. Maria Emma Klopfer, Jan. 8, 1869; lot on Bellefontaine street, Seventeenth ward, 24 by 127½ feet, with buildings.....$3,225

Charles M. Dedrick to John Ingoldsby, Dec. 18, 1868; lot on Liberty street, near Water street, Pittsburgh, 13½ by 53¾ feet, with buildings.....$1,600

Sarah A. Sawyer to Robert Arnold, October 27, 1865; lot corner of Second and Smithfield streets, Pittsburgh, 20 by 60 feet, with buildings.....$12,500

Eleanor H. Gray to Michael Parrott, May 29, 1869; lot on New Brighton road, McClure township, 506 by 368 feet.....$2,900

John M. Little to Ann Fox, September 11, 1867; lot in Collins township, 50 by 265 feet.....$500

Thomas Smythe to James S. Douglas, January 6, 1869; lot on Third avenue, Pittsburgh, 20 by 84½ feet, with buildings.....$5,500

Nicholas Knoer to Christopher Schaub, January 5, 1869; lots Nos. 30 and 31, on Anna street, in Arthurs' plan, Lower township, 40 by 120 feet.....$575

George R. Gamble to Joseph H. Hill, December 17, 1868, tract of land in Union township, containing 89 acres, 3 perches, with buildings.....$24,480.25

Hugh Doak to James Huston, December 29, 1868; lot on Cliff street, Eleventh ward, 11¼ by 153 feet.....$1

Adam Beglar to Frederick Demler, June 4, 1868; lot on Tremont street, Allegheny, 20¼ by 200 feet.....$550

MORTGAGES.

Seven mortgages were filed.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—During the past week Mr. and Miss Couldock constituted the attraction at the Opera House. Mr. C., in the line of characters he plays, has no rival on the American stage. His Louis XI is perfect beyond all question, and his Caleb Plummer in "Cricket on the Hearth" is equally good. Miss Couldock is a lady of marked ability as an actress, and has but few if any superiors in the profession. To-night the poetic drama from Tennyson's poem entitled "Dora" will be presented, with Miss Couldock in the title *role* and Mr. C. as Farmer Allen.

PITTSBUGH THEATRE.—The Gregory combination troupe, which for the past week has created such an excitement at the Old Theatre, will continue to entertain the patrons of that establishment through the present week with their excellent and highly appreciated exhibitions. The entertainment is a versatile one, consisting of acrobatic and gymnastic feats of the most wonderful character, songs, dances, a miniature circus and a menagerie of trained animals. Everybody should see it.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The lovers of music, and those who have an appreciation for musical talent, are anxiously and impatiently awaiting the time when they will have an opportunity afforded them of hearing Miss Clara Louise Kellogg, the American Prima Donna, who will give two of her grand concerts at the Academy of Music on Wednesday and Thursday evenings next, assisted by several artists of high reputation. Sale of seats at Mellor's to-day.

MUSEUM.—The most attractive place of amusement in the city for ladies and children, is Burnell's Museum and Parlor Menagerie at Franklin Hall, Fifth avenue, and consequently it is very liberally patronized. It is open from 10 o'clock A. M. to ten P. M.

Dr. Ross' Four Great Remedies—A Pittsburgh Depot Established for their Sale.

Few medicinal preparations have made more rapid inroad into the confidence of large masses of the intelligent people of our country than the sterling remedies bearing the eminent name of Dr. Boss, of New York. His "Rheumatic Remedy," for rheumatism, "Crimea Water," for catarrh and diseases of the head, "Tar Compound" for the throat and lungs, and "Dyspepsia Cure," are preparations compounded on the strictest principles of pharmacology and have, through their own efficacy and merit, gained widespread fame. They were originally used as private remedies prescribed by the skilful practitioner and inventor, but meeting with such remarkable success in every case, there was created a large demand for the medicines, and Dr. Ross has wisely chosen to establish a national agency in Pittsburgh for their sale, selecting Messrs. Shook & White, eminently worthy and responsible gentlemen, as his sole agents. This firm have opened commodious quarters at No. 28 St. Clair street, where the standard preparations will be sold and agencies appointed and supplied. The diseased can call and obtain a remedy at trifling cost at this depot, which will certainly prove worthy of their confidence, and thus save the physician's fee. We feel assured that when the merits of Dr. Ross' remedies are known they will be used to the exclusion of most of those now enjoying public popularity.

If this Should Meet the Eye

Of persons afflicted with any of the following diseases, by calling at the medicine agency of Dr. Ross, No. 28 Sixth (late St. Clair) street, will be assured of speedy relief and permanent cure. These preparations are compounded from original receipts of Dr. Ross, and have been used by him with great success. Dr. Ross' Rheumatic Remedy has never failed to cure the worst cases in a short time. Dr. Ross' Dyspeptic cure, aged persons and those of weak constitutions, will find this remedy of great benefit. Dr. Ross Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and diseases of the lungs, has no equal. Dr. Ross' Crimea Water is the best remedy for catarrh known. A cure warranted in every case. M.W.F.

Disappointed.

A large volume of smoke issuing from the furnace stack, and an occasional shower of sparks, from one corner of the roof, caused a large crowd to collect around the Custom House Saturday morning in the expectation of seeing a fire break out. They were doomed to disappointment, however, as it was ascertained that the sparks came from a small chimney just behind the parapet wall and concealed from view by it. Upon learning this fact, the crowd slowly dispersed, many of them, doubtless, regretting that a conflagration had not called into requisition their abilities and skill to extinguish it.

Coughs.—The administration of medicinal preparations in the form of a *lozenge* is of all modes the most eligible and convenient, more especially as regards a COUGH REMEDY. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, giving instant relief in Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Influenza, and Consumptive and Asthmatic complaints.

The Purest and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is perfectly pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it can take none other. Ask for "Hazard and Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York Sold by all druggists. M

WEST INDIES.

The Insurrection in Cuba—Emancipation of Slaves Proclaimeds—The Revolution in Hayti and St. Domingo.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, January 10.—The *Herald* publishes the following special dispatch:

Havana, January 9, via *Lake City*.—Advices from St. Jago de Cuba to the first inst. have been received. Gen Cespedes, Provisional President of the Republican Government, and Senor Aguilera, were with the insurgents near that city, and have proclaimed the emancipation of slaves. They condemn Gen. Marmor's course in destroying the aqueduct, and complain that the people of the Western Department had not heeded the call of the resolution, and that the Junta at Havana, was furnishing no money. It is reported that Col. Benegasi had failed to occupy Holquin, and that he has been compelled to return, wounded, to Gibara.

News from Neuvitas is up to the 5th. No accounts are given of Velmazeda's operations. Gen. Quesada is said to have landed from Nassau with 80 men and 3,000 rifles.

Puerto Principe is still surrounded by small bands of insurgents. In the city prostration and gloom prevail. The shops are closed and many arrests have taken place.

On the 18th ult. a fight occurred at Casasalidad Yeguasi, between seven hundred insurgents and five hundred Spanish troops. The troops were defeated with heavy loss. The wounded have been carelessly treated and many have died.

The proclamation of Gen. Queseda had been received.

HAVANA, January 9.—News has been received here that Jesuran, the Curacoa banker who went to Europe to contract a loan for President Baez, of St. Domingo, has returned unsuccessful. It is stated that the failure to obtain money will probably cause the downfall of Baez's administration.

A Port-au-Prince letter of January 1st reports Salnave in possesion of Meragoane and six other towns along the coast, the inhabitants having joined with his troops in driving out the rebels. Aux Cayes had made proposals to surrender. It was thought these successes in the south would hasten the surrender of Jacmel and Jeramie, and thus restore the authority of the government throughout the whole peninsula. The rebels in the north still hold St. Marie and it is reported they received arms and ammunition from parties in Boston, who formerly traded with the Island. The government monopoly on coffee was removed December 30th,

A proclamation by the Captain General, abolishing courts-martial for trial of civil cases, was to-day promulgated. Reports are fully confirmed that the revolutionists have decreed the abolition of slavery within their lines. The Spaniards here consider it a desperate measure and an indication of the growing weakness of the rebel cause.

Commanders of some of the flying columns of the Spanish troops report the revolution is gradually decreasing, but well informed Cubans assert the contrary and report that the revolutionary forces are constantly receiving accessions from within and without the island.

The proclamation of liberty of the press has gone into full effect. Leaders of the Cuban party declare they have the greatest confidence in Gen. Dulce as an honorable gentleman, but they say they cannot place any reliance in the compromise measures he introduces, for another revolution may take place at any moment in Spain, which might change the whole aspect of affairs, and annul, perhaps, all the acts of the Captain General and dissipate the recent liberal proclamations, which will cause a material change in the insurrectionary districts as soon as they become known there.

HAVANA, Jan. 10.—The *Diaro*, the organ of the slave traders and defender of the corrupt bureau, up to the present date has published nothing of the new order of things, and sensible and moderate Spaniards are disgusted with its conduct. The *Preusia*, an ultra Spanish paper, and the reputed organ of the Jesuits, continues to publish bombastic articles full of threats against the revolutionists. This journal is considered an open enemy by the Cuban party, and is respected as such. Several new Liberal journals have made their appearance. At the theatre last night the Revolutionary Hymn of Spain was sung amid indescribable enthusiasm. Two battalions have left for Neuvitas.

NEW ORLEANS.

The Funeral of General Rousseau—Large Demonstration.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 9.—The funeral of Gen. Rousseau, this afternoon, was largely attended, notwithstanding the unpleasant weather. Service was conducted at Christ Church by the Bishop of Louisiana. The pall bearers were Gens. Hatch, Mower, Beckwith, Babcock, Porter, Tompkins and McClure of the Regular Army, and Gens. Steedman, Herron, Lee, McMullan, Bussey and Guerney, formerly of the Volunteer service, with an equal number of the Masonic fraternity. The funeral escort was composed of the First Infantry, Battery K of the First Artillery, Company G of the Sixth Cavalry, the Masons, City Officers and Council, State officers and Legislature, and a large concourse of citizens on foot and in carriages. Resolutions of regret and sympathy were adopted by the Legislature and City Council. The public offices and nearly all the houses along the line of march were closed during the progress of the funeral cortege.

RICHMOND.

Reconstruction of Virginia—John Minor Botts' Remains Laid in State.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, January 9.—As an offset to the operations of the Virginia Committee in Washington, the State Grant and Colfax Association have adopted a memorial to Congress asking, in view of the deception practiced by persons whose disabilities have not been removed, that no further steps be taken in that direction until the applicants have proved in the coming election that they favor reconstruction by voting for it. A Committee is to be sent to Washington to oppose the amnesty movements.

The remains of Hon. John Minor Botts arrived this evening, and were laid in state in the Senate Chamber.

RICHMOND, January 10.—Hon. J. M. Botts was buried this afternoon from St. James Church. The State officials and members of the Grant and Colfax Association were in the procession. A very large crowd of freedmen followed the remains to the cemetery.

San Francisco Items.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, January 9.—John Dixon, a recent arrival from Australia, formerly clerk of the Oriental Bank Corporation, Melbourne, was arrested to-day for forgery. He had on his person at the time he was arrested letters of credit and bills of exchange amounting to over $85,000, all written on genuine paper of the Oriental Bank of Melbourne, purporting to be signed by regular officers of the Bank.

The schooner A. Crosby was wrecked last night near Santa Cruz. The crew, five in number, were all lost.

Dwelling Burned—Woman and Boy Perish.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, January 9.—The dwelling house of Mr. Hess, at the railroad bridge over the Sable river, caught fire about five o'clock this morning and was destroyed. Mrs. Hess and her seven year old boy perished in the flames. Their charred remains were found, with heads and arms severed from the body. The cause of the fire is unknown. Mr. Hess is a sober, industrious watchman at the Railroad Depot.

Murderers Lynched in South Carolina.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

AUGUSTA, GA., January 9.—It is reported that the murderers of Martin and his two sisters, who were murdered, robbed and burned at their home in Columbia, South Carolina, a few weeks ago, were taken from the jail at Appling and lynched. A white man named Anderson Upton and three negroes, who composed the party, confessed having murdered Martin and his sisters, and to the subsequent burning of the house, in order to cover their guilt.

Ask your Grocer for Marvin's superior Spiced Jumbles. eod2w

Kenwood Boarding School for Boys.—Four vacancies on January 6th. Apply to Rev. J. P. Taylor, New Brighton, Pa. 2w.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 167 First street.

Ask your Grocer for Marvin's superior Spiced Jumbles. eod2w

Crowded Daily, Burke's Gallery, Dispatch building.

The cheapest and best place to get large pictures is at Burke's, 69 Fifth avenue.

Ask your Grocer for Marvin's superior Spiced Jumbles. eod2w

Burke's Gallery, 69 Fifth avenue.

MARRIED:

WOLCOTT—McMANUS—On Wednesday evening, December 30th, at the residence of the bride's father, in Davenport, Iowa, by Dr. S. McAnderson, WM. V. WOLCOTT, of St. Louis, Mo., and ELEANOR, eldest daughter of Wm. McManus, Esq. No cards.

"They fall, my friends, the young, the proud,
The gay, the festal heroes fall:
An orange wreath instead of shroud,
A ring in lieu of minnie ball."

As will be seen by the above announcement, our friend Wolcott, after traveling over several States, and climbing the peaks of the Rocky Mountains in search of the glittering dust, has at last turned from the vanity of this, and sought happiness in a more endearing and enduring form—a wealth substantial and subject to no fluctuations—the pure gold of life, which is free from dross, and with care will tarnish never.

We trust that he and that fair flower which he will shortly transplant from Iowa to the genial and sunny South may float in calm serenity over the sea of matrimony to the haven of the future.

DIED:

FICKES—On Saturday morning, January 9th, 1869, LIZZIE GRAY, youngest daughter of D. G. and H. M. Fickes, aged fourteen months and twenty-five days.

Funeral services will be held at the residence of the parents, No. 55 Federal street, Pittsburgh, THIS (MONDAY) MORNING, at half-past 9 o'clock. The remains will be deposited in Versailles Township Cemetery. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

BRADY—At 6 o'clock Sunday morning, 10th instant, JOSEPHINE HOWARD SEAL BRADY, only daughter of H. Cora and J. E. Brady, Jr., in the fifth year of her age.

Funeral TUESDAY AFTERNOON, 12th inst., at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 12 Walnut street, Allegheny.

NEWTON—Suddenly, at Valparaiso, Indiana, on Saturday, at 3 A. M., ORRIN NEWTON, in the 71st year of his age.

Funeral will take place from his late residence, at Shady Side, on TUESDAY, the 12th inst., at 2 P. M. Carriages leave Fairman & Sampson's, corner of Smithfield and Sixth streets, at 1 P. M.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

ROBERT T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny, keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of ready-made Coffins of the following kinds: First, the celebrated American Burial Cases, Metallic Self-sealing Air-tight Cases and Caskets, and Rosewood, Walnut and Rosewood Imitation Coffins. Walnut Coffins from $25 upwards. Rosewood Imitation Coffins from $5 upwards, and no pains will be spared to give entire satisfaction. Crape and Gloves furnished free of charge. Best Hearses and Carriages furnished on short notice. Carriages furnished to funerals $4.

GENUINE
SCOTCH PEBBLE
SPECTACLES,
WARRANTED TO IMPROVE THE SIGHT
FOR SALE BY
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56 FIFTH STREET.

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GRANULAR EFFERVESCING PREPARATIONS

Granular Effervescing	Bi. Car. Potassi.	
do	do	Vichy Water.
do	do	Citrate Magnesia
do	do	Seidlitz Powder.
do	do	Kissengen Wate

SQUIRE'S TRUE GLYCERINE SOAP,
Contains 40 per cent. Glycerine
SARG'S VIENNA SOAP
contains 30 per cent. Glycerine.
SQUIRE'S CHEMICALS,
Imported and sold only by
SIMON JOHNSTON,
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MERCHANT TAILOR.
Corner of Penn and St. Clair Strees,
Has now in stock one of the largest and most varied assortments of
Fall and Winter Goods
ever brought to this city. His stock embraces the latest French and English manufactures of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND OVERCOATINGS
Also, a full line of Gent's Furnishing Goods.

NEW GOODS. — NEW GOODS.
FOR A STYLISH OVERCOAT,
FOR A STYLISH DRESS COAT,
FOR A STYLISH BUSINESS COAT,
FOR A STYLISH WALKING COAT,
FOR A STYLISH PAIR OF PANTS,
FOR A STYLISH VEST OF ALL KIND
For all the latest styles cut cl